

Jess K. Gilmour

# THE PRACTICAL ASTRONOMER'S DEEP-SKY COMPANION

Patrick Moore's  
Practical  
Astronomy  
Series

Materiał chroniony prawem autorskim.

12" f/6.3	12" f/10
0.72" x 1.07"	0.45" x 0.68"

16" f/10	10" f/10	13" f/6.3	13" f/10
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# Introduction

Ancient societies and religions have associated the battle between Good and Evil with visual observations of the rising and setting Sun, so many cultures began to mark the approach or passing of the winter and summer solstice with remarkable accuracy and elaborate ceremonies. It is believed that these ceremonies came from an ancient fear that the failing light would not return unless some sort of sacred vigil observing the rebirth of the Sun's ascent into the sky was practiced.

Widely disparate cultures built tombs, temples, cairnes and sacred observatories, aligned to mark the solstices and equinoxes. There is even archeological evidence that medieval Catholic churches were built not just as houses of worship, but also as solar observatories. The church, reinforcing the ancient ties between religious celebration and the seasonal changes, needed astronomy to predict the date of Easter – which even now is held on the Monday following the full moon following the Spring equinox – so observatories were built into cathedrals and churches. Usually a small hole in the roof admitted a beam of sunlight, which would trace a path along the floor known as the meridian line. Monks meticulously marked the Sun's movement along this line, noting the coming and going of the seasons.

As time passed and man's understanding evolved, we attempted to understand the shifting mosaic of stars. Soon scientists began to grind glass and fashion the first telescopes to magnify views of the night sky, only to be confronted with even more intriguing mysteries of fuzzy, blurred, greenish patches of – what? The night sky seemed to be a continuously more complex mystery.

Since the nineteenth century, astronomy has been a science practiced at night from remote locations with big, expensive, imposing instruments. For the media and many people the difficulty of the resulting science meant that astronomy was largely ignored. Advances and discoveries that profoundly affected our understanding of the universe and its origins went unnoticed.

The launch of the Hubble Space Telescope changed everything. One of NASA's riskiest launches, and astronomy's greatest research endeavor, suddenly took center-stage. The problem for the media, however, was being disinterested resulted in being unprepared. Scrambling for news, television media departments began to ask questions. What was astronomy all about? Who was doing it? Where were they doing it? Why were they doing it? Globally – and especially in the United States – interest in astronomy soared. Fortunately for the media but unfortunately for NASA, the science stayed in the public eye because of flawed optics in the telescope. The media loves nothing better than a problem or disaster, and this was a mistake in the order of billions of dollars! Coverage of the discovery of the problem, the fix, and the repair mission kept Hubble, NASA and astronomy under public and media scrutiny for many years. It wasn't long after the repair mission that the Hubble team began to use the telescope to its full potential, releasing photographs of billowing structures of gas and star-forming regions, planetary nebulae, galaxies, and even spectacular images of the planets. And the images and discoveries kept on coming ...

There have always been those of us to whom the night sky is a constant companion – not to be ignored but rather, embraced – its secrets revealed through the eyepiece of a telescope or captured on film with a camera. Beyond our galaxy there are others, nebulae within our own galactic spiral arms, super nova remnants – the illuminated dust and gas of long-ago catastrophic and explosive deaths of massive stars. It is to these distant objects that the interested are almost invariably drawn. For many, the pursuit of practical astronomy began at an early age when they received a small telescope as a Christmas present.

And just as the professional astronomers' tools have changed, so too have those available to the hobby astronomer. Now for a thousand dollars or so, it is possible to buy a reasonable-sized backyard, portable telescope that is computer controlled. No longer do we amateur observers need to get frustrated trying to locate unknown objects in unknown star fields; we can just set the scope up and have the computer guide us through a tour of the universe automatically. Instant viewing gratification, along with a continuous stream of new astronomical discoveries, has resulted in unprecedented growth in the hobby of astronomy as a pass-time.

I have been observing and photographing the night sky for twenty-five years. I began my pursuit of the hobby when I was ten years old, using a six-inch Newtonian reflector telescope, but now I too have become one of those computer-controlled-telescope users and have lost the art of locating objects in the celestial sphere, armed only with star maps and setting circles. The ability to locate almost any object in the sky provides unlimited observing possibilities. But what objects should I look at first? Should I use a list of planetary nebulae? What about galaxies? (Galaxies would be a challenge and probably take the rest of my life to complete.) Settling on the familiar, I compiled a list of objects that I had meticulously observed over the years, hoping that it would permit me the time to research and compile a list of new objects, not as yet observed. It didn't.

I wanted to compile my new list quickly. I started by creating a spreadsheet of northern hemisphere and zodiacal constellations observable from my various viewing locations throughout the Province of Ontario, Canada, which range from latitude 46 to 48 degrees North. I then researched, constellation-by-constellation, the position of thousands of objects. Objects selected, were those that could best be observed with popular commercially available telescopes (4–12 inch, that's 100–300 mm). As the list took shape and grew in size, further selection criteria were introduced to trim the number of objects. The new selection criteria became (i) visual presentation, (ii) photographic splendor, (iii) obscurity, (iv) observing challenge, and (v) sky track.

This book represents that final list. I hope that you find it as useful as I have. The objects selected range from common, beginner level naked eye objects to those that will challenge even the most seasoned observer or astrophotographer.

## Book Format

Just as the original list was, the book is divided into the separate constellations visible throughout the year from the northern hemisphere. A few constellations were deliberately omitted because they did not contain any objects that met the selection criteria. The next challenge was how to represent the data in a way that would appeal to all amateur astronomers, from beginners to the truly dedicated. A combination of maps, photos and data tables seemed to be the best solution to the problem of presenting the information in a format that would not be overwhelming or impossible to read in the dark.

Each section begins with a map of the entire constellation, followed by pertinent data such as: latitudes from which it is visible; number of degrees of sky the constellation covers; sky track; when it crosses the meridian; correct pronunciation. Following the constellation page, begins the presentation of the information for each selected object in that particular constellation. Here the reader will find localized star charts for each object, an accompanying photograph, and a data frame containing the pertinent data to locate each object in the sky.

Local star field map.		<b>Object name or number</b>				Object photograph.					
		RA:	00° 00' 00.0"	Con:	Constellation						
		Dec:	00° 00' 00"	Type:	Object type						
		Size:	0.0'	Mag:	0.0						
		Short description									
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

## Introduction

RA:	given Right Ascension coordinates in hh:mm:ss for Epoch 2000.
Dec:	given Declination coordinates in dd:mm:ss for Epoch 2000.
Size:	the data is represented as either a number (00.0') in arcminute's or as a set of numbers with a multiplier between denoting the major and minor axes of the object in arcminute's.
Con:	the constellation within which the object is located.
Type:	identifies the object type. Categories include Nebula (emission and reflection), Clusters (globular and open), Planetary Nebula, Galaxy (spiral, barred-spiral, irregular, etc.), Super Nova Remnant and Dark Nebula.
Mag:	records the visual magnitude of the object.
Object Notes:	short narrative describing visual notes of the object to aid in locating and observing.

Each localized star field is marked in four-minute intervals of right ascension and by one-degree increments in declination. North is "up" (ascending Dec). Some fields are noted as having been "scaled to fit", as they are so big they could not be placed within the allowed frame. Scaling is arbitrary, and was done to maintain the dimensions within the frame with offsets included. Photographs were fitted into their respective 4 × 3 format frames by stretching, rotating, and scaling their attributes to maintain the symmetry of the page and the data's position within the entire frame.

Below the object data frame is located the telescope frame. This frame is the same for all objects and is an aid to quickly determine if the object will fit on a 35 mm negative through various sizes and focal length telescopes. The Field of View (FOV) is represented in arc minutes, major axis first. Comparing these values to the object's major and minor axes will quickly determine if the object will fit a 35 mm negative.

By combining the information contained in both frames and performing simple calculations those interested in photography or CCD imaging will be able to frame the object, calculate its size on the image plane, and calculate exposure times for different speeds of film.

## Relating FOV to CCD Imaging

"Will it fit?" Is a frequently asked question. Beginners in both film and CCD imaging experience the same problem. Therefore understanding the FOV calculation is essential to successful imaging! FOV is directly related to the size of the imaging chip and the focal length of the telescope used. A good rule to remember is "the longer the focal length of the telescope, the smaller the section of sky imaged." Another way to look at things: "the longer the focal length, the more magnified the image will be."

To calculate the Field of View, three things need to be defined:

1. the dimensions of the CCD chip that your particular camera uses, measured in millimeters;
2. the focal length of the telescope being used, measured in millimeters;
3. the size of the object you want to photograph, measured in degrees or arc-minutes.

The calculations are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Arcmin (FOV)} &= (S \times 3438) / f \\ \text{Deg (FOV)} &= (S \times 57.3) / f\end{aligned}$$

Where:

S = dimension of one side of the CCD chip or film negative in millimeters;  
f = focal length of the telescope measured in millimeters.

Working through an example we see the following:

Telescope:	12" SCT operating at f/6.3
Object size:	M96, which measures 7.5' × 5.2'
CCD size:	KAF-0401 chip, whose size is 6.89 × 4.59 mm.

To convert inches to millimeters multiply the inch measurement by 25.4 mm:

$$\text{Diameter in mm: } 12 \times 25.4 = 304.8 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Focal length: } 304.8 \times 6.3 = 1920.24 \text{ mm}$$

Chip dimensions:

$$S_x = 6.89 \text{ mm}$$

$$S_y = 4.59 \text{ mm}$$

Therefore:

$$\text{Arcmin}_x = (6.89 \times 3438) / 1920.24 \\ = 12.34'$$

$$\text{Arcmin}_y = (4.59 \times 3438) / 1920.24 \\ = 8.22'$$

The calculation shows that m96 will fit on the KAF-0401 chip if imaged through a 12-inch SCT operating at a focal ratio of 6.3. The major and minor axes are  $12.34' \times 8.22'$  compared to the measurements of M96 which are  $7.5' \times 5.2'$ . It is clear that the image will fit, but will leave little room for framing any of the objects associated star field.

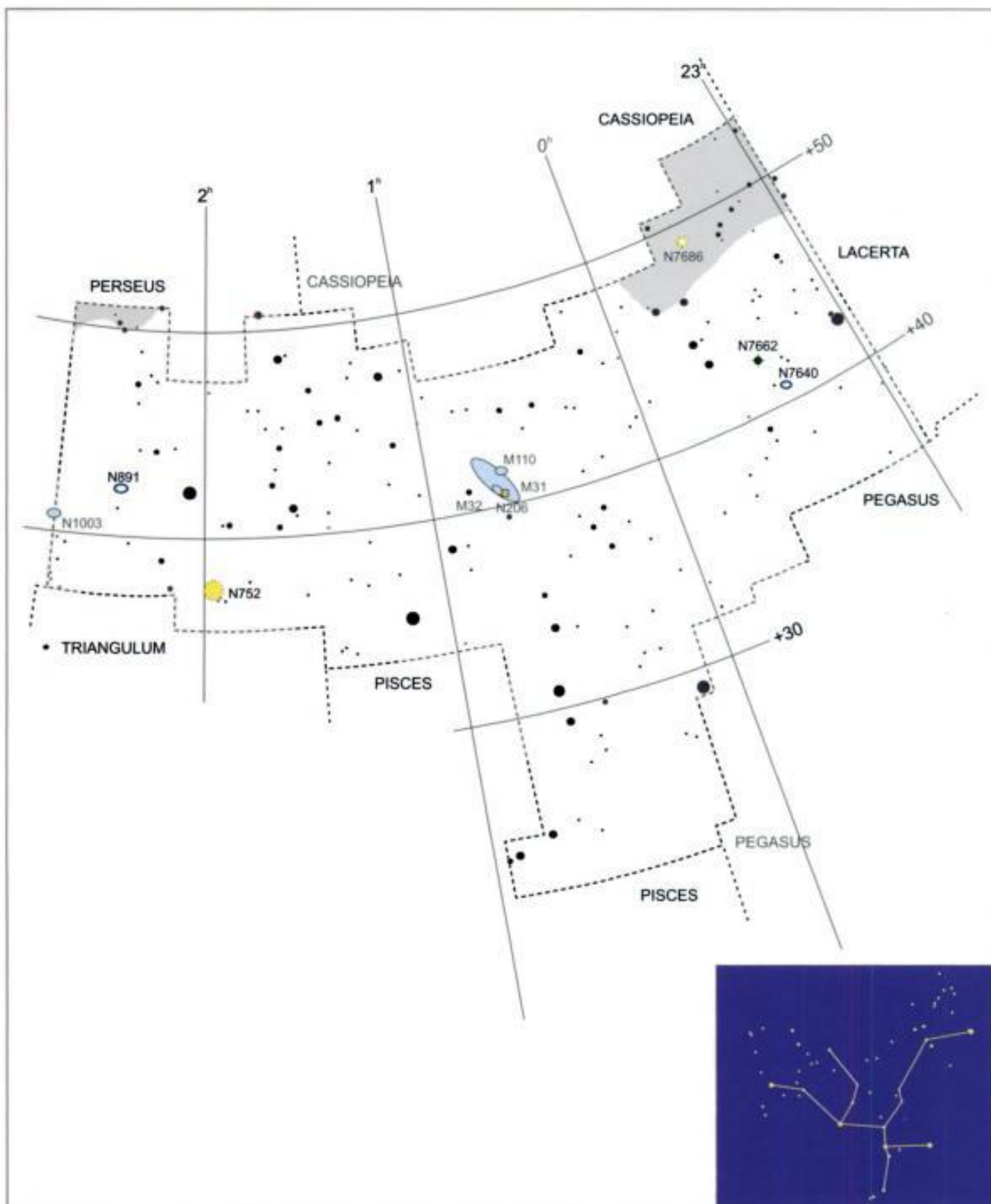
The same calculation works equally well for 35 mm film negatives. Using the above formula and the measurements of  $36 \times 24$  mm for the film, the FOV major and minor axes work out to  $64.45' \times 42.97'$ . The image formed on the film not only fits nicely, but will provide room to include a larger star field and create a more visually pleasing photograph.

As I've explained, this book is the culmination of a personal project to compile a list of challenging new objects to observe and photograph. As the idea for this book came into focus I decided early that it would have no precisely defined target audience, but contains a cross-section of information required to track down and observe objects whether you are a beginner or advanced observer.

And

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
October thru November

Autumn



Star Magnitudes	
•	6
•	5
•	4
•	3
•	2
•	1
•	0
•	-1
Open Clusters	
○	<30'
○	>30'
Globular Clusters	
⊕	<5'
⊕	5'-10'
⊕	>10'
Planetary Nebula	
•	<30"
•	30"-60"
•	>60"
Bright Nebula	
■	<10'
■	>10'
Galaxies	
○	<10'
○	10'-20'
○	20'-30'
○	>30'

**ANDROMEDA**

**Constellation Facts:**

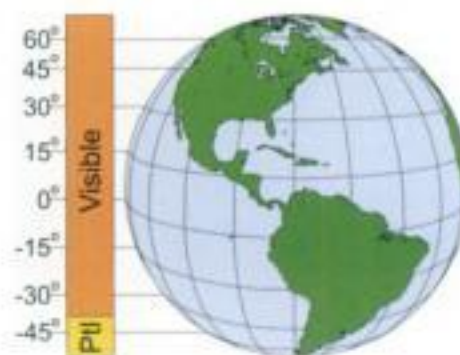
**Andromeda; (an-DROM-eh-da)**

Andromeda, the Chained Lady; rises in the northeastern sky, passes overhead, and moves northwest.

Andromeda's head is represented by the star Alpheratz which also marks the northeastern corner of the Great Square of Pegasus.

The constellation covers 722 square degrees.

Andromeda is visible from 90° N to 37° S. Partially visible from 37° S to 90° S.



		<b>M31 (NGC 224)</b>								
		RA: 00 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 45.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Andromeda							
		Dec: +41° 16' 20"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 188.8' x 61.5'	Mag: 4.0							
<p>NGC 224 is the brightest galaxy in the northern sky. The galaxy is elongated with a dusty bright core. It is the largest galaxy in the Local Group and lies 2.4 million light years away.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 752</b>								
		RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 57 <sup>m</sup> 49.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Andromeda							
		Dec: +37° 41' 13"	Type: Open Cluster							
		Size: 50.0'	Mag: 5.7							
<p>NGC 752 is a large open cluster containing over 70 stars.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 7662</b>								
		RA: 23 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 55.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Andromeda							
		Dec: +42° 33' 08"	Type: Planetary							
		Size: 32" x 28"	Mag: 9.0							
<p>NGC 7662 is a double-ringed planetary nebula with a bright, well defined ring of gas wrapped in a much larger, dimmer and hazier envelope.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M110 (NGC 205)</b>								
		RA: 00 <sup>h</sup> 40 <sup>m</sup> 23.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Andromeda							
		Dec: +41° 41' 22"	Type: Elliptical Galaxy							
		Size: 21.9" x 10.8"	Mag: 8.9							
<p>NGC 205 is an elliptical satellite galaxy of M31.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 891</b>								
		RA: 02 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 37.9 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Andromeda							
		Dec: +42° 21' 13"	Type: Edge-on Spiral							
		Size: 14.0' x 2.0'	Mag: 10.0							
<p>NGC 891 is a faint edge-on spiral galaxy with a well defined central dust lane.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



		<b>NGC 7640</b>											
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>23<sup>h</sup> 22<sup>m</sup> 7.2<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Andromeda</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>+40° 51' 07"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Barred Spiral</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>10.0' x 1.5'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>10.9</td> </tr> </table>	RA:			23 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 7.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Andromeda	Dec:	+40° 51' 07"	Type:	Barred Spiral	Size:
RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 7.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Andromeda										
Dec:	+40° 51' 07"	Type:	Barred Spiral										
Size:	10.0' x 1.5'	Mag:	10.9										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

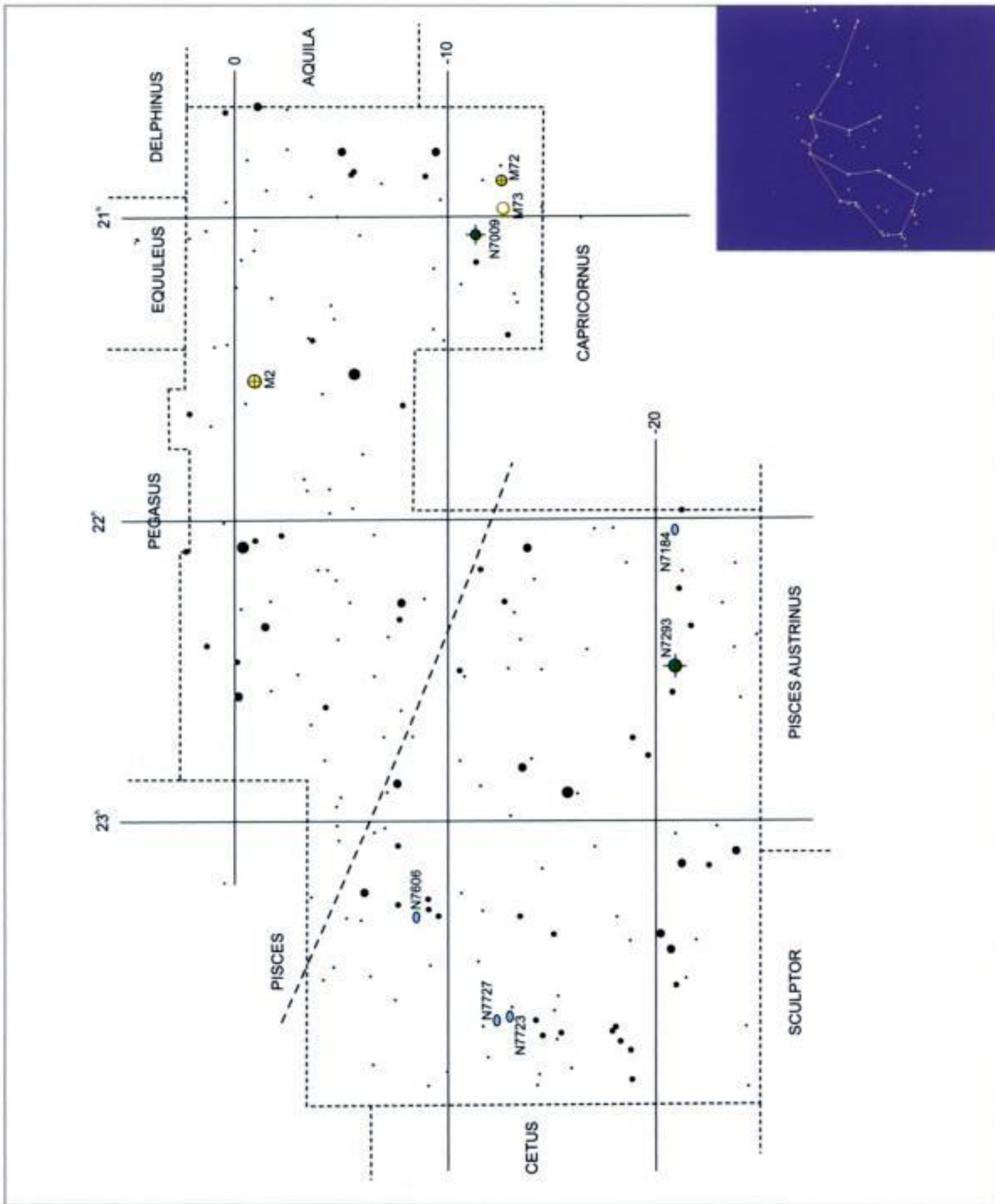
		<b>NGC 206</b>											
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>00<sup>h</sup> 40<sup>m</sup> 37.4<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Andromeda</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>+40° 44' 11"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Star Cloud</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>N/A</td> </tr> </table>	RA:			00 <sup>h</sup> 40 <sup>m</sup> 37.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Andromeda	Dec:	+40° 44' 11"	Type:	Star Cloud	Size:
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Dec:	+40° 44' 11"	Type:	Star Cloud										
Size:	N/A	Mag:	N/A										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
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		<b>M32 (NGC 221)</b>											
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>00<sup>h</sup> 42<sup>m</sup> 43.4<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Andromeda</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>+40° 52' 11"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Elliptical Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>8' x 6'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>8.2</td> </tr> </table>	RA:			00 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 43.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Andromeda	Dec:	+40° 52' 11"	Type:	Elliptical Galaxy	Size:
RA:	00 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 43.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Andromeda										
Dec:	+40° 52' 11"	Type:	Elliptical Galaxy										
Size:	8' x 6'	Mag:	8.2										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7 *	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

Aqr

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
August thru October

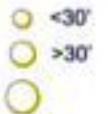
AUTUMN



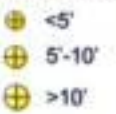
Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



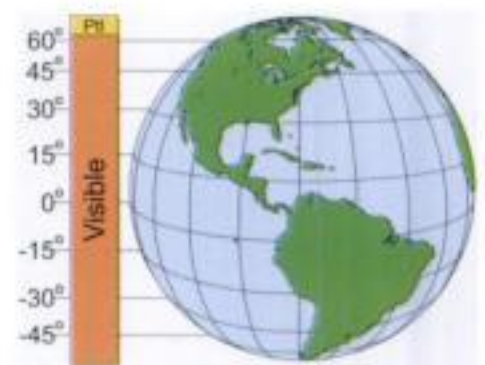
**AQUARIUS**

**Constellation Facts:**

**Aquarius; (ack-KWAIR-ee-us)**

Aquarius, the Water Carrier.  
Aquarius rises in the east, crosses the meridian halfway between the horizon and the zenith and sets in the west.  
Faint zodiacal constellation, whose principle feature is an asterism known as the Water Jar.  
Constellation covers 980 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 65° N to 86° S. Partially visible from 65° N to 90° N.



		<b>M2 (NGC 7089)</b>								
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 33 <sup>m</sup> 34.7 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Aquarius				
		Dec:	00° 48' 38"	Type:	Globular Cluster					
		Size:	12.9'	Mag:	6.5					
		<p>M2 is a bright globular cluster 5" north of the bright double star Beta Aquarii. Globular has a magnitude of 6.5 and covers 12.9' of sky.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M73 (NGC 6994)</b>								
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 5.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Aquarius				
		Dec:	-12° 37' 38"	Type:	Open Cluster					
		Size:	3.0'	Mag:	9.0					
		<p>M73 is found 2" southwest of NGC-7009. It is a group of four stars measuring 2.8' across and has a photographic magnitude of 8.9.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M72 (NGC 6981)</b>								
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 35.1 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Aquarius				
		Dec:	-12° 31' 39"	Type:	Globular Cluster					
		Size:	5.9'	Mag:	9.4					
		<p>M72 is located 1.5" west and slightly north of M73. Object is a globular cluster shining at magnitude 9.4 and measures 6' across.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 7293 (Helix Nebula)</b>								
		RA:	22 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 40.7 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Aquarius				
		Dec:	-20° 47' 30"	Type:	Planetary Nebula					
		Size:	12.8'	Mag:	7.3					
		<p>NGC 7293 is a planetary nebula known as the Helix Nebula. It is the largest and brightest planetary in the night sky. It measures nearly 13' across and shines at photographic magnitude 6.5.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 7009 (Saturn Nebula)</b>								
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 17.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Aquarius				
		Dec:	-11° 21' 38"	Type:	Planetary Nebula					
		Size:	1.7'	Mag:	8.0					
		<p>NGC 7009 is found in the western edges of the constellation. Object name is derived from the projecting arms of nebulosity extending out either side of the central disk.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 7606</b>													
		RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 10.2 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Aquarius								
Dec:	-08° 28' 31"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy												
Size:	4.8' x 1.8'	Mag:	10.8												
<p>NGC 7606 is a spiral galaxy measuring 4.8' x 1.8' and shines at magnitude 10.8.</p>															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7" x 4.1"	1.50" x 2.26"	1.29" x 1.93"	1.0" x 1.50"	1.07" x 1.61"	0.68" x 1.02"	0.86" x 1.29"	0.54" x 0.81"	0.72" x 1.07"	0.45" x 0.68"					

		<b>NGC 7492</b>													
		RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 08 <sup>m</sup> 28.3 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Aquarius								
Dec:	-15° 36' 30"	Type:	Globular Cluster												
Size:	6.2'	Mag:	11.5												
<p>NGC 7492 is the third globular cluster found in Aquarius. The object shines at magnitude 11.5 and is 6.2' across.</p>															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7" x 4.1"	1.50" x 2.26"	1.29" x 1.93"	1.0" x 1.50"	1.07" x 1.61"	0.68" x 1.02"	0.86" x 1.29"	0.54" x 0.81"	0.72" x 1.07"	0.45" x 0.68"					

		<b>NGC 7184</b>													
		RA:	22 <sup>h</sup> 02 <sup>m</sup> 46.9 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Aquarius								
Dec:	-20° 48' 32"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy												
Size:	5.5' x 1.3'	Mag:	12.0												
<p>NGC 7184 is a large Sb-type spiral galaxy shining at magnitude 12.0 and measures 5.5' x 1.3'.</p>															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7" x 4.1"	1.50" x 2.26"	1.29" x 1.93"	1.0" x 1.50"	1.07" x 1.61"	0.68" x 1.02"	0.86" x 1.29"	0.54" x 0.81"	0.72" x 1.07"	0.45" x 0.68"					

		<b>NGC 7723</b>													
		RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 38 <sup>m</sup> 58.1 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Aquarius								
Dec:	-12° 57' 30"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy												
Size:	3.6' x 2.2'	Mag:	11.1												
<p>NGC 7723 is an Sb-type spiral galaxy measuring 3.6' x 2.2' and glows at magnitude 11.1.</p>															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7" x 4.1"	1.50" x 2.26"	1.29" x 1.93"	1.0" x 1.50"	1.07" x 1.61"	0.68" x 1.02"	0.86" x 1.29"	0.54" x 0.81"	0.72" x 1.07"	0.45" x 0.68"					

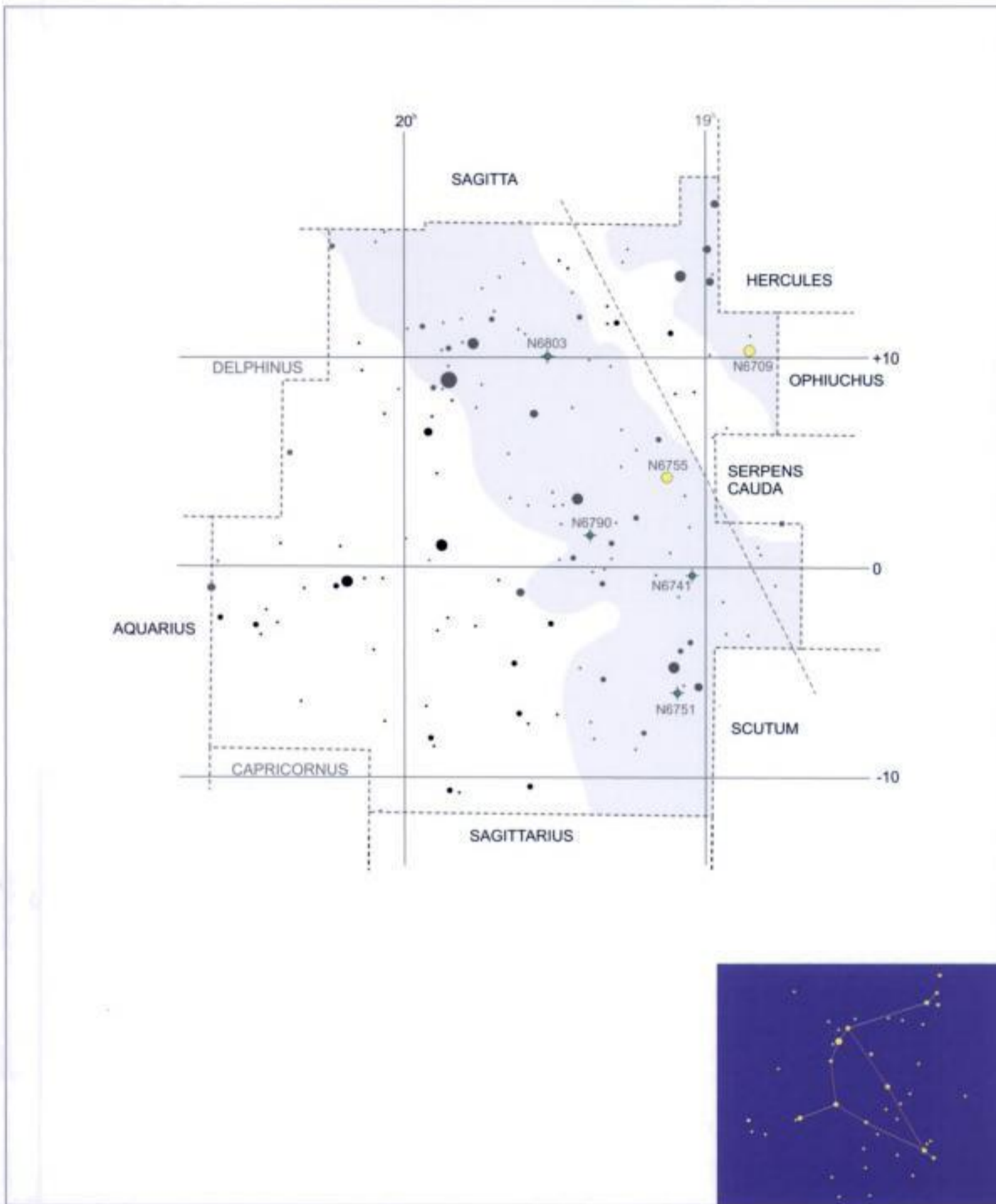
		<b>NGC 7727</b>													
		RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 39 <sup>m</sup> 58.0 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Aquarius								
Dec:	-12° 17' 30"	Type:	Barred Spiral												
Size:	4.2' x 3.4'	Mag:	10.7												
<p>NGC 7727 is a barred spiral galaxy measuring 4.2' x 3.4' and shines at magnitude 10.7.</p>															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7" x 4.1"	1.50" x 2.26"	1.29" x 1.93"	1.0" x 1.50"	1.07" x 1.61"	0.68" x 1.02"	0.86" x 1.29"	0.54" x 0.81"	0.72" x 1.07"	0.45" x 0.68"					

Aql

Crosses Prime Meridian:

July thru August

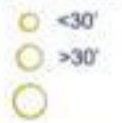
SUMMER



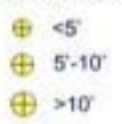
Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



**AQUILA**

**Constellation Facts:**

**Aquila; (ACK-will-lah)**  
Aquila, the Eagle.

Constellation lies along the celestial equator. It rises close to the eastern point on the horizon, passes the meridian halfway between the horizon and the zenith and sets directly towards the west. The Eagle's outline is characterized by its wings outstretched, headed towards the east through the Milky Way.

Aquila covers 652 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 78° N to 71° S. Partially visible from 78° N to 90° N.



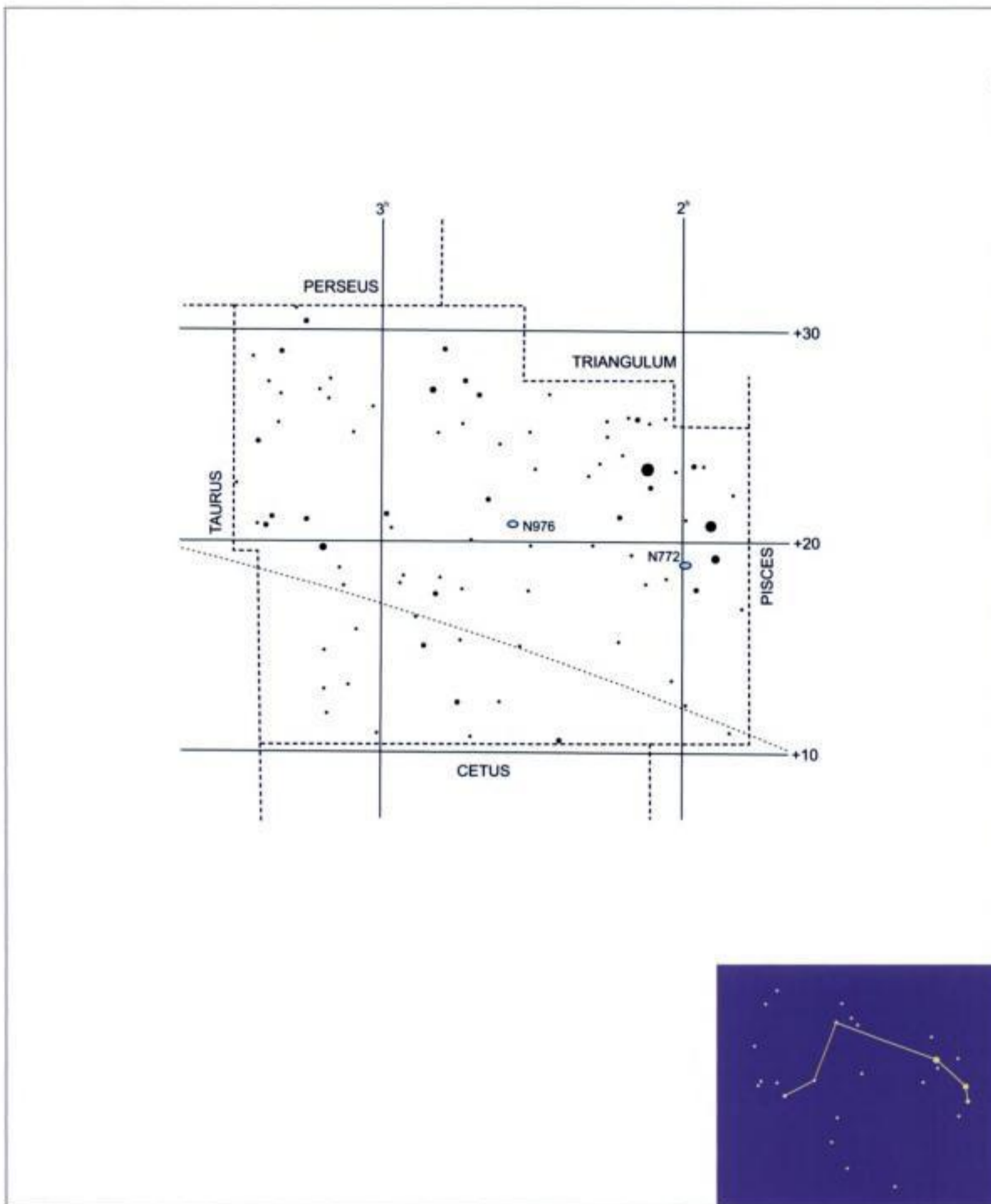
		<b>NGC 6814</b>									
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 47.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Aquila	Dec:	-10° 18' 45"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy	Size:	
<p>NGC 6814 is a small spiral galaxy with a bright nucleus with visible knotty arms.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 6772</b>									
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 41.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Aquila	Dec:	-02° 41' 48"	Type:	Planetary Nebula	Size:	
<p>NGC 6772 is found in the southern part of the constellation. Object is a faint planetary nebula glowing at magnitude 14.0 and covering a mere 1.0'.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 6781</b>									
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 28.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Aquila	Dec:	06° 33' 12"	Type:	Planetary Nebula	Size:	
<p>NGC 6781 displays large ring shaped nebulosity. Object has low surface brightness glowing at magnitude 12.0 and covers 1.8'.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 6804</b>									
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 40.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Aquila	Dec:	09° 13' 13"	Type:	Planetary Nebula	Size:	
<p>NGC 6804 is a faint planetary nebula found 3.5' northeast of NGC 6781. Object glows at magnitude 12.0 and covers 1.1' of sky.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>Bernard 142</b>									
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 40 <sup>m</sup> 42.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Aquila	Dec:	10° 57' 00"	Type:	Dark Nebula	Size:	
<p>B 142 is a large dark nebula extending east and west. Object combines with B 143 to form a giant "E" shape.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



**Star Magnitudes**

- 6
- 5
- 4
- 3
- 2
- 1
- 0
- -1

**Open Clusters**

- <30'
- >30'

**Globular Clusters**

- ⊕ <5'
- ⊕ 5'-10'
- ⊕ >10'

**Planetary Nebula**

- ◆ <30"
- ◆ 30'-60"
- ◆ >60"

**Bright Nebula**

- <10'
- >10'

**Galaxies**

- <10'
- 10'-20'
- 20'-30'
- >30'

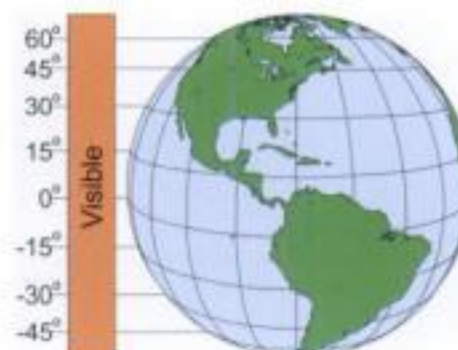
ARIES

**Constellation Facts:**

**Aries; (AIR-ease)**

Aries, the Ram:  
tracks through the sky from east to west, crossing  
the meridian halfway between the horizon and the  
zenith.

Constellation  
is visible from  
90° N to 58° S.  
Partially visible  
from 58° S to  
90° S.



		<b>NGC 691</b>								
		RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 45.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Aries							
		Dec: 21° 46' 16"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 3.0' x 2.2'	Mag: 12.0							
<p>NGC 691 is a spiral galaxy found in the north-western corner of Aries. Galaxy is appears round in the eyepiece. Object shines at magnitude 12.0 and measures 3.0' x 2.2'.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 697</b>								
		RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 21.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Aries							
		Dec: 22° 21' 15"	Type: Barred Spiral							
		Size: 4.3' x 1.2'	Mag: 13.0							
<p>NGC 697 is a highly inclined barred spiral galaxy found in the northwestern corner of Aries. Object shines at magnitude 13.0 and covers 4.3' x 1.2'.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 772</b>								
		RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 21.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Aries							
		Dec: 19° 01' 16"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 7.5' x 4.0'	Mag: 10.3							
<p>NGC 772 is the brightest galaxy in Aries. It is a spiral galaxy with a bright core. Object shines at magnitude 10.3 and spans 7.5' x 4.0'.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 803</b>								
		RA: 02 <sup>h</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 51.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Aries							
		Dec: 16° 02' 17"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 3.0' x 1.1'	Mag: 12.4							
<p>NGC 803 is found midway between NGC 821 and NGC 772. It is an Sb-type spiral galaxy shining at magnitude 12.4 and covers 3.0' x 1.1'.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 821</b>								
		RA: 02 <sup>h</sup> 08 <sup>m</sup> 27.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Aries							
		Dec: 11° 00' 18"	Type: Elliptical Galaxy							
		Size: 3.5' x 2.2'	Mag: 10.8							
<p>NGC 821 is located 4° southwest of NGC 877 near the southern border of the constellation. The object shines at magnitude 10.8 and covers 3.5' x 2.2'.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

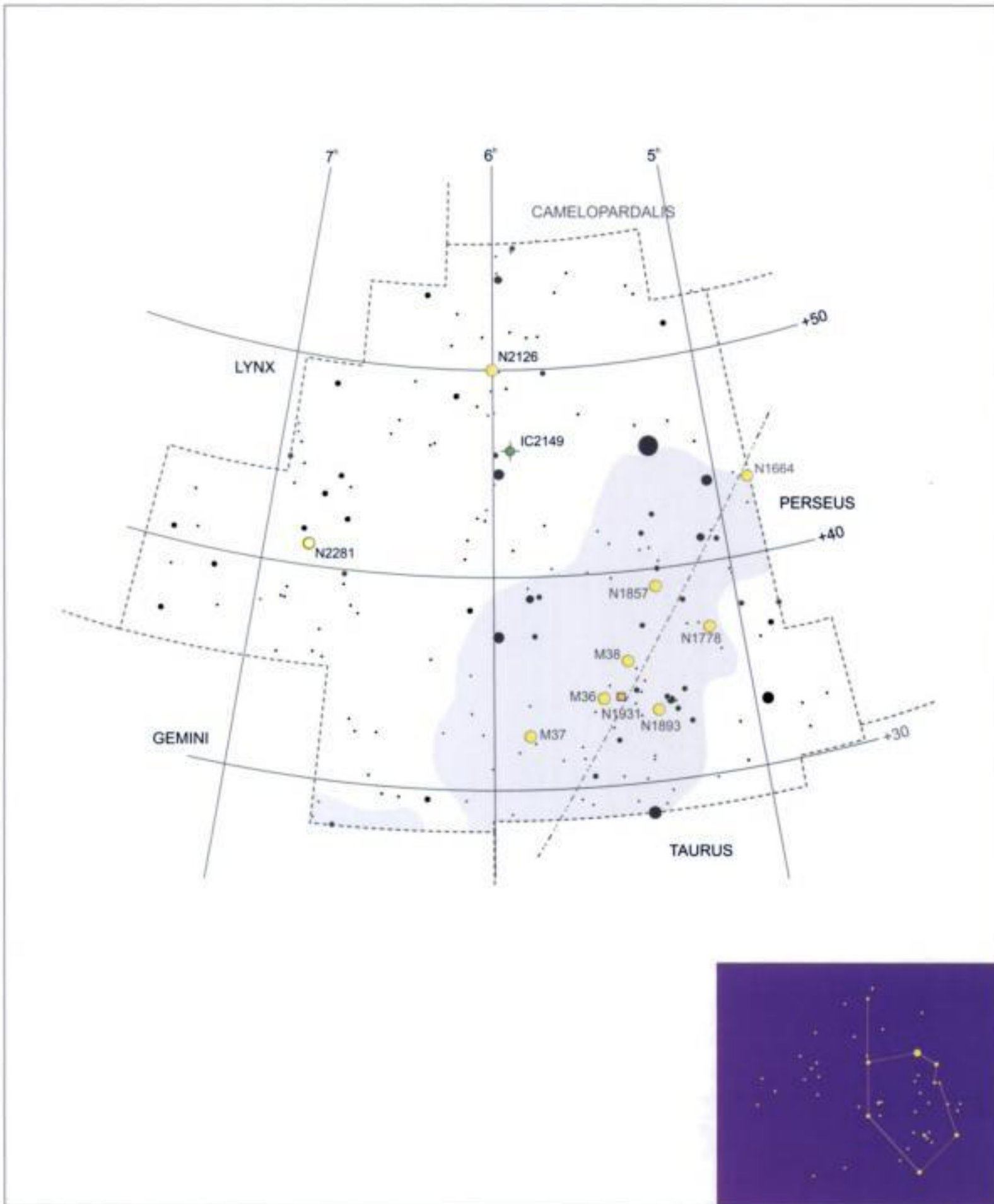


		<b>NGC 877</b>										
		RA:	02 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 3.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Aries							
		Dec:	14° 33' 17"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
		Size:	2.0' x 1.4'	Mag:	11.8							
NGC 877 is an Sc-type spiral galaxy, measuring 2.0' x 1.4' shining at magnitude 11.8.												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		

		<b>NGC 972</b>										
		RA:	02 <sup>h</sup> 34 <sup>m</sup> 15.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Aries							
		Dec:	29° 19' 11"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
		Size:	2.7' x 1.2'	Mag:	11.3							
NGC 972 is located in the northern part of the constellation. It is a highly inclined spiral galaxy measuring 2.7' x 1.2' and shines at magnitude 11.3.												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		

		<b>NGC 976</b>										
		RA:	02 <sup>h</sup> 34 <sup>m</sup> 3.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Aries							
		Dec:	20° 59' 14"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
		Size:	1.5' x 1.1'	Mag:	12.4							
NGC 976 is located in the north-central region of Aries. It's a small spiral galaxy glowing at magnitude 12.4, and measures 1.5' x 1.1'.												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		

		<b>NGC 1156</b>										
		RA:	02 <sup>h</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 45.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Aries							
		Dec:	25° 14' 11"	Type:	Irregular Galaxy							
		Size:	3.3' x 2.6'	Mag:	11.7							
NGC 1156 is located 7° northeast of NGC 672. The object shines at magnitude 11.7 and is 3.3' x 2.6' in size.												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		



Star Magnitudes	
•	6
•	5
•	4
•	3
•	2
•	1
•	0
•	-1
Open Clusters	
●	<30'
●	>30'
Globular Clusters	
⊕	<5'
⊕	5'-10'
⊕	>10'
Planetary Nebula	
●	<30"
●	30"-60"
●	>60"
Bright Nebula	
■	<10'
■	>10'
Galaxies	
○	<10'
○	10'-20'
○	20'-30'
○	>30'

**AURIGA**

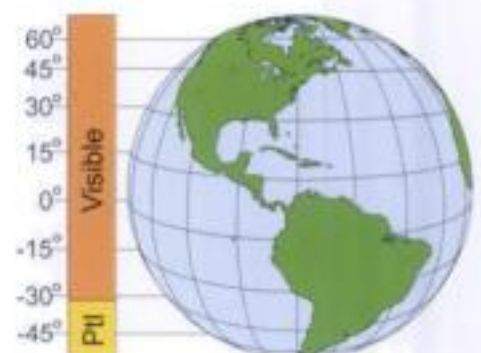
**Constellation Facts:  
Auriga; (or-EYE-gah)**

Auriga, the Charioteer; rises in the northeastern sky, passes overhead, and moves northwest.

The constellation lies across the centerline of the Milky Way. It contains several open clusters visible in small telescopes. The brightest star in the constellation is Capella, also known as the Great Star.

The constellation covers 657 squares degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 34° S. Partially visible from 34° S to 90° S.



		<b>NGC 1664</b>										
		RA:	04 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 9.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Auriga							
		Dec:	43° 42' 00"	Type:	Open Cluster							
		Size:	18.0'	Mag:	7.6							
				<p>NGC 1664 is a rich open cluster found on the border between Perseus and Auriga. Contains 40 stars or magnitude 11.0 and fainter. Cluster measures 18.0' across.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		



		<b>NGC 1893</b>										
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 45.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Auriga							
		Dec:	33° 24' 00"	Type:	Open Cluster							
		Size:	11.0'	Mag:	7.5							
				<p>NGC 1893 is an open cluster surrounded by nebula. It's an irregular shaped cluster of 20 stars ranging from 9<sup>th</sup>-12<sup>th</sup> magnitude. Object spans 11.0'.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		



		<b>NGC 1907</b>										
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 28 <sup>m</sup> 3.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Auriga							
		Dec:	35° 18' 59"	Type:	Open Cluster							
		Size:	7.0'	Mag:	8.2							
				<p>NGC 1907 is found southeast of M38. It's a very small cluster 7.0' in diameter containing about 40 stars of magnitude 10 and fainter.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		



		<b>M38 (NGC 1912)</b>										
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 28 <sup>m</sup> 45.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Auriga							
		Dec:	05° 28' 45.4"	Type:	Open Cluster							
		Size:	21.0'	Mag:	6.4							
				<p>M38 (NGC 1912) is rich in stars. Observer will find a slight central concentration and outlying detached stars. Object spans 21.0' and shines at magnitude 6.4.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		



		<b>NGC 1931</b>										
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 27.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Auriga							
		Dec:	34° 14' 59"	Type:	E + R Nebula							
		Size:	3.0'	Mag:	11.3							
				<p>NGC 1931 is a peanut shaped emission nebula involving several clustered stars. Object is small at 3.0' and shines at magnitude 11.3.</p>								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		



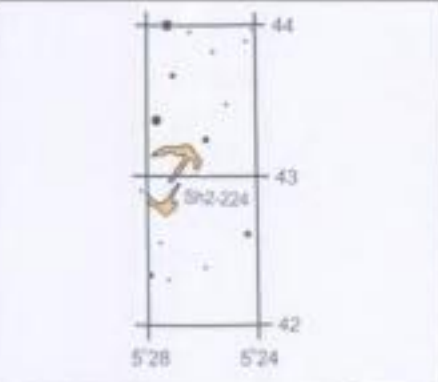

		<b>M36 (NGC 1960)</b>												
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 9.3 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Auriga								
		Dec:	34° 07' 59"		Type:	Open Cluster								
		Size:	12.0'		Mag:	6.0								
<p>M36 (NGC 1960) is a rich open cluster with a strong central concentration. Object spans 12.0' and shines at magnitude 6.0.</p>														
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				

		<b>NGC 1985</b>												
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 37 <sup>m</sup> 45.3 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Auriga								
		Dec:	31° 59' 59"		Type:	Bright Nebula								
		Size:			Mag:									
<p>NGC 1985 is a small emission nebula. Object appears as a round spot of hazy light in large telescopes.</p>														
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				

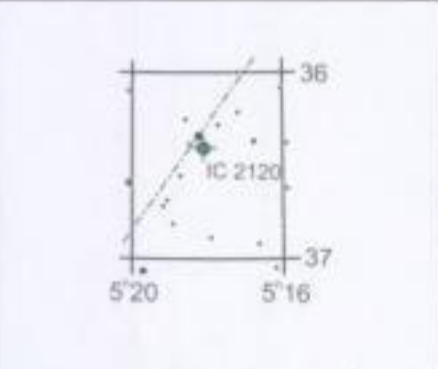

		<b>M37 (NGC 2099)</b>												
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 52 <sup>m</sup> 27.2 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Auriga								
		Dec:	32° 32' 57"		Type:	Open Cluster								
		Size:	24.0'		Mag:	5.6								
<p>M37 (NGC 2099) is found just outside the Auriga pentagon asterism, several degrees southeast of M36/M37 area. Object contains about 150 stars.</p>														
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				

		<b>IC 410</b>												
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 39.3 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Auriga								
		Dec:	33° 31' 00"		Type:	Open Cluster								
		Size:	40.0'		Mag:									
<p>IC 410 is a cluster of stars with a strong central concentration involved with associated nebula. Object spans 40.0' in size.</p>														
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				

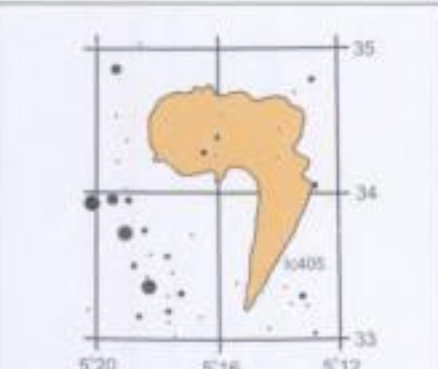

		<b>IC 2149</b>												
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 21.5 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Auriga								
		Dec:	46° 06' 56"		Type:	Planetary Nebula								
		Size:	0.1'		Mag:	11.0								
<p>IC 2149 is a bright planetary nebula found 3° north or Beta Aurigae. Object is 0.1' in size and shines at magnitude 11.0.</p>														
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				

		<b>Sh2-224</b>											
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 9.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Auriga								
		Dec:	34° 07' 59"	Type:	SN Remnant								
		Size:	20' x 3.0'	Mag:									
Sh2-224 is a super-nova remnant that forms an incomplete oval ring.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

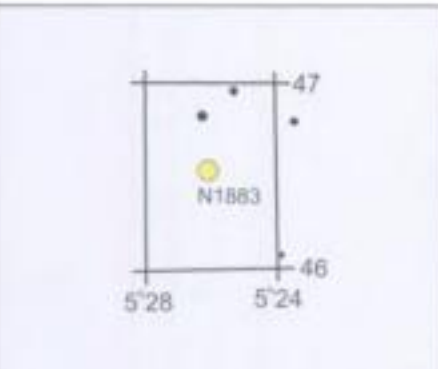



		<b>IC 2120</b>											
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 37 <sup>m</sup> 45.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Auriga								
		Dec:	31° 59' 59"	Type:	Planetary Nebula								
		Size:		Mag:									
IC 2120 is a small planetary nebula. Object is hard to locate visually in medium to large scopes.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

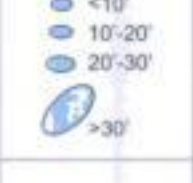
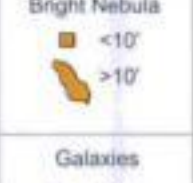
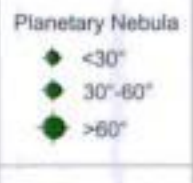
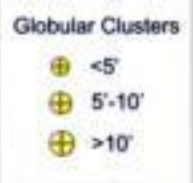
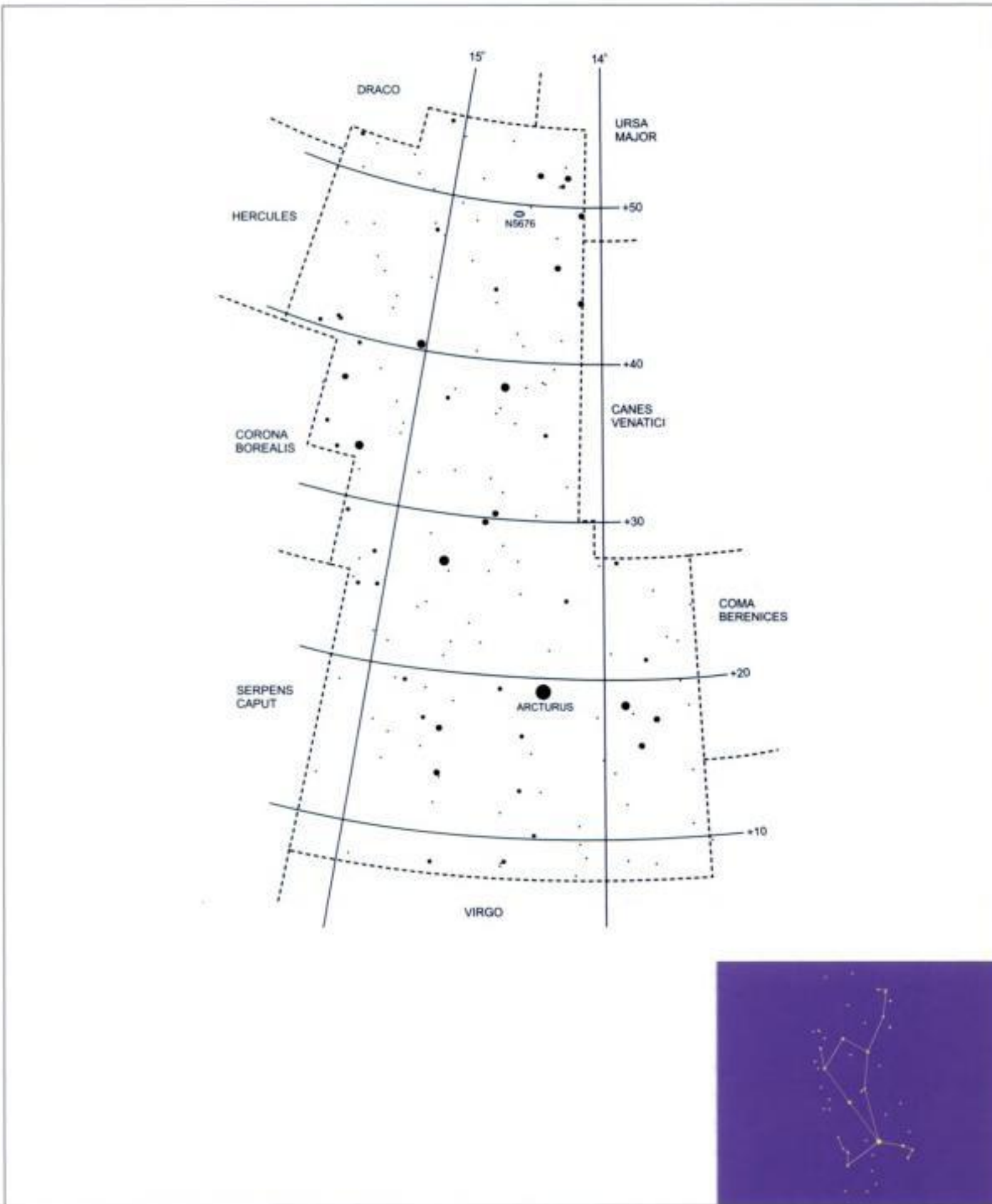


		<b>IC 405 (Flaming Star Nebula)</b>											
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 15.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Auriga								
		Dec:	34° 16' 00"	Type:	E + R Nebula								
		Size:	30.0' x 20.0'	Mag:									
IC 405 the "Flaming Star Nebula" is a large emission nebula appearing as a faint, wispy gas cloud. Object contains structures similar in appearance to that of the Veil Nebula in Cygnus.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			



		<b>NGC 1883</b>											
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 39.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Auriga								
		Dec:	33° 31' 00"	Type:	Open Cluster								
		Size:	3.0'	Mag:	12.0								
NGC 1883 is a nice open cluster moderately rich in stars. Object displays a small central concentration.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			





**BOOTES**

**Constellation Facts:**

**Bootes; (bow-OH-tease)**

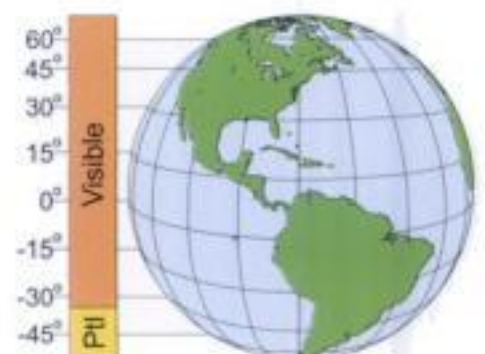
Bootes, the Herdsman.

The constellation rises in the northeast, passes thru the meridian overhead, and sets in the northwest.

On clear nights, the fainter stars north of Arcturus appear in the general shape of an ice cream cone or, a kite.

The constellation is 907 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 35° S. Partially visible from 35° S to 90° S.



		<b>NGC 5466</b>								
		RA: 14 <sup>h</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 33.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Bootes							
		Dec: 28° 31' 52"	Type: Globular Cluster							
		Size: 11.0'	Mag: 9.1							
<p>NGC 5466 is a large loose globular cluster, composed of faint stars. Object is located 2° northeast of 11 Bootis.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5248</b>								
		RA: 13 <sup>h</sup> 37 <sup>m</sup> 33.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Bootes							
		Dec: 08° 52' 44"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 6.0' x 5.0'	Mag: 10.2							
<p>NGC 5248 is located in the farthest southwestern corner of the constellation. It is the constellation's brightest galaxy, and is an Sc-type spiral galaxy.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5614</b>								
		RA: 14 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 9.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Bootes							
		Dec: 34° 51' 54"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 2.0' x 1.8'	Mag: 11.7							
<p>NGC 5614 is located in the central region of the constellation. The spiral galaxy is located 2° east of A Bootis.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5676</b>								
		RA: 14 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 51.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Bootes							
		Dec: 49° 27' 58"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 3.4' x 1.4'	Mag: 10.9							
<p>NGC 5676 is an Sc-type spiral galaxy located 1° southeast of NGC 5660.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5641</b>								
		RA: 14 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 21.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Bootes							
		Dec: 25° 18' 51"	Type: Barred Spiral							
		Size: 4.5' x 1.0'	Mag: 13.0							
<p>NGC 5641 is located 5° east of NGC 5466. It is a type Sb-barred spiral galaxy.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5523</b>									
		RA:	14 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 51.6 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Bootes					
Telescope Aperture:		4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):		2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5669</b>									
		RA:	14 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 46.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Bootes					
Telescope Aperture:		4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):		2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5660</b>									
		RA:	14 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 51.1 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Bootes					
Telescope Aperture:		4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):		2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

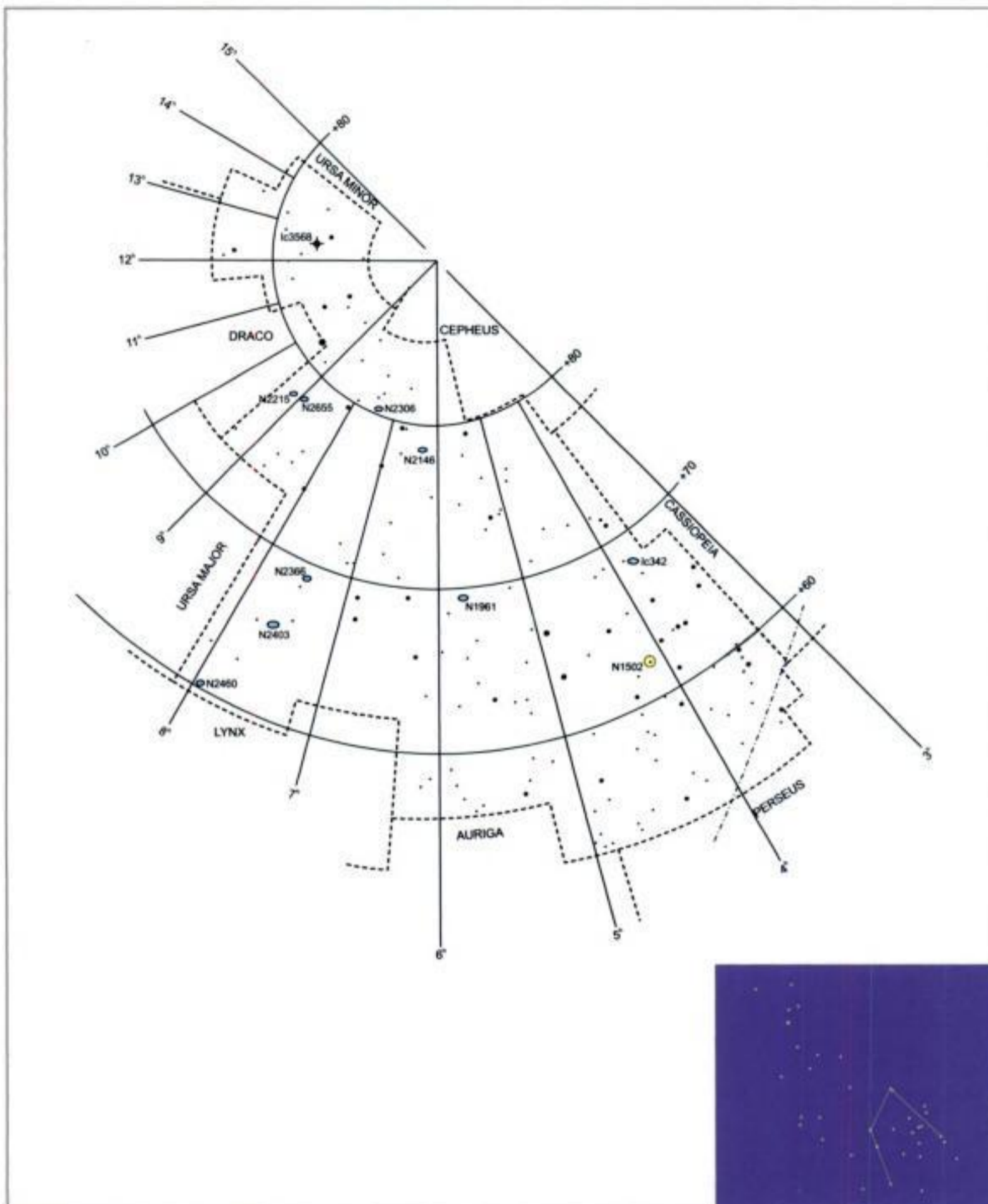
		<b>NGC 5689</b>									
		RA:	14 <sup>h</sup> 35 <sup>m</sup> 33.2 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Bootes					
Telescope Aperture:		4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):		2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



Cam

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
December thru May

AUTUMN



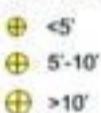
Star Magnitudes



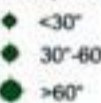
Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



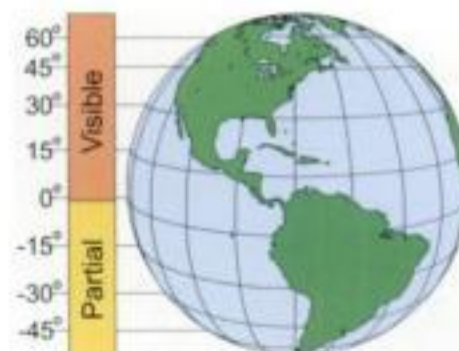
**CAMELOPARDALIS**

**Constellation Facts:**

**Camelopardalis;**

Is a faint northern circumpolar constellation.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 3° S. Partially visible from 3° S to 50° S.



		<b>NGC 2403</b>										
		RA:	07 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 57.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis							
		Dec:	65° 35' 51"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
		Size:	18.0' x 10.1'	Mag:	8.4							
<p>NGC 2403 is found in the southeastern corner of the constellation. Object is a magnificent spiral galaxy appearing almost face-on to our line of sight.</p>												



		<b>IC 342</b>										
		RA:	03 <sup>h</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 49.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis							
		Dec:	68° 05' 45"	Type:	Barred Spiral							
		Size:	21.2' x 20.7'	Mag:	9.1							
<p>IC 342 is a large, round barred spiral galaxy, obscured by the thick Milky Way in front of it. It is located 4 hours of right ascension west and a little north of NGC 2403.</p>												



		<b>NGC 1961</b>										
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 10.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis							
		Dec:	69° 22' 54"	Type:	Peculiar Galaxy							
		Size:	3.9' x 1.9'	Mag:	11.1							
<p>NGC 1961 is located midway between NGC 2403 and IC 342. The galaxy is a type-Sb peculiar system.</p>												



		<b>NGC 2366</b>										
		RA:	07 <sup>h</sup> 28 <sup>m</sup> 57.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis							
		Dec:	69° 12' 52"	Type:	Irregular Galaxy							
		Size:	7.8' x 1.9'	Mag:	10.9							
<p>NGC 2366 is a strange irregular galaxy. The galaxy is high enough in declination that it is circumpolar from mid-northern latitudes.</p>												



		<b>NGC 2523</b>										
		RA:	08 <sup>h</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 3.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis							
		Dec:	73° 34' 52"	Type:	Barred Spiral							
		Size:	0.4' x 0.3'	Mag:	12.0							
<p>NGC 2523 is an elegant barred spiral galaxy.</p>												



		<b>NGC 2146</b>									
		RA:	06 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 47.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis	Dec:	78° 20' 53"	Type:	Barred Spiral	Size:	
<p>NGC 2146 is a barred spiral galaxy wedged between two scattered groups of stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 2655</b>									
		RA:	08 <sup>h</sup> 55 <sup>m</sup> 39.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis	Dec:	78° 12' 51"	Type:	Barred Spiral	Size:	
<p>NGC 2655 is located in the northeastern region of the constellation.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 2715</b>									
		RA:	09 <sup>h</sup> 08 <sup>m</sup> 9.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis	Dec:	78° 04' 52"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy	Size:	
<p>NGC 2715 is located 2° from NGC 2655.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 1502</b>									
		RA:	04 <sup>h</sup> 07 <sup>m</sup> 46.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis	Dec:	62° 19' 59"	Type:	Open Cluster	Size:	
<p>NGC 1502 is a rich open cluster containing 45 stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 1501</b>									
		RA:	04 <sup>h</sup> 07 <sup>m</sup> 4.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Camelopardalis	Dec:	60° 54' 59"	Type:	Planetary Nebula	Size:	
<p>NGC 1501 is a small typical planetary nebula.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 2336</b>								
		RA: 07 <sup>h</sup> 27 <sup>m</sup> 10.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Camelopardalis							
		Dec: 80° 10' 52"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 6.4' x 3.2'	Mag: 10.5							
NGC2336 is found in the northernmost region of the constellation.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

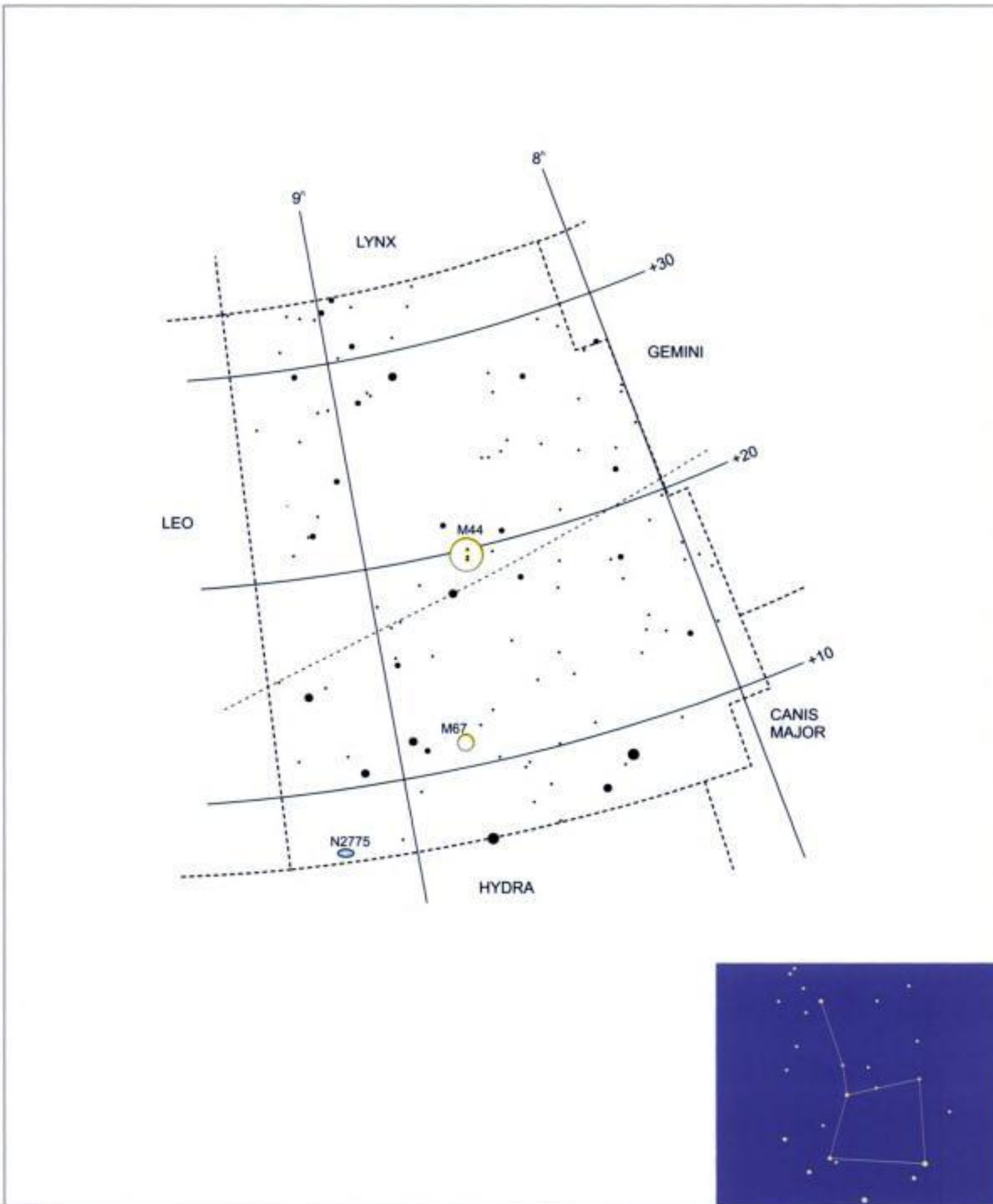
		<b>Sh2-205 (Peanut Nebula)</b>								
		RA: 03 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 3 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Camelopardalis							
		Dec: 53° 12' 00"	Type: Emission Nebula							
		Size: 100' x 30'	Mag:							
Sh2-205 is a faint and diffuse emission nebula with fairly uniform surface brightness.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>VdB14/15</b>								
		RA: 03 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 2 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Camelopardalis							
		Dec: 59° 57' 00"	Type: Reflection Nebula							
		Size: 20.0' x 8.0'	Mag:							
VdB-14/15 are reflection nebulae.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

Cnc

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
February thru March

WINTER



Star Magnitudes	
•	6
•	5
•	4
•	3
•	2
•	1
•	0
•	-1
Open Clusters	
○	<30'
○	>30'
Globular Clusters	
⊕	<5'
⊕	5'-10'
⊕	>10'
Planetary Nebula	
◆	<30"
◆	30"-60"
◆	>60"
Bright Nebula	
■	<10'
■	>10'
Galaxies	
○	<10'
○	10'-20'
○	20'-30'
○	>30'

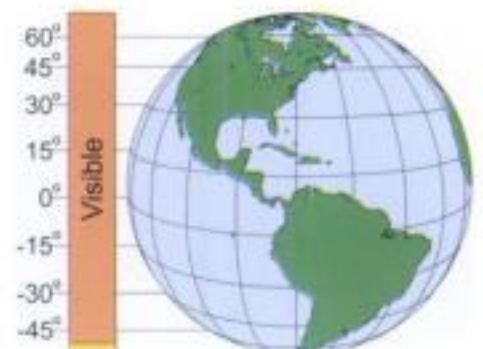
**CANCER**

**Constellation Facts:**

**Cancer; (KAN-surr)**

Cancer, the Crab.  
 Cancer tracks across the sky from east to west and passes the meridian approximately halfway between the horizon and the zenith.  
 Cancer is the faintest zodiacal constellation, but contains the Praesepe (Beehive cluster).  
 Cancer is 506 square degrees in size.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 57° S. Partially visible from 57° S to 90° S.

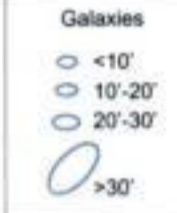
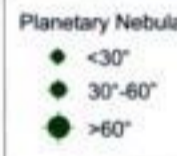
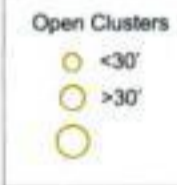
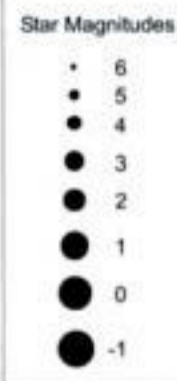
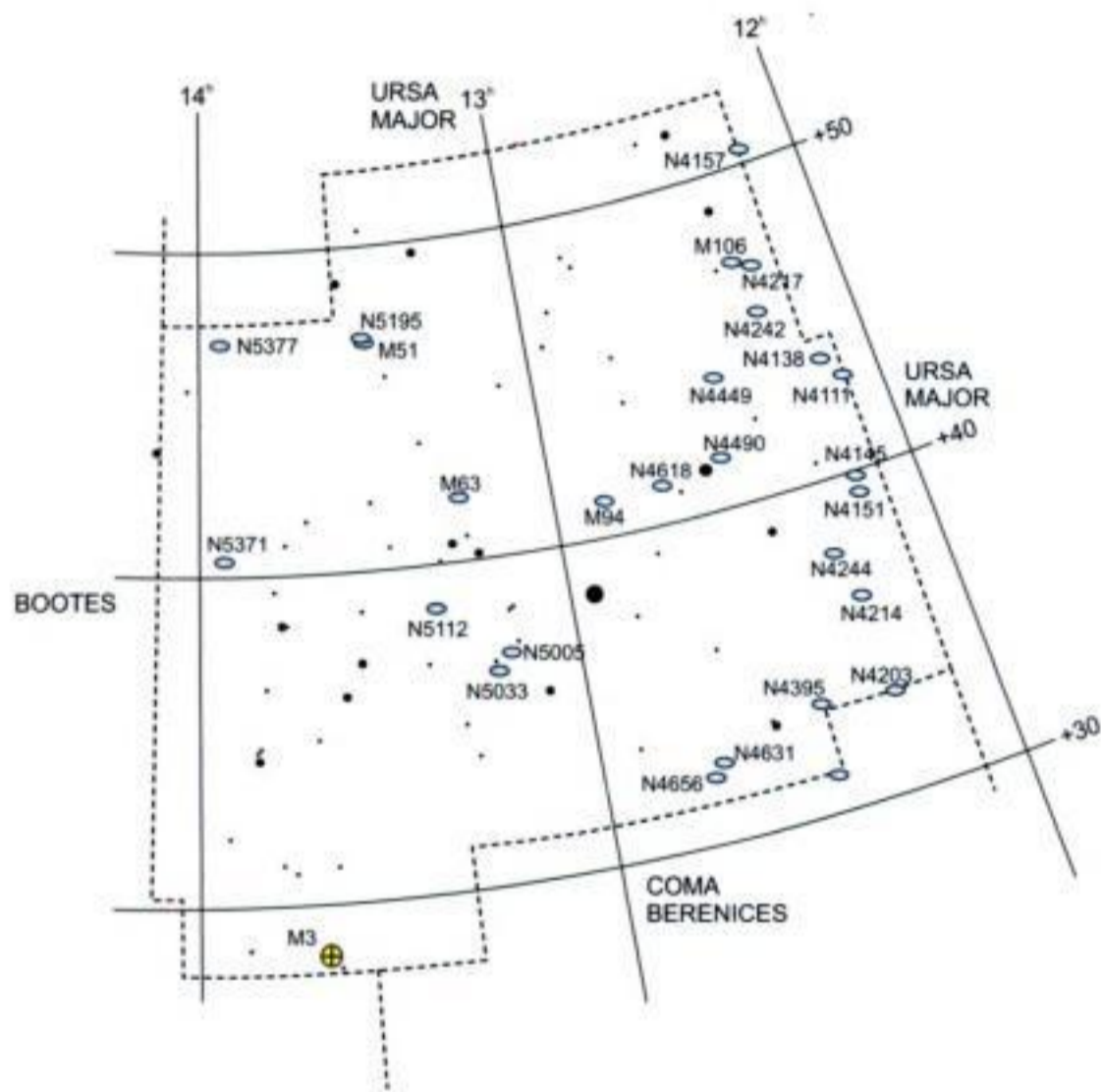


		<b>M44 (NGC 2632) "Beehive Cluster"</b>													
		RA:	08 <sup>h</sup> 40 <sup>m</sup> 8.8 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Cancer								
Dec:	19° 58' 49"	Type:	Open Cluster												
Size:	95.0'	Mag:	3.1												
<p>M44 (NGC 2632) is commonly called the Beehive Cluster, a bright, scattered open cluster.</p>															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					

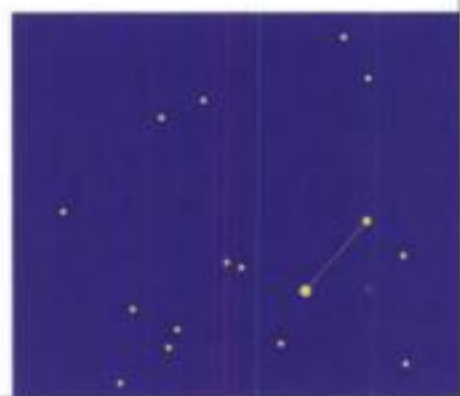
		<b>M67 (NGC 2682)</b>													
		RA:	08 <sup>h</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 26.7 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Cancer								
Dec:	11° 48' 47"	Type:	Open Cluster												
Size:	30.0'	Mag:	6.9												
<p>M67 (NGC 2682) is located 8° south and 2° east of M44. The open cluster contains 200 stars compacted into a 30.0' diameter.</p>															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					

		<b>NGC 2623</b>													
		RA:	08 <sup>h</sup> 38 <sup>m</sup> 26.9 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Cancer								
Dec:	25° 44' 49"	Type:	Peculiar Galaxy												
Size:	2.2' x 0.6'	Mag:	13.8												
<p>NGC 2623 is a peculiar galaxy found 6° north of the Beehive cluster.</p>															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					

		<b>NGC 2775</b>													
		RA:	09 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 20.6 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Cancer								
Dec:	07° 01' 45"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy												
Size:	4.5' x 3.5'	Mag:	10.3												
<p>NGC 2775 is found near the Cancer/Hydra border. It is specifically located 6° southwest of M67.</p>															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					



**CANES VENATICI**

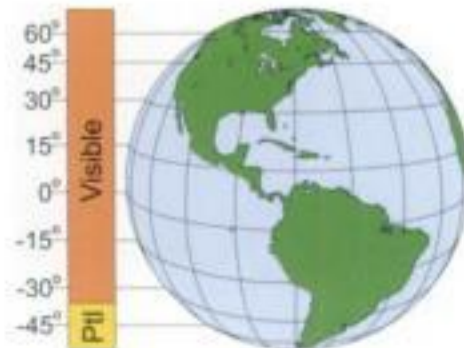


**Constellation Facts:**

**Canes Venatici; (KAY-nees vee-NAT-ih-sigh)**

Canes Venatici, the Hunting Dogs. The constellation rises in the northeast, moves across the meridian overhead, and sets in the northwest. Constellation lies in one of the most transparent parts of the Milky Way, about 90° from the plane. This provides a clear view of galaxies beyond the Milky Way. Constellation covers 465 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 37° S. Partially visible from 37° S to 90° S.



		<b>M51 (NGC 5194)</b>								
		RA:	13 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 57.1 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Canes Venatici				
		Dec:	47° 11' 55"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
		Size:	9.0' x 8.0'	Mag:	8.4					
<p>M51 is one of the best galaxies in the night sky. It is a large face-on spiral galaxy known as the "Whirlpool Galaxy".</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5195</b>								
		RA:	13 <sup>h</sup> 30 <sup>m</sup> 3.1 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Canes Venatici				
		Dec:	47° 15' 55"	Type:	Irregular Galaxy					
		Size:	4.5' x 3.5'	Mag:	9.6					
<p>NGC 5195 is a small irregular galaxy that is interacting with M51.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

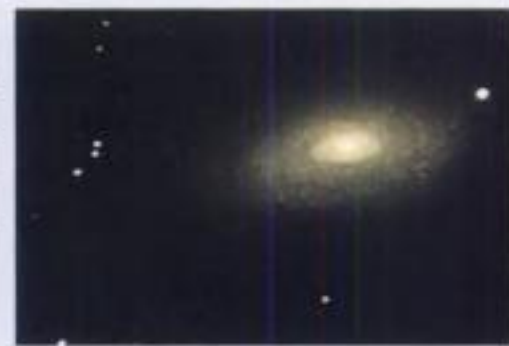
		<b>NGC 4485</b>								
		RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 30 <sup>m</sup> 33.1 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Canes Venatici				
		Dec:	41° 41' 51"	Type:	Irregular Galaxy					
		Size:	1.6' x 0.8'	Mag:	12.0					
<p>NGC 4485 is located 3' north of NGC 4490. It is classified as either a peculiar galaxy or an irregular galaxy.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 4490</b>								
		RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 30 <sup>m</sup> 39.1 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Canes Venatici				
		Dec:	41° 37' 51"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
		Size:	6.0' x 3.0'	Mag:	9.8					
<p>NGC 4490 appears as an elongated spiral galaxy with a bright core. Both NGC 4490 and NGC 4485 are an interacting pair of galaxies.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M94 (NGC 4736)</b>								
		RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 57.1 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Canes Venatici				
		Dec:	41° 06' 52"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
		Size:	14.0' x 13.0'	Mag:	8.2					
<p>M92 (NGC 4736) is found almost due east of the NGC 4485/4490 pair of galaxies. M92 is a bright compact, tightly-wound spiral galaxy.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>M63 (NGC 5055)</b>									
	RA:	13 <sup>h</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 51.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici						
	Dec:	42° 01' 53"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy						
	Size:	13.0' x 8.0'	Mag:	8.6						
M63 the "Sunflower Galaxy" is found east of M94. It is a multiple-arm spiral galaxy with a bright core.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>M106 (NGC 4258)</b>									
	RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 3.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici						
	Dec:	47° 17' 52"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy						
	Size:	12.0' x 4.0'	Mag:	8.3						
M106 is located in the northwest corner of the constellation. The object displays high surface brightness and is inclined slightly to our line of vision.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>M3 (NGC 5272)</b>									
	RA:	13 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 15.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici						
	Dec:	28° 22' 51"	Type:	Globular Cluster						
	Size:	16.2'	Mag:	6.4						
M3 is a highly resolved globular cluster comprised of more than a million stars. The object lies in the southeastern part of the constellation on the border with Bootes.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 4449</b>									
	RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 28 <sup>m</sup> 15.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici						
	Dec:	44° 05' 52"	Type:	Irregular Galaxy						
	Size:	5.5' x 4.5'	Mag:	9.4						
NGC 4449 is positioned halfway between M106 and NGC 4485/4490. Object has a peculiar box-like structure.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 4244</b>									
	RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 17 <sup>m</sup> 33.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici						
	Dec:	37° 48' 50"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy						
	Size:	16.0' x 1.8'	Mag:	10.2						
NGC 4244 is an edge-on spiral galaxy										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 4214</b>										
	RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 39.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici							
	Dec:	36° 19' 50"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	7.5' x 6.0'	Mag:	9.7							
NGC 4214 is located south and west of NGC 4244.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 4395</b>										
	RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 51.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici							
	Dec:	33° 32' 48"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	12.0' x 11.0'	Mag:	10.2							
NGC 4395 lies at the southwestern edge of the constellation. Majestic spiral galaxy with 3 arms visible. Galaxy has a near circular shape and has low surface brightness.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 4631</b>										
	RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 9.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici							
	Dec:	32° 31' 49"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	14.0' x 2.0'	Mag:	9.3							
NGC 4631 is located southeast of NGC 4395. It is an edge-on spiral galaxy that is possibly an Sc-type galaxy. Edge-on perspective reveals dust lanes and structure on the periphery.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 4656</b>										
	RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 3.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici							
	Dec:	32° 09' 48"	Type:	Irregular Galaxy							
	Size:	20.0' x 2.5'	Mag:	10.4							
NGC 4656 is a large and irregular galaxy. The galaxy is very elongated and is thought to be interacting with its close companion.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



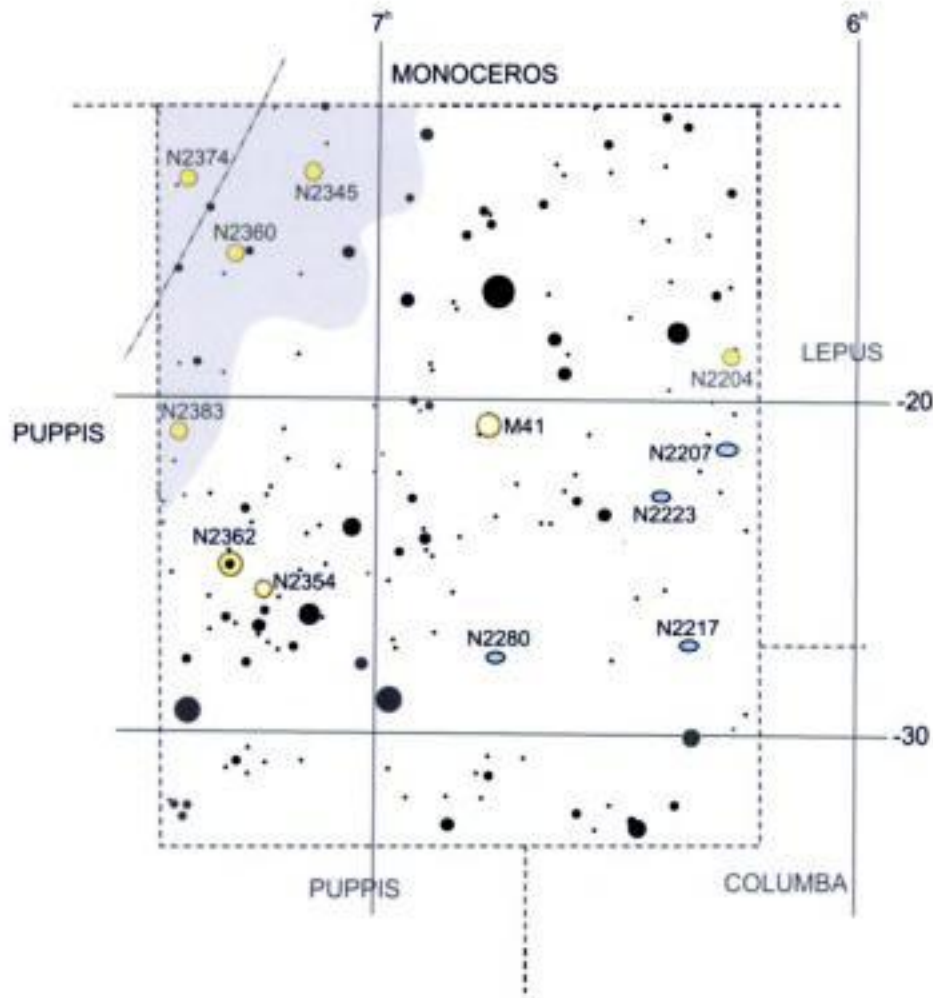
	<b>NGC 5005</b>										
	RA:	13 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 57.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canes Venatici							
	Dec:	37° 02' 52"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	5.0' x 2.2'	Mag:	9.8							
NGC 5005 is a small spiral galaxy located in the central region of the constellation.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



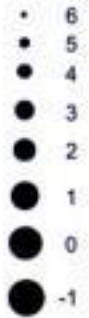
CMa

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
January thru February

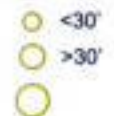
WINTER



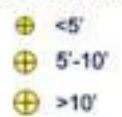
Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



**CANIS MAJOR**

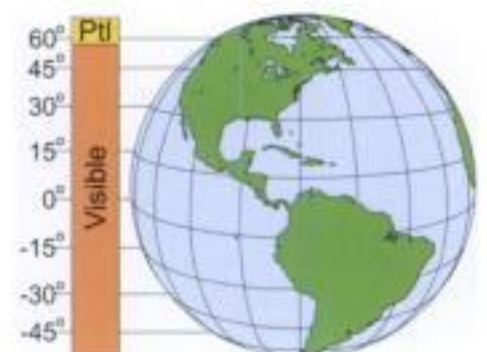


**Constellation Facts:**

**Canis Major; (KAY-niss MAY-jer)**

Canis Major, the Large Dog.  
 Constellation rises in the southeast and sets in the southwest.  
 Canis Major is located along the western edge of the Milky Way, and is visible low in the southern sky.  
 Canis Major covers 380 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 56° N to 90° S. Partially visible from 56° N to 80° N.



		<b>M41 (NGC 2287)</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 1.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Canis Major							
Dec: -20° 44' 03"		Type: Open Cluster								
Size: 38.0'		Mag: 4.5								
M41 (NGC 2287) is located approximately 4° south of Sirius. Object contains about 100 stars.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2354</b>								
		RA: 07 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 19.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Canis Major							
Dec: -25° 44' 06"		Type: Open Cluster								
Size: 20.0'		Mag: 6.5								
NGC 2354 is an appealing open cluster located in the hind legs of the "Dog". Object is composed of approximately 60 stars.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2362</b>								
		RA: 07 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 49.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Canis Major							
Dec: -24° 57' 07"		Type: Open Cluster								
Size: 8.0'		Mag: 4.1								
NGC 2362 is yet another open cluster found in the hind quarters of the "Dog". Object is comprised of approximately 40 stars.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2359</b>								
		RA: 07 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 37.9 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Canis Major							
Dec: -13° 12' 07"		Type: Emission Nebula								
Size: 8.0'		Mag: 10.4								
NGC 2359 is a dim emission nebula shaped similar to a twisted comet.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2360</b>								
		RA: 07 <sup>h</sup> 17 <sup>m</sup> 49.9 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Canis Major							
Dec: -15° 37' 07"		Type: Open Cluster								
Size: 13.0'		Mag: 7.2								
NGC 2360 is a rich open grouping of about 50 stars.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

	<b>NGC 2374</b>									
	RA:	07 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 2.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canis Major						
	Dec:	-13° 16' 07"	Type:	Open Cluster						
	Size:	19.0'	Mag:	8.0						
<p>NGC 2374 is a rich, scattered open cluster located in the northeastern region of the constellation.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 2204</b>									
	RA:	06 <sup>h</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 43.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canis Major						
	Dec:	-18° 38' 59"	Type:	Open Cluster						
	Size:	13.0'	Mag:	8.6						
<p>NGC 2204 is a rich collection of approximately 20 stars.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 2243</b>									
	RA:	06 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 49.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canis Major						
	Dec:	-31° 17' 00"	Type:	Open Cluster						
	Size:	5.0'	Mag:	9.4						
<p>NGC 2243 is a faint, small rich collection of 50 stars.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

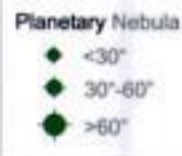
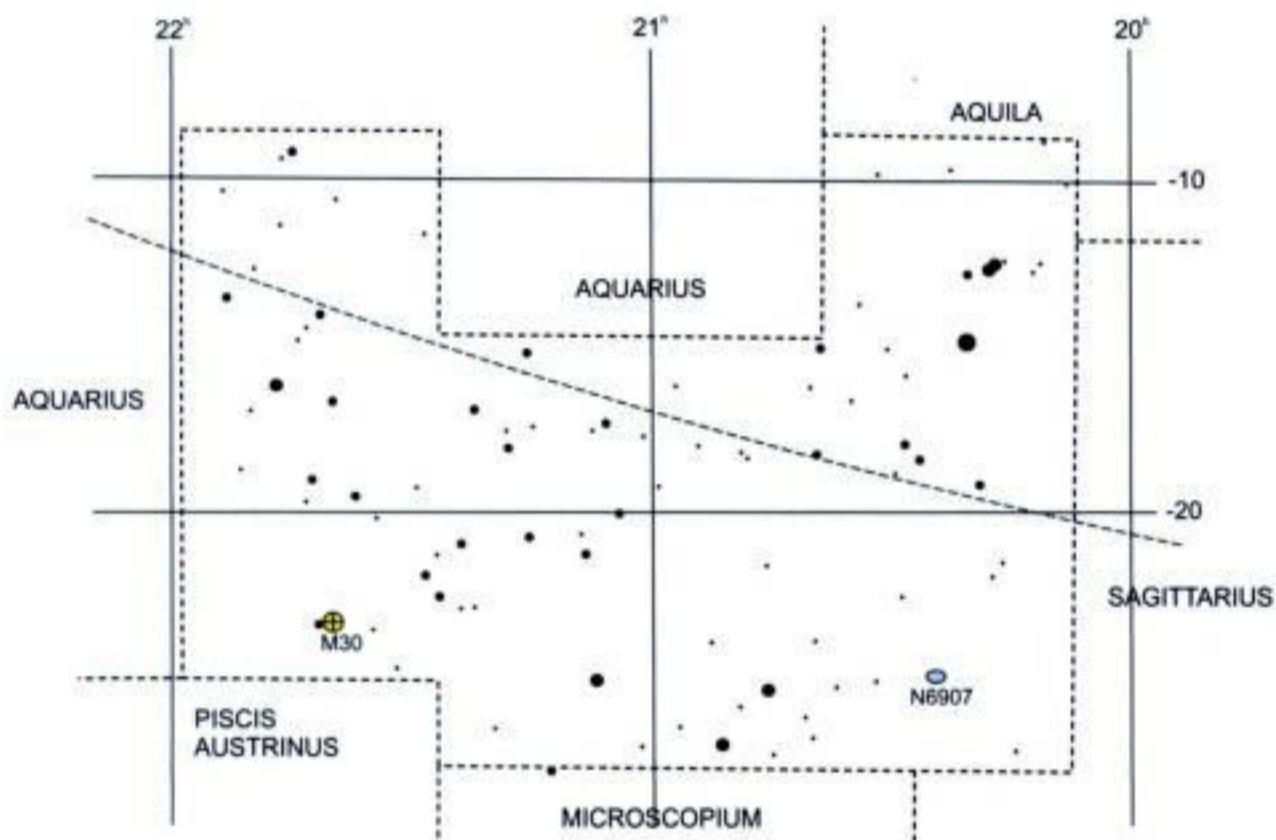


	<b>NGC 2207</b>									
	RA:	06 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 25.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canis Major						
	Dec:	-21° 21' 59"	Type:	Galaxy						
	Size:	3.5' x 2.0'	Mag:	10.7						
<p>NGC 2207 is possibly a double or interacting pair of galaxies.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 2217</b>									
	RA:	06 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 43.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Canis Major						
	Dec:	-27° 13' 59"	Type:	Barred Spiral						
	Size:	3.3' x 3.0'	Mag:	10.4						
<p>NGC 2217 is a barred spiral galaxy that appears in the eyepiece as an elongated disk with a bright core.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°





**CAPRICORNUS**

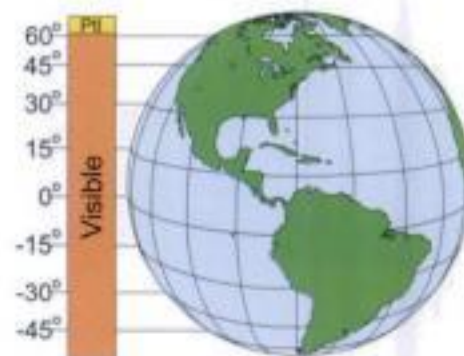


**Constellation Facts:**

**Capricornus; (CAP-rih-CORE-nus)**

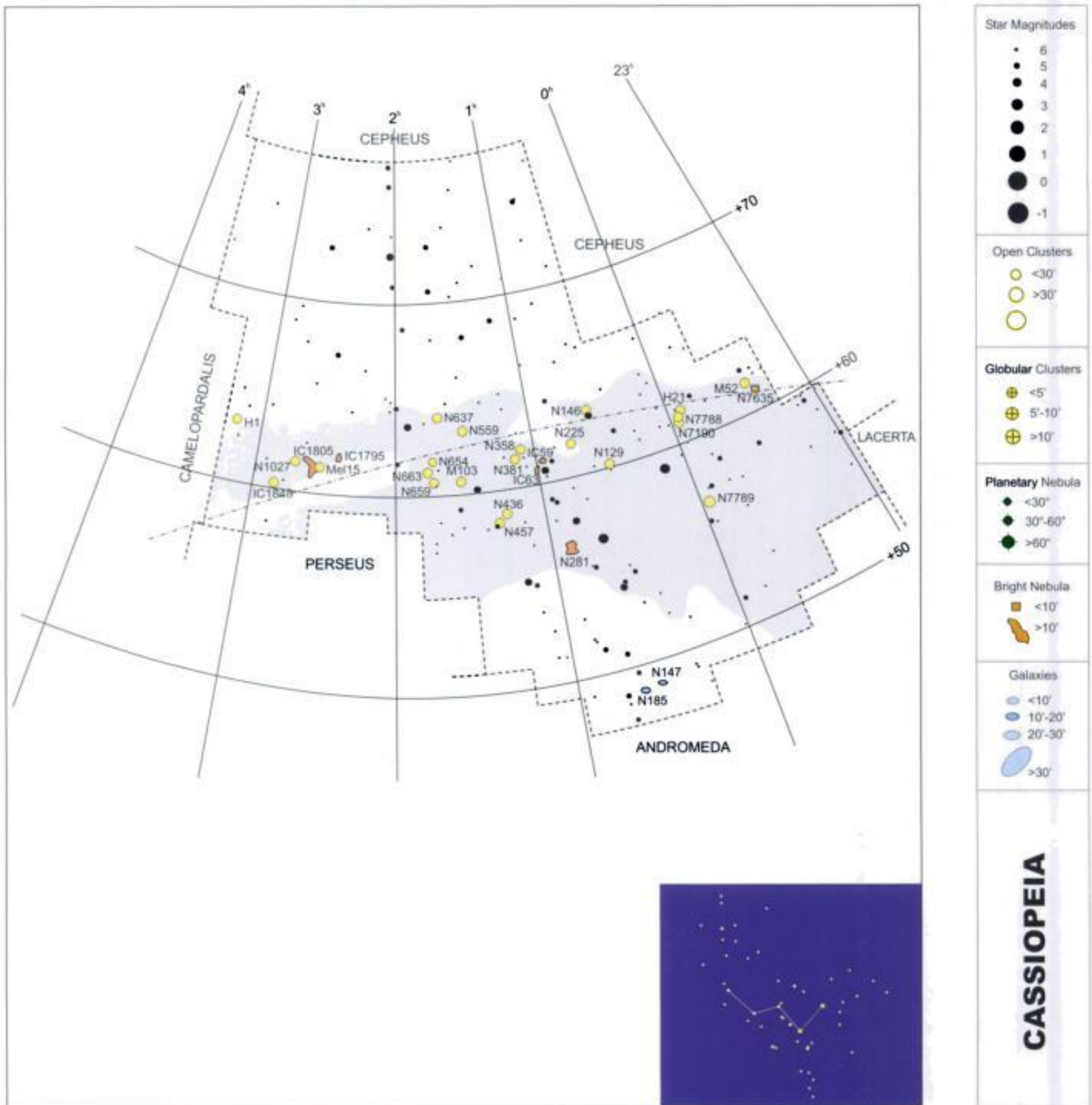
Capricornus, the Sea Goat.  
The constellation rises in the southeast, remains near the southern horizon before setting in the southwest.  
On clear nights the constellation is an elegant symmetrical figure of faint fourth and fifth magnitude stars.  
Constellation covers 414 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 62° N to 90° S. Partially visible from 62° N to 80° N.



		<b>M30 (NGC 7099)</b>								
		RA: 21° 40' 29.2"	Con: Capricornus							
		Dec: -23° 10' 32"	Type: Globular Cluster							
		Size: 11.0'	Mag: 7.5							
M30 (NGC 7099) is a highly resolved globular cluster.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

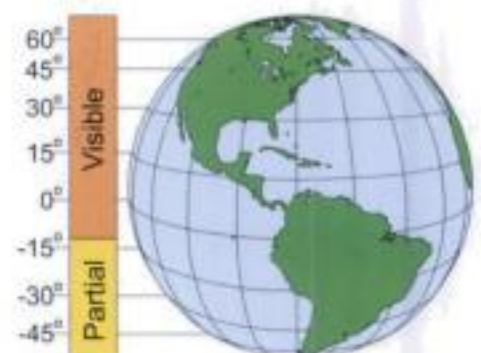
		<b>NGC 6907</b>								
		RA: 20° 25' 11.7"	Con: Capricornus							
		Dec: -24° 48' 40"	Type: Barred Spiral							
		Size: 3.0' x 2.5'	Mag: 11.3							
NGC 6907 is a barred spiral galaxy.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



**Constellation Facts:  
Cassiopeia; (KASS-ee-oh-PEE-ah)**

Cassiopeia, the Queen.  
North circumpolar constellation, thus it is above the horizon throughout the year.  
The "W" of Cassiopeia is one of the most familiar asterisms in the night sky. The constellation circles the northern sky in a counterclockwise direction.  
Cassiopeia is opposite the Galactic center in Sagittarius.  
The constellation covers 598 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 12° S. Partially visible from 12° S to 70° S.





	<b>NGC 654</b>									
	RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 10.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia								
	Dec: 61° 53' 05"	Type: Open Cluster								
	Size: 5.0'	Mag: 6.5								
NGC 654 is a dense open cluster.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

	<b>NGC 663</b>									
	RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 4.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia								
	Dec: 61° 15' 05"	Type: Open Cluster								
	Size: 16.0'	Mag: 7.1								
NGC 663 is a dense open cluster										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

	<b>IC 289</b>									
	RA: 03 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 22.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia								
	Dec: 61° 19' 01"	Type: Planetary Nebula								
	Size: 0.6'	Mag: 12.0								
IC 289 is a small and indistinct planetary nebula.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

	<b>IC 10</b>									
	RA: 00 <sup>h</sup> 20 <sup>m</sup> 28.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia								
	Dec: 59° 18' 09"	Type: Galaxy								
	Size: 5.0' x 4.0'	Mag: 10.0								
IC 10 is a small and indistinct planetary nebula.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

	<b>M103 (NGC 581)</b>									
	RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 33 <sup>m</sup> 16.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia								
	Dec: 60° 42' 06"	Type: Open Cluster								
	Size: 6.0'	Mag: 7.4								
M103 is a rich open cluster.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

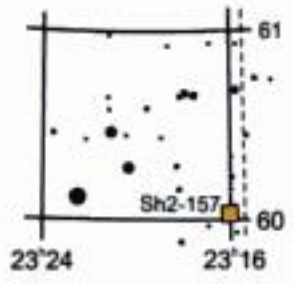

		<b>NGC 185</b>								
		RA: 00 <sup>h</sup> 39 <sup>m</sup> 4.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia							
		Dec: 48° 20' 11"	Type: Elliptical Galaxy							
		Size: 3.0' x 2.5'	Mag: 9.2							
NGC 185 is located in the extreme southern end of the constellation. Object is a dwarf elliptical galaxy.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 7635 "Bubble Nebula"</b>								
		RA: 23 <sup>h</sup> 20 <sup>m</sup> 46.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia							
		Dec: 61° 12' 10"	Type: Emission Nebula							
		Size: 15.0'	Mag:							
NGC 7635 the "Bubble Nebula" is located 1° southwest of M52. It is a faint emission nebula.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

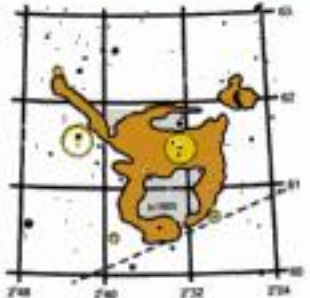

		<b>IC 1795</b>								
		RA: 02 <sup>h</sup> 26 <sup>m</sup> 34.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia							
		Dec: 62° 04' 03"	Type: Emission Nebula							
		Size: 20.0'	Mag:							
IC 1795 is yet another emission nebula located in Cassiopeia.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M52 (NGC 7654)</b>								
		RA: 23 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 16.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia							
		Dec: 61° 35' 10"	Type: Open Cluster							
		Size: 13.0'	Mag: 6.9							
M52 (NGC 7654) is a dense open cluster containing approximately 100 stars.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

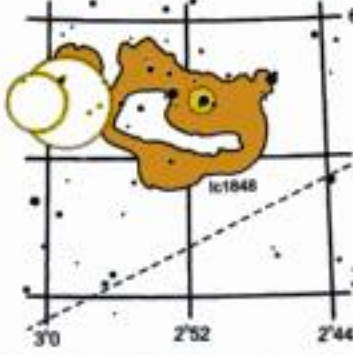

		<b>NGC 457 "Owl Cluster"</b>								
		RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 10.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia							
		Dec: 58° 20' 07"	Type: Open Cluster							
		Size: 13.0'	Mag: 6.4							
NGC 457 is the brightest open cluster in Cassiopeia. The cluster contains approximately 80 stars, and is commonly called the "Owl Cluster".										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>Sh2-157</b>								
		RA: 00 <sup>h</sup> 39 <sup>m</sup> 4.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia	Dec: 48° 20' 11"	Type: Emission Nebula	Size: 3.0' x 2.5'	Mag: 9.2			
Sh2-157 is located in the extreme southern end of the constellation. Object is a dwarf elliptical galaxy.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

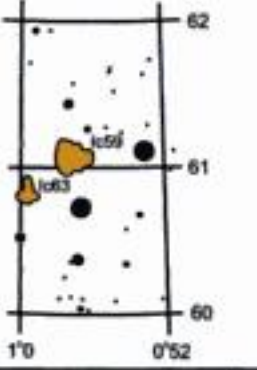



		<b>IC 1805</b>								
		RA: 02 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 46.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia	Dec: 61° 27' 03"	Type: Nebula & Cluster	Size: 60.0'	Mag: 6.0			
IC 1805 is a dense open cluster surrounded by nebula located in the southeastern corner of the constellation.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

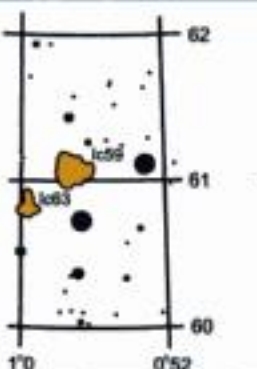



		<b>IC 1848</b>								
		RA: 02 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 16.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia	Dec: 60° 26' 02"	Type: Nebula & Cluster	Size: 60.0'	Mag: 6.0			
IC 1848 is located about 2.5° southeast of IC 1805. Cluster of stars surrounded by nebulosity.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



		<b>IC 59</b>								
		RA: 00 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 46.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia	Dec: 61° 04' 07"	Type: Nebula	Size: 10.0'	Mag:			
IC 59 is a faint nebula surrounding the star Gamma Cassiopeiae.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



		<b>IC 63</b>								
		RA: 00 <sup>h</sup> 59 <sup>m</sup> 34.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cassiopeia	Dec: 60° 49' 07"	Type: Nebula	Size: 10.0'	Mag:			
IC 63 is a companion nebula to IC 59 surrounding the star Gamma Cassiopeiae.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



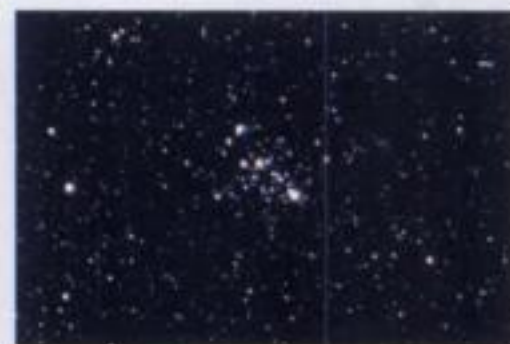
<p>Map Scaled to Fit.</p>	<b>NGC 281</b>										
	RA:	00 <sup>h</sup> 52 <sup>m</sup> 52.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cassiopeia							
	Dec:	56° 37' 08"	Type:	Nebula & Cluster							
	Size:	35.0'	Mag:	7.0							
<p>NGC 281 is an open cluster with an associated faint nebula covering an equilateral triangle of 7<sup>th</sup> magnitude stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



<p>Map Scaled to Fit.</p>	<b>NGC 7789</b>										
	RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 57 <sup>m</sup> 4.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cassiopeia							
	Dec:	56° 44' 10"	Type:	Open Cluster							
	Size:	16.0'	Mag:	6.7							
<p>NGC 7789 is a dense open cluster found 3" southwest of Beta Cassiopeiae. It is one of the finest open clusters in the night sky, consisting of approximately 300 stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

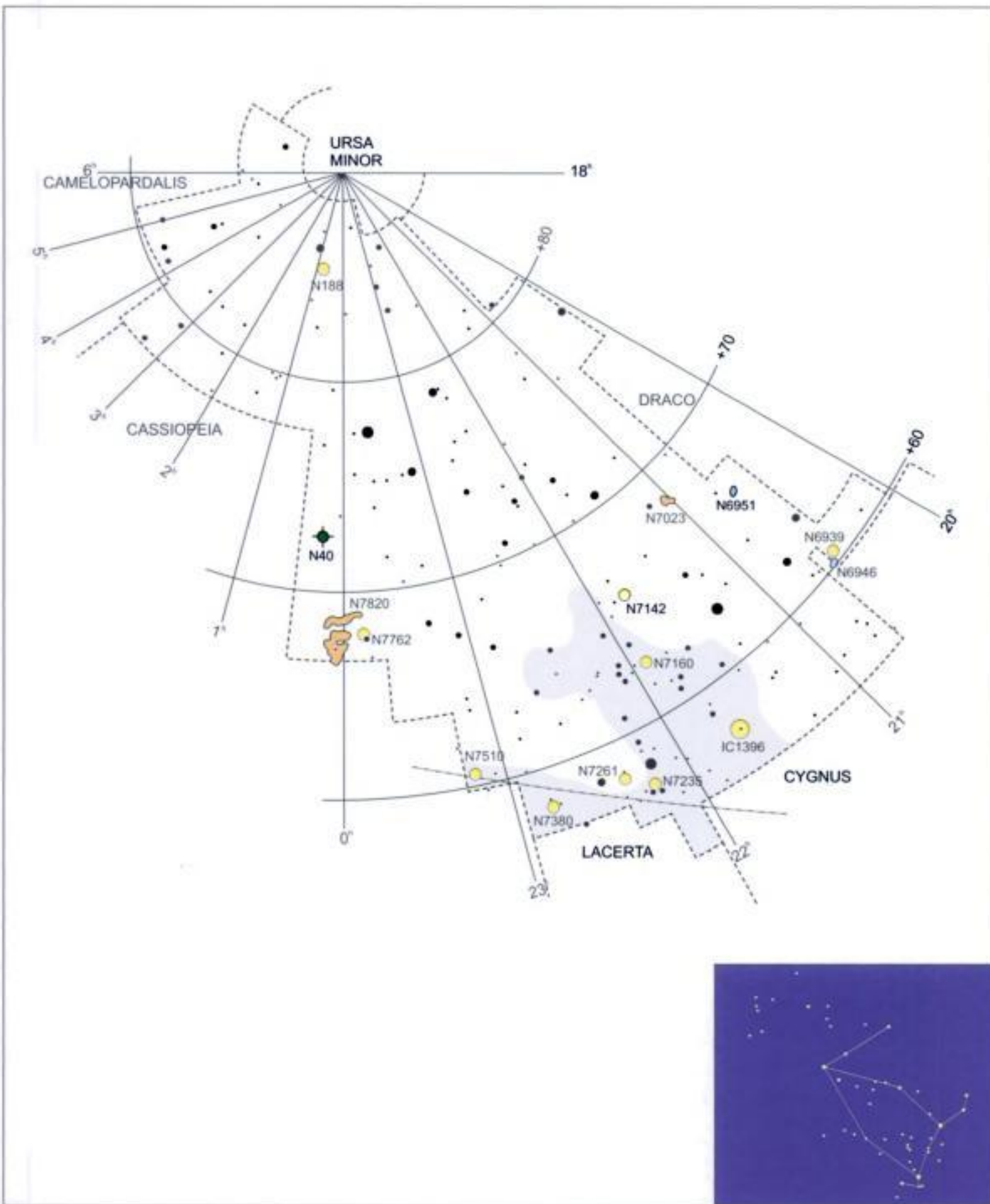


<p>Map Scaled to Fit.</p>	<b>NGC 103</b>										
	RA:	00 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 22.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cassiopeia							
	Dec:	61° 21' 08"	Type:	Open Cluster							
	Size:	5.0'	Mag:	9.8							
<p>NGC 103 is a rich open cluster located about 3" northeast of Beta Cassiopeiae. Cluster is comprised of approximately 30 stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



<p>Map Scaled to Fit.</p>	<b>NGC 129</b>										
	RA:	00 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 58.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cassiopeia							
	Dec:	60° 14' 08"	Type:	Open Cluster							
	Size:	21.0'	Mag:	6.5							
<p>NGC 129 is a large, bright, scattered open cluster located 1.5" south-southeast of NGC 103. Object is comprised of approximately 35 stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	





**Star Magnitudes**

- 6
- 5
- 4
- 3
- 2
- 1
- 0
- -1

**Open Clusters**

- <30'
- >30'

**Globular Clusters**

- ⊕ <5'
- ⊕ 5'-10'
- ⊕ >10'

**Planetary Nebula**

- <30'
- 30'-60'
- >60'

**Bright Nebula**

- <10'
- >10'

**Galaxies**

- <10'
- 10'-20'
- 20'-30'
- >30'

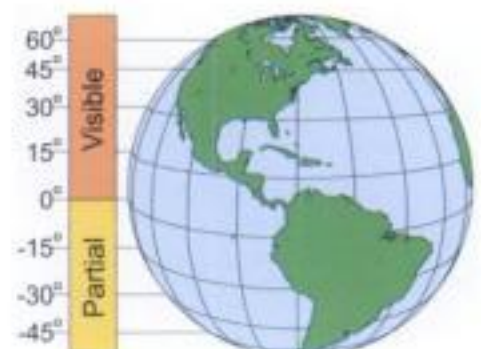
CEPHEUS

**Constellation Facts:**

**Cepheus; (SEE-fee-us)**

Cepheus, the King.  
A circumpolar constellation, Cepheus is above the horizon at all times. During the months June thru February, Cepheus is away from the horizon and easily seen during the evening hours. Faint constellation situated between Draco and Cassiopeia. Constellation covers 588 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 1° S. Partially visible from 1° S to 60° S.



		<b>VdB-140</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 1.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cepheus							
		Dec: -20° 44' 03"	Type: Reflection Nebula							
		Size: 12.0' x 10.0'	Mag:							
		VdB-140 displays its brightest regions in the northwest and northeast sectors. Object contains many small absorption patches scattered throughout.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 7822</b>								
		RA: 00 <sup>h</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 41.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cepheus							
		Dec: 68° 37' 06"	Type: Emission Nebula							
		Size: 60.0'	Mag: 9.0							
		NGC 7822 is an emission nebula with low surface brightness.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>Sh2-129</b>								
		RA: 20 <sup>h</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 35.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cepheus							
		Dec: -12° 31' 39"	Type: Emission Nebula							
		Size: 110' x 100'	Mag:							
		Sh2-129 is a faint, incomplete ring of nebulosity. Object displays filamentary structure, and is difficult in large scopes.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>Ced-214</b>								
		RA: 00 <sup>h</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 31.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cepheus							
		Dec: 67° 00' 36"	Type: Emission Nebula							
		Size: 55' x 40'	Mag: 7.3							
		Ced-214 is a faint emission nebula.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>VdB-142</b>								
		RA: 21 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 17.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Cepheus							
		Dec: -11° 21' 38"	Type: Reflection Nebula							
		Size: 1.0' x 1.0'	Mag:							
		VdB-142 is a patch of nebula involving an 8 <sup>th</sup> magnitude star.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 7380</b>									
		RA:	22 <sup>h</sup> 47 <sup>m</sup> 4.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cepheus	Dec:	58° 06' 11"	Type:	Cluster & Nebula	Size:	
NGC 7380 is an open cluster with associated nebula.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 7133</b>									
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 40.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cepheus	Dec:	66° 03' 11"	Type:	Reflection Nebula	Size:	
NGC 7133 is a faint reflection nebula.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>IC 1396</b>									
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 39 <sup>m</sup> 10.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cepheus	Dec:	57° 30' 12"	Type:	Emission Nebula	Size:	
IC 1396 is large emission nebula.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 7510</b>									
		RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 11 <sup>m</sup> 34.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cepheus	Dec:	60° 34' 10"	Type:	Open Cluster	Size:	
NGC 7510 is a bright compact open cluster comprised of approximately 60 stars.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>IC 1470</b>									
		RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 16.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cepheus	Dec:	60° 15' 11"	Type:	Emission Nebula	Size:	
IC 1470 is a small emission nebula.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 40</b>								
		RA:	00 <sup>h</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 5.4 <sup>s</sup>				Con:	Cepheus		
		Dec:	72° 32' 07"	Type:	Planetary Nebula					
		Size:	0.6'	Mag:	11.0					
<p>NGC 40 is one of the finest planetary nebulae found at high declinations. Object displays a planetary nebula disk with a central star.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 188</b>								
		RA:	00 <sup>h</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 10.7 <sup>s</sup>				Con:	Cepheus		
		Dec:	85° 20' 04"	Type:	Open Cluster					
		Size:	14.0'	Mag:	8.1					
<p>NGC 188 is a dense open cluster found near the north celestial pole. Object consists of 120 stars.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 7023 "Iris Nebula"</b>								
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 00 <sup>m</sup> 34.2 <sup>s</sup>				Con:	Cepheus		
		Dec:	68° 10' 11"	Type:	Cluster & Nebula					
		Size:	18.0'	Mag:	7.0					
<p>NGC 7023 is a faint reflection nebula with an associated cluster.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 6939</b>								
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 28.1 <sup>s</sup>				Con:	Cepheus		
		Dec:	60° 38' 11"	Type:	Open Cluster					
		Size:	8.0'	Mag:	7.8					
<p>NGC 6939 is located in the far western part of the constellation. Cluster contains approximately 80 stars.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

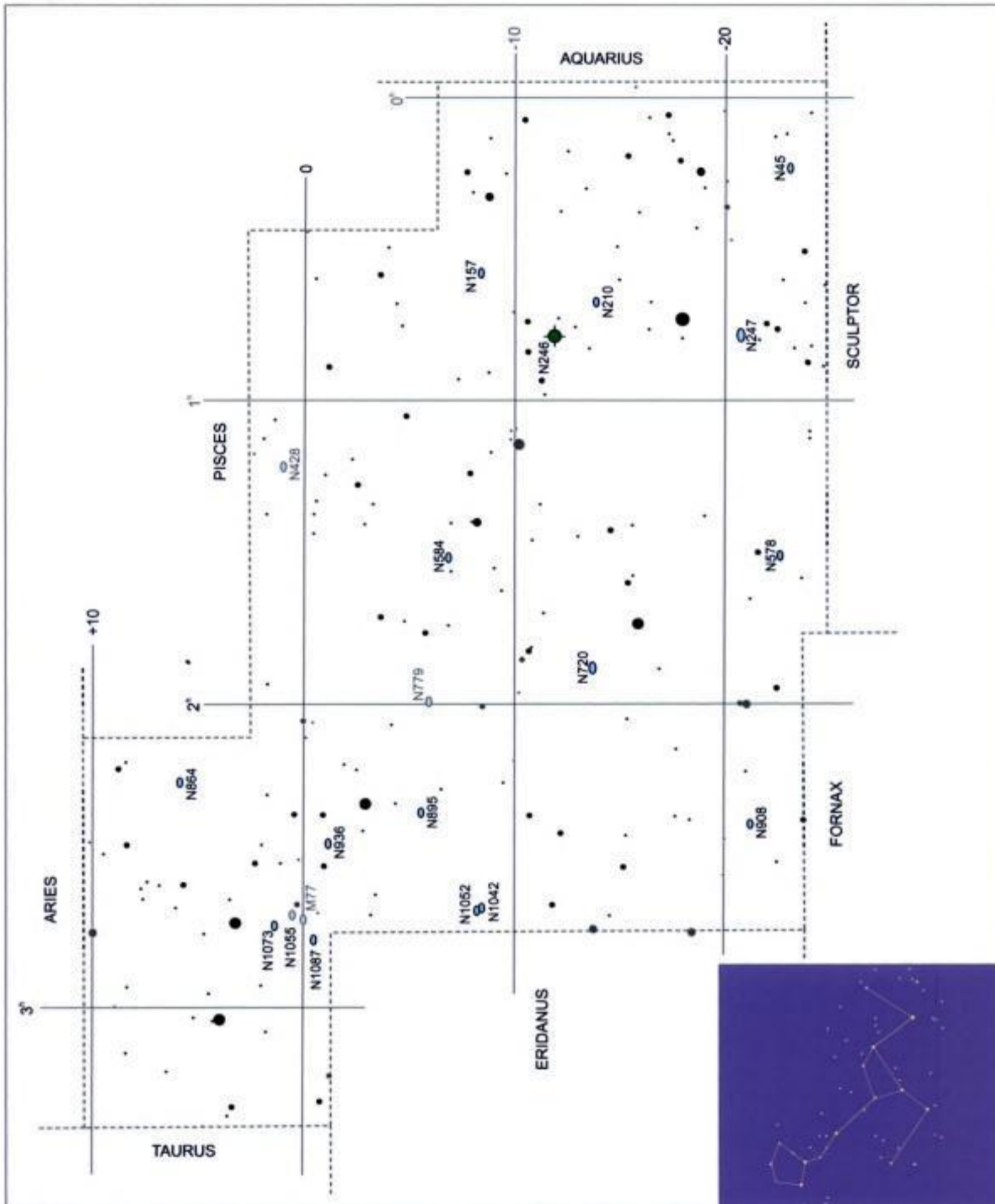
		<b>NGC 6946</b>								
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 34 <sup>m</sup> 52.1 <sup>s</sup>				Con:	Cepheus		
		Dec:	60° 09' 12"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
		Size:	9.0'	Mag:	8.9					
<p>NGC 6946 is a spiral galaxy that is face-on to our line of sight.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



# Cet

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
October thru December

SUMMER



Star Magnitudes	
•	6
•	5
•	4
•	3
•	2
•	1
•	0
•	-1
Open Clusters	
○	<30'
○	>30'
Globular Clusters	
⊕	<5'
⊕	5'-10'
⊕	>10'
Planetary Nebula	
◆	<30"
◆	30"-60"
◆	>60"
Bright Nebula	
■	<10'
■	>10'
Galaxies	
○	<10'
○	10'-20'
○	20'-30'
○	>30'

**CETUS**

## Constellation Facts:

### Cetus; (SEE-tus)

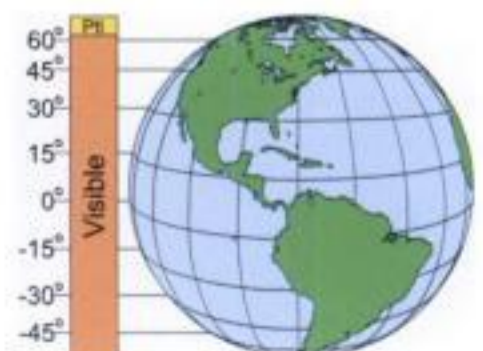
Cetus, the Whale.

Cetus is an equatorial constellation, it rises in the east, crosses the meridian halfway between the horizon and the zenith, and sets in the west.

Cetus encompasses a large portion of the sky. It is comprised of faint stars.

The constellation covers 1231 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 65° N to 79° S. Partially visible from 65° N to 90° N.



	<b>M77 (NGC 1068)</b>										
	RA:	02 <sup>h</sup> 42 <sup>m</sup> 45.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cetus							
	Dec:	-00° 00' 40"	Type:	Seyfert Galaxy							
	Size:	7.0'	Mag:	8.8							
<p>M77 (NGC 1068) is found about 1° southeast of Delta Ceti. Object is a Seyfert Galaxy and is classed as an Sb-type spiral galaxy.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 1055</b>										
	RA:	02 <sup>h</sup> 41 <sup>m</sup> 51.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cetus							
	Dec:	00° 26' 20"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	7.0' x 2.5'	Mag:	10.6							
<p>NGC 1055 is an edge-on galaxy that is classed as an Sb-type spiral.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 157</b>										
	RA:	00 <sup>h</sup> 34 <sup>m</sup> 51.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cetus							
	Dec:	-08° 23' 31"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	4.5' x 2.7'	Mag:	10.4							
<p>NGC 157 is a small spiral galaxy found south of IC 1613. Object displays many arms and is classed as an Sc-type spiral.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 246</b>										
	RA:	00 <sup>h</sup> 47 <sup>m</sup> 5.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cetus							
	Dec:	-11° 52' 24"	Type:	Planetary Nebula							
	Size:	3.8'	Mag:	8.0							
<p>NGC 246 is located a few degrees southeast of NGC 157. The object is one of the largest planetary nebulae.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 908</b>										
	RA:	02 <sup>h</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 8.9 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cetus							
	Dec:	-21° 13' 31"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	5.3' x 2.6'	Mag:	10.2							
<p>NGC 908 is found in the central region of the constellation. The object is a late type spiral galaxy which displays prominent and loose spiral arms.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

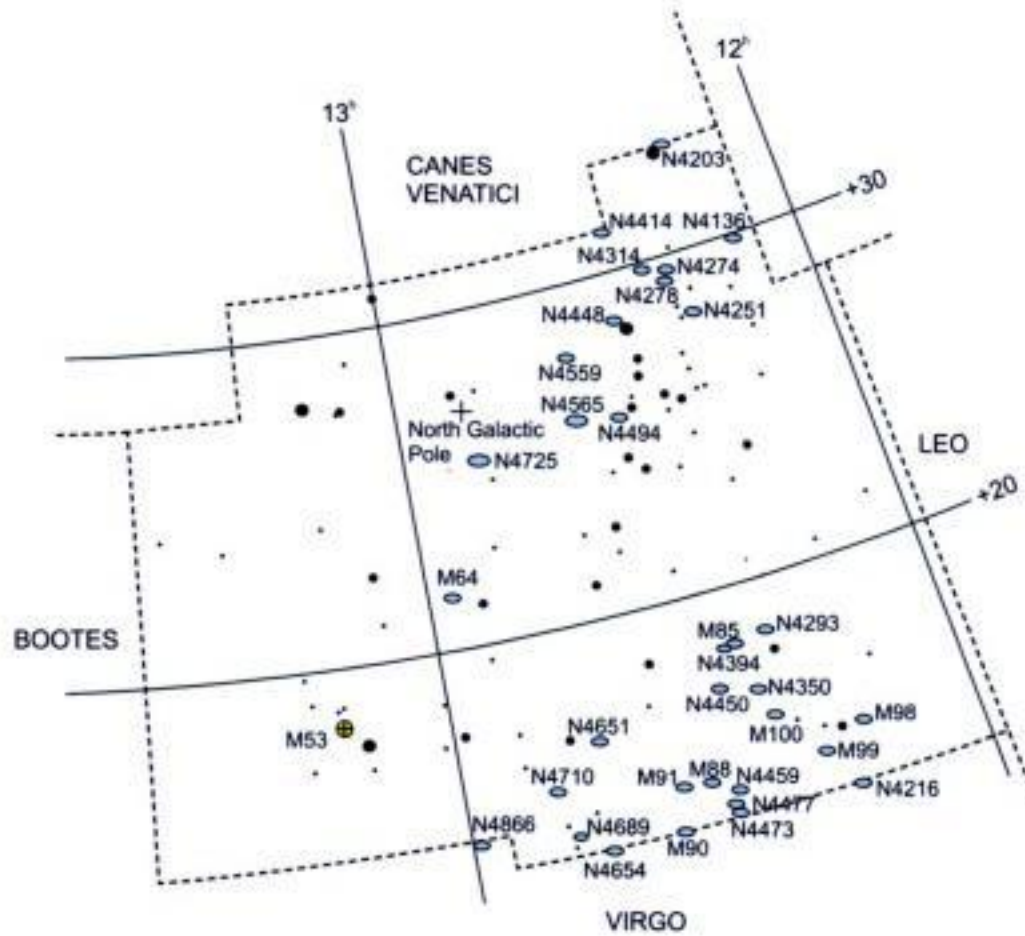


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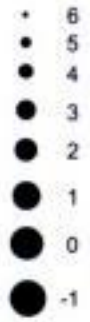
Crosses Prime Meridian:

April thru May

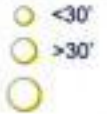
SPRING



Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



COMA BERENICES



Constellation Facts:

Coma Berenices;

Coma Berenices, Berenices Hair.  
Constellation covers 386 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 55° S. Partially visible from 55° S to 90° S.



	<b>NGC 4725</b>									
	RA: 12 <sup>h</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 27.3 <sup>s</sup>		Con: Coma Berenices							
	Dec: 25° 29' 48"		Type: Spiral Galaxy							
	Size: 11.0' x 6.0'		Mag: 9.2							
NGC 4725 appears as an elongated galaxy with a bright core in the eyepiece.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 4298</b>									
	RA: 12 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 33.3 <sup>s</sup>		Con: Coma Berenices							
	Dec: 14° 35' 44"		Type: Galaxy							
	Size: 3.0' x 1.5'		Mag: 11.4							
NGC 4298 is a small bright galaxy. Object displays filamentary arms displaying dark lanes.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



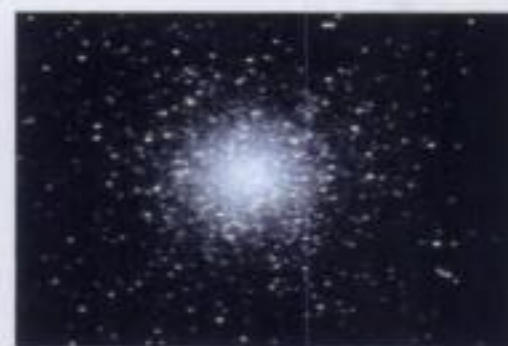
	<b>NGC 4302</b>									
	RA: 12 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 45.2 <sup>s</sup>		Con: Coma Berenices							
	Dec: 14° 35' 44"		Type: Galaxy							
	Size: 5.0' x 0.6'		Mag: 11.6							
NGC 4302 is one part of an interacting pair of galaxies.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 4565</b>									
	RA: 12 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 21.3 <sup>s</sup>		Con: Coma Berenices							
	Dec: 25° 58' 48"		Type: Spiral Galaxy							
	Size: 12.0' x 1.5'		Mag: 9.6							
NGC 4565 is located 3° from the north galactic pole. Object is the best example of an edge-on spiral galaxy.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>M53 (NGC 5024)</b>									
	RA: 13 <sup>h</sup> 12 <sup>m</sup> 57.5 <sup>s</sup>		Con: Coma Berenices							
	Dec: 18° 09' 46"		Type: Globular Cluster							
	Size: 12.6'		Mag: 7.7							
M53 is found in the eastern portion of the constellation. Object is 1° northwest of the binary star alpha Comae Berenices.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



		<b>NGC 5053</b>																				
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>13<sup>h</sup> 16<sup>m</sup> 27.5<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Coma Berenices</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>17° 41' 46"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Globular Cluster</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>10.5'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>9.8</td> </tr> </table>	RA:		13 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 27.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices	Dec:	17° 41' 46"	Type:	Globular Cluster	Size:	10.5'	Mag:	9.8	<p>NGC 5053 is located 1° southeast of M53 and is classified as a loose globular cluster. Object contains 3,400 stars.</p>						
RA:	13 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 27.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices																			
Dec:	17° 41' 46"	Type:	Globular Cluster																			
Size:	10.5'	Mag:	9.8																			
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10												
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°												



		<b>M64 (NGC 4826) "Black-eye Galaxy"</b>																				
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>12<sup>h</sup> 56<sup>m</sup> 45.4<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Coma Berenices</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>21° 40' 47"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Spiral Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>10.0' x 3.8'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>8.5</td> </tr> </table>	RA:		12 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 45.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices	Dec:	21° 40' 47"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy	Size:	10.0' x 3.8'	Mag:	8.5	<p>M64 received its name because of a dust patch superimposed across its face. Object is a type Sb galaxy.</p>						
RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 45.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices																			
Dec:	21° 40' 47"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy																			
Size:	10.0' x 3.8'	Mag:	8.5																			
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10												
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°												



		<b>M85 (NGC 4382)</b>																				
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>12<sup>h</sup> 25<sup>m</sup> 27.3<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Coma Berenices</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>18° 10' 45"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Lenticular Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>7.5' x 6.5'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>9.2</td> </tr> </table>	RA:		12 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 27.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices	Dec:	18° 10' 45"	Type:	Lenticular Galaxy	Size:	7.5' x 6.5'	Mag:	9.2	<p>M85 is located near the border with Virgo, about 5° north of the Virgo clusters heart. The object is a lenticular galaxy.</p>						
RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 27.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices																			
Dec:	18° 10' 45"	Type:	Lenticular Galaxy																			
Size:	7.5' x 6.5'	Mag:	9.2																			
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10												
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°												



		<b>M100 (NGC 4321)</b>																				
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>12<sup>h</sup> 22<sup>m</sup> 57.3<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Coma Berenices</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>15° 48' 44"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Spiral Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>8.8' x 6.0'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>9.4</td> </tr> </table>	RA:		12 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 57.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices	Dec:	15° 48' 44"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy	Size:	8.8' x 6.0'	Mag:	9.4	<p>M100 is a loose Sc-type spiral galaxy. It is the largest spiral galaxy in the Virgo cluster.</p>						
RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 57.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices																			
Dec:	15° 48' 44"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy																			
Size:	8.8' x 6.0'	Mag:	9.4																			
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10												
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°												



		<b>M98 (NGC 5024)</b>																				
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>12<sup>h</sup> 13<sup>m</sup> 51.3<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Coma Berenices</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>14° 53' 44"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Spiral Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>10.5' x 2.6'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>10.1</td> </tr> </table>	RA:		12 <sup>h</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 51.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices	Dec:	14° 53' 44"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy	Size:	10.5' x 2.6'	Mag:	10.1	<p>M98 is an elongated nearly edge-on Sb-type spiral galaxy.</p>						
RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 51.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices																			
Dec:	14° 53' 44"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy																			
Size:	10.5' x 2.6'	Mag:	10.1																			
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10												
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°												



		<b>M99 (NGC 4254) "Pin-Wheel Galaxy"</b>								
		RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 51.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices					
		Dec:	14° 24' 44"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
		Size:	6.0' x 5.0'	Mag:	9.8					
M99 is a face-on Sc-type spiral galaxy.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

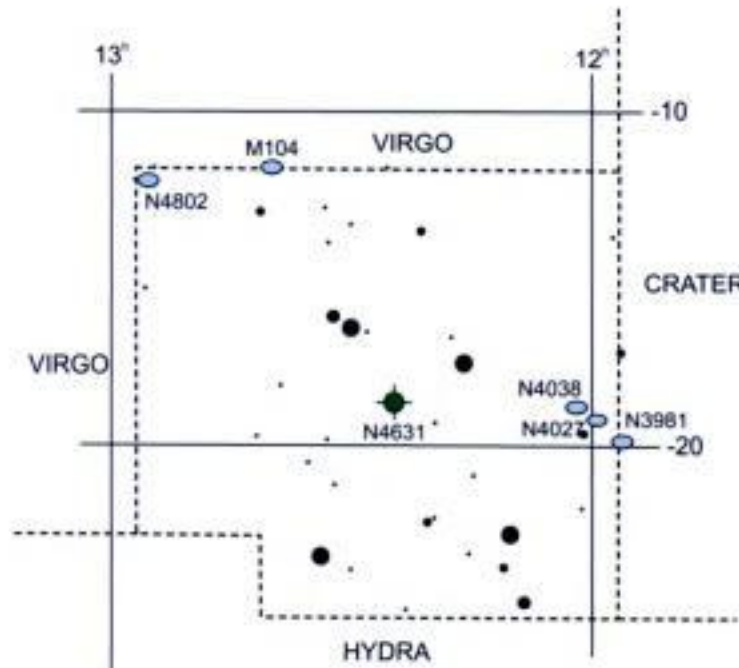
		<b>M88 (NGC 4501)</b>								
		RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 3.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Coma Berenices					
		Dec:	14° 24' 44"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
		Size:	6.0' x 3.0'	Mag:	9.5					
M88 is a multiple arm spiral galaxy. Object is inclined 30° from edge-on to our line of sight.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

Crv

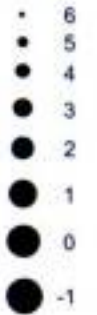
Crosses Prime Meridian:

April thru May

SPRING



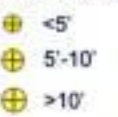
Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



CORVUS



Constellation Facts:

Corvus; (CORE-VUSS)

Corvus, the Crow.  
 Corvus follows a southerly sky track, rising in the southeast and setting in the southwest.  
 Marked only by 3rd magnitude stars, the compact figure of Corvus is an interesting sight in an otherwise sparse region of the sky.  
 Corvus covers 184 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 65° N to 90° S. Partially visible from 65° N to 80° N.



		<b>NGC 4038 "Antennae Galaxy"</b>												
		RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 01 <sup>m</sup> 57.3 <sup>s</sup>										Con:	Corvus
		Dec:	-18° 52' 27"										Type:	Interacting Galaxy
		Size:	1.7' x 1.2'										Mag:	10.7
NGC 4038 is an interacting galaxy with NGC 4039.														
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				

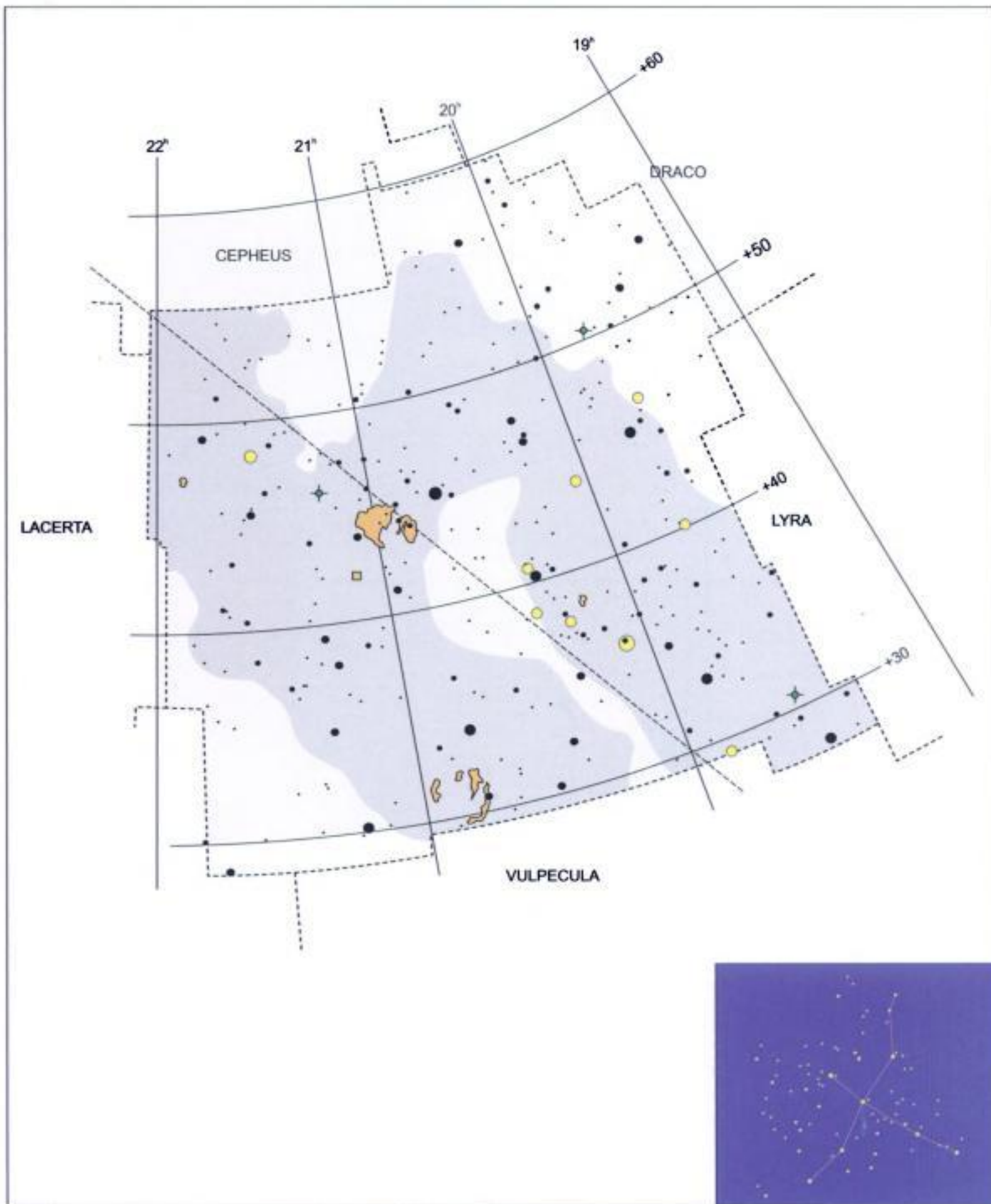
		<b>NGC 4361</b>												
		RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 33.5 <sup>s</sup>										Con:	Corvus
		Dec:	-18° 48' 27"										Type:	Planetary Nebula
		Size:	1.8'										Mag:	10.0
NGC 4361 is an irregular planetary nebula.														
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				



Cyg

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
August thru September

SUMMER



- Star Magnitudes
- 6
  - 5
  - 4
  - 3
  - 2
  - 1
  - 0
  - -1
- Open Clusters
- <30'
  - >30'
- Globular Clusters
- ⊕ <5'
  - ⊕ 5'-10'
  - ⊕ >10'
- Planetary Nebula
- ◆ <30"
  - ◆ 30"-60"
  - ◆ >60"
- Bright Nebula
- <10'
  - >10'
- Galaxies
- <10'
  - 10'-20'
  - 20'-30'
  - >30'

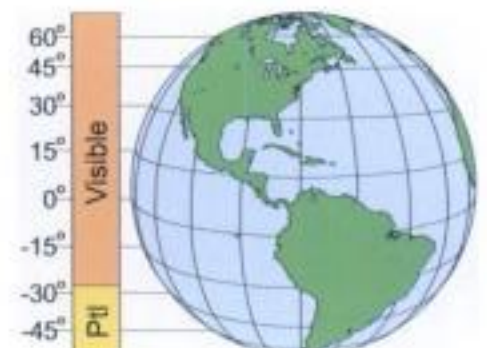
CYGNUS

**Constellation Facts:**

**Cygnus; (SIG-nus)**

Cygnus, the Swan;  
is visible from June thru January.  
The constellation rises in the northeast, crosses the meridian and sets towards the northwest.  
The stars of Cygnus are part of an attractive asterism known as the Northern Cross. The bird is portrayed flying towards the southwest, directly along the centerline of the Milky Way.  
The constellation covers 804 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 28° S. Partially visible from 28° S to 90° S.



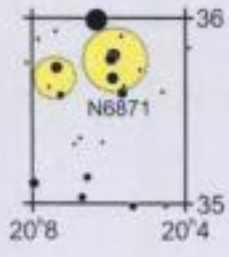


		<b>M39 (NGC 7092)</b>															
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 16.3 <sup>s</sup>													Con:	Cygnus
		Dec:	48° 26' 14"													Type:	Open Cluster
		Size:	32.0'													Mag:	4.6
		M39 (NGC 7092) is a large scattered open cluster. Object contains at least 28 stars.															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10							
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°							

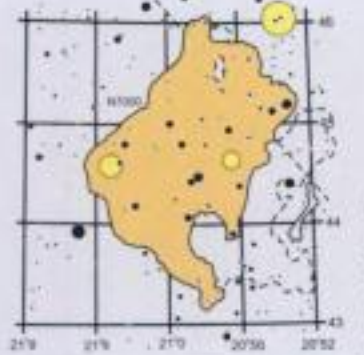


		<b>M29 (NGC 6913)</b>															
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 54.0 <sup>s</sup>													Con:	Cygnus
		Dec:	38° 32' 14"													Type:	Open Cluster
		Size:	7.0'													Mag:	6.6
		M29 (NGC 6913) is an unimpressive open cluster. Object contains 81 stars of 9 <sup>th</sup> magnitude or fainter.															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10							
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°							

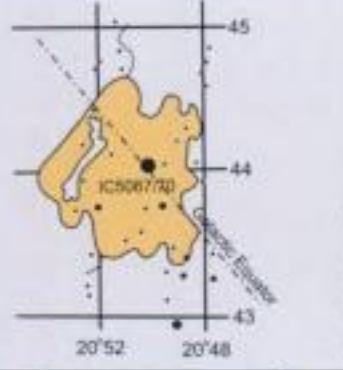


		<b>IC 1318</b>															
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 16.3 <sup>s</sup>													Con:	Cygnus
		Dec:	40° 15' 14"													Type:	Emission Nebula
		Size:	240.0'													Mag:	
		IC 1318 is a large region of emission nebula. Object is separated into five distinct regions by dark nebula.															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10							
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°							

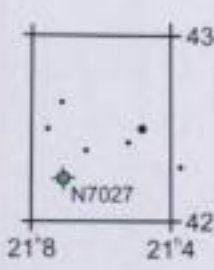

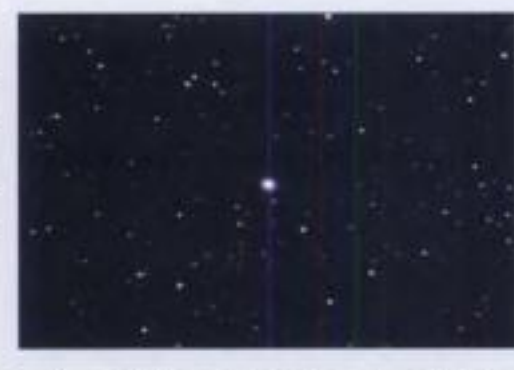
		<b>NGC 6910</b>															
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 10.3 <sup>s</sup>													Con:	Cygnus
		Dec:	40° 47' 14"													Type:	Open Cluster
		Size:	8.0'													Mag:	7.4
		NGC 6910 is a bright, scattered open cluster embedded in the nebula complex of IC 1318. Object consists of 66 stars.															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10							
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°							

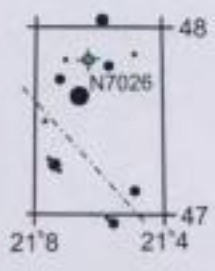


		<b>NGC 6888 "Crescent Nebula"</b>															
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 12 <sup>m</sup> 4.3 <sup>s</sup>													Con:	Cygnus
		Dec:	38° 21' 13"													Type:	Nebula
		Size:	20.0'													Mag:	14.0
		NGC 6888 the "Crescent Nebula" is a faint supernova remnant. It is a young shell of ionized gas that is expanding outward from a host central Wolf-Rayet star.															
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10							
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°							

		<b>NGC 6871</b>									
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 58.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus	Dec:	35° 47' 13"	Type:	Open Cluster	Size:	
<p>NGC 6871 is a rich open cluster found in the central region of Cygnus.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 7000 "North American Nebula"</b>									
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 58 <sup>m</sup> 52.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus	Dec:	44° 20' 14"	Type:	Emission Nebula	Size:	
<p>NGC 7000 the "North American Nebula" is a large emission nebula found just southeast of Deneb.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>IC 5067/70 "Pelican Nebula"</b>									
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 52.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus	Dec:	44° 21' 14"	Type:	Emission Nebula	Size:	
<p>IC 5067/70 the "Pelican Nebula" is found due west of NGC 7000. Object is separated from NGC 7000 by a broad band of dust.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

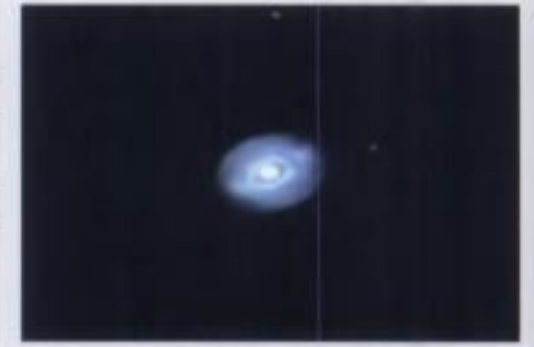
		<b>NGC 7027</b>									
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 07 <sup>m</sup> 10.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus	Dec:	42° 14' 14"	Type:	Planetary Nebula	Size:	
<p>NGC 7027 is a small irregular planetary nebula. Object is located near NGC 7000.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 7026</b>									
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 06 <sup>m</sup> 22.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus	Dec:	47° 51' 13"	Type:	Planetary Nebula	Size:	
<p>NGC 7026 is another irregular planetary nebula located in Cygnus.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 7048</b>									
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 16.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus						
		Dec:	46° 16' 14"	Type:	Planetary Nebula						
		Size:	1.0'	Mag:	11.0						
NGC 7048 is a planetary nebula.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



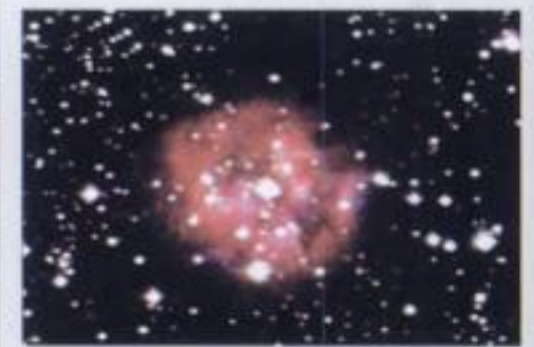
		<b>NGC 6826 "Blinking Planetary"</b>									
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 52.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus						
		Dec:	50° 31' 12"	Type:	Planetary Nebula						
		Size:	2.3'	Mag:	10.0						
NGC 6826; called the "Blinking Planetary". Visual intensity changes with direct and averted vision.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



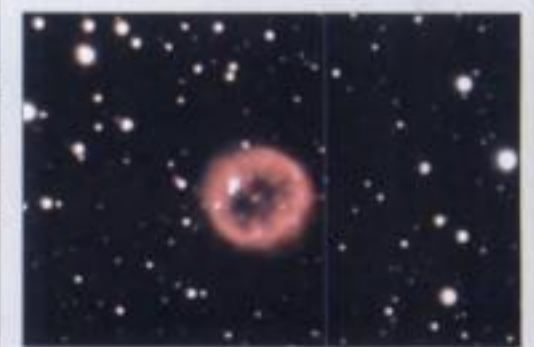
		<b>NGC 7008</b>									
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 00 <sup>m</sup> 40.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus						
		Dec:	54° 33' 12"	Type:	Planetary Nebula						
		Size:	1.4'	Mag:	13.0						
NGC 7008 is a planetary nebula ring with a central star.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

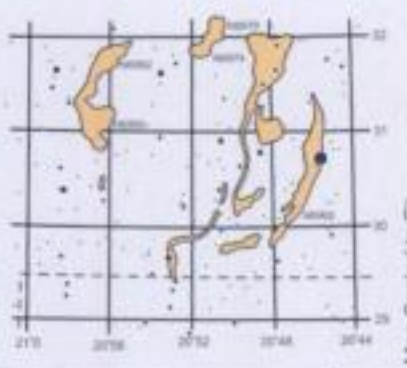



		<b>IC 5146</b>									
		RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 28.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus						
		Dec:	47° 16' 14"	Type:	Cluster & Nebula						
		Size:	12.0'	Mag:	7.0						
IC 5146 is an open cluster and associated nebulosity.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

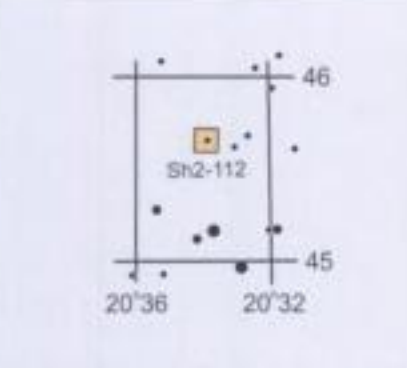



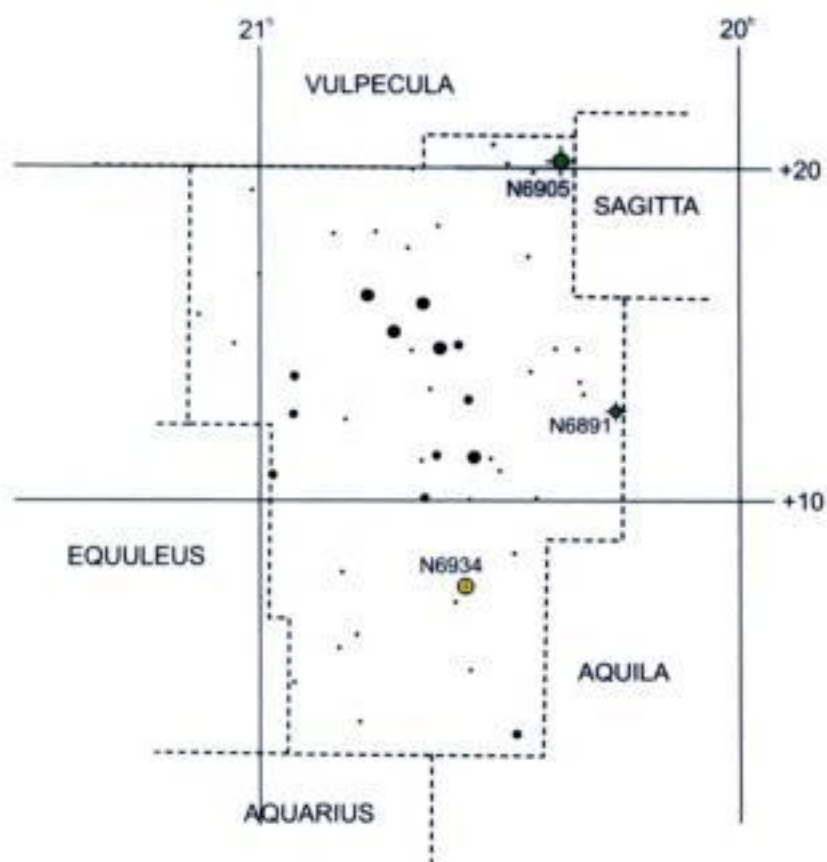
		<b>NGC 6894</b>									
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 28.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus						
		Dec:	30° 34' 14"	Type:	Planetary Nebula						
		Size:	0.7'	Mag:	14.0						
NGC 6894 is a planetary nebula ring.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



 <p>Map Scaled to Fit</p>	<b>Veil Nebula</b>										
	RA:		Con:	Cygnus							
	Dec:		Type:	Nebula							
	Size:		Mag:								
<p>Veil Nebula consists of 4 distinct bright regions of nebulosity. NGC numbers of the regions are as follows: NGC 6960, NGC 6979, NGC 6992, NGC 6995</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

	<b>Sh2-104</b>										
	RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 52.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus							
	Dec:	50° 31' 12"	Type:	Emission Nebula							
	Size:	2.3'	Mag:								
Sh2-104 is an emission nebula.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

	<b>Sh2-112</b>										
	RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 00 <sup>m</sup> 40.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Cygnus							
	Dec:	54° 33' 12"	Type:	Emission Nebula							
	Size:	13.0' x 13.0'	Mag:								
Sh2-112 is an emission nebula.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



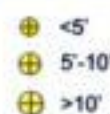
Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



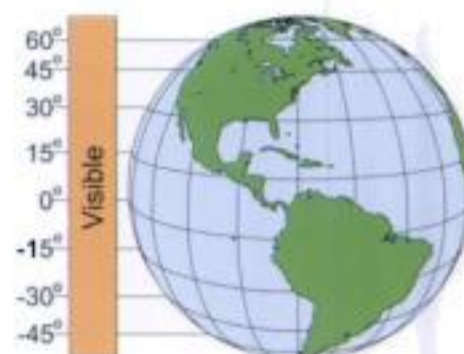
**DELPHINUS**

**Constellation Facts:**

**Delphinus; (del-FEE-nus)**

Delphinus, the Dolphin.  
The constellation is tucked between Aquila and Pegasus. Constellation rises in the northeastern sky, passes overhead and sets towards the northwest.  
Delphinus covers 189 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 69° S. Partially visible from 69° S to 90° S.

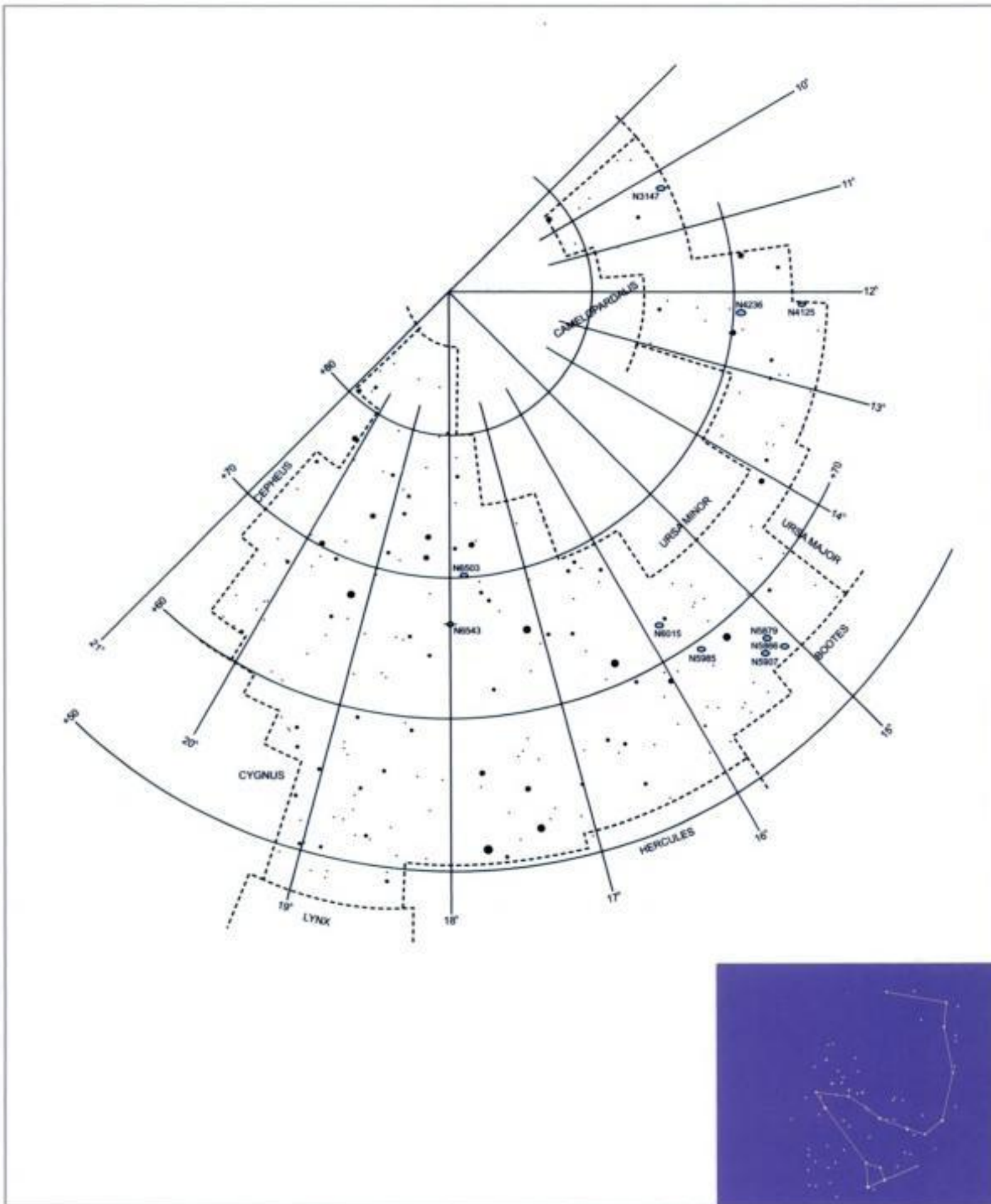


		<b>NGC 6891</b>								
		RA: 20 <sup>h</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 16.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Delphinus							
		Dec: 12° 42' 16"	Type: Planetary Nebula							
		Size: 1.2'	Mag: 12.0							
NGC 6891 is a planetary nebula found on the western edge of the constellation.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 6905 "Blue Flash Nebula"</b>								
		RA: 20 <sup>h</sup> 22 <sup>m</sup> 28.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Delphinus							
		Dec: 20° 07' 16"	Type: Planetary Nebula							
		Size: 1.7'	Mag: 12.0							
NGC 6905 is a small bright planetary nebula found in the northern region of Delphinus.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 6934</b>								
		RA: 20 <sup>h</sup> 34 <sup>m</sup> 16.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Delphinus							
		Dec: 07° 24' 18"	Type: Globular Cluster							
		Size: 5.9'	Mag: 8.9							
NGC 6934 is found in the southern regions of the constellation.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 7006</b>								
		RA: 21 <sup>h</sup> 01 <sup>m</sup> 34.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Delphinus							
		Dec: 16° 11' 18"	Type: Globular Cluster							
		Size: 2.8'	Mag: 10.6							
NGC 7006 is a mottled globular cluster found 10° from NGC 6934 in the northeast portion of the constellation.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



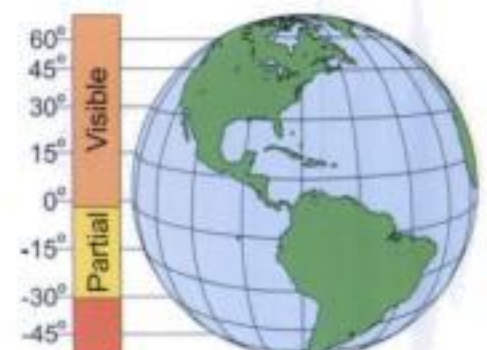
**DRACO**

**Constellation Facts:**

**Draco; (DRAY-ko)**

Is a northern circumpolar constellation, and is visible throughout the year. The constellation covers 1083 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 4° S. Partially visible from 4° S to 30° S.





		<b>M102 (NGC 5866)</b>								
		RA:	15 <sup>h</sup> 06 <sup>m</sup> 33.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Draco				
		Dec:	55° 46' 01"		Type:	Lenticular Galaxy				
		Size:	2.8' x 1.2'		Mag:	10.0				
<p>M102 (NGC 5866) is a bright lenticular galaxy found at the southern edge of the constellation, 4° southwest of the star Iota Draconis.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5905</b>								
		RA:	15 <sup>h</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 27.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Draco				
		Dec:	55° 31' 01"		Type:	Barred Spiral				
		Size:	3.2' x 3.0'		Mag:	12.0				
<p>NGC 5905 is a barred spiral galaxy located 2° due east of M102.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5908</b>								
		RA:	15 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 45.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Draco				
		Dec:	55° 25' 01"		Type:	Spiral Galaxy				
		Size:	3.0' x 1.0'		Mag:	11.9				
<p>NGC 5908 is also located 2° due east of M102. NGC 5908 and NGC 5905 are separated by 12.5'.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5907</b>								
		RA:	15 <sup>h</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 57.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Draco				
		Dec:	56° 19' 01"		Type:	Edge-on Spiral				
		Size:	11.0' x 1.0'		Mag:	10.4				
<p>NGC 5907 is a large edge-on Sb-type spiral galaxy.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5985</b>								
		RA:	15 <sup>h</sup> 39 <sup>m</sup> 38.9 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Draco				
		Dec:	59° 20' 02"		Type:	Spiral Galaxy				
		Size:	5.4' x 2.3'		Mag:	11.0				
<p>NGC 5985 is an Sb-type spiral galaxy located 4.5° northeast of NGC 5879.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 5982</b>															
		RA:	15 <sup>h</sup> 38 <sup>m</sup> 44.9 <sup>s</sup>													Con:	Draco
		Dec:	59° 21' 02"													Type:	Elliptical Galaxy
		Size:	1.1' x 0.6'													Mag:	11.1
NGC 5982 is an elliptical galaxy located 7' west of NGC 5985.																	
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10							
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°							

		<b>NGC 6643</b>															
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 50.8 <sup>s</sup>													Con:	Draco
		Dec:	74° 34' 09"													Type:	Spiral Galaxy
		Size:	3.4' x 1.7'													Mag:	11.1
NGC 6643 is an 11 <sup>th</sup> magnitude Sc-type spiral galaxy.																	
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10							
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°							

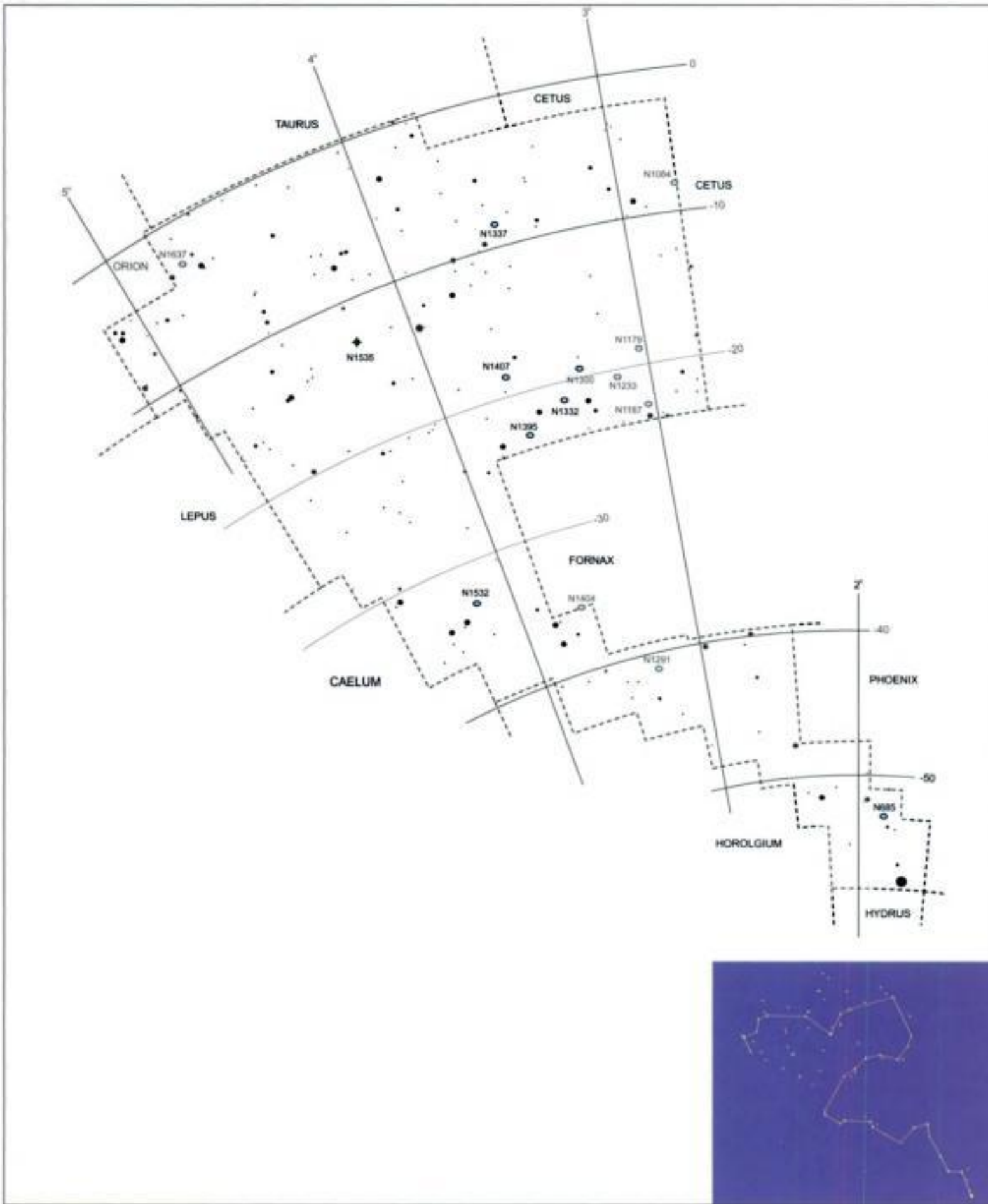
		<b>NGC 6543</b>															
		RA:	17 <sup>h</sup> 58 <sup>m</sup> 39.1 <sup>s</sup>													Con:	Draco
		Dec:	66° 38' 08"													Type:	Planetary Nebula
		Size:	5.8'													Mag:	9.0
NGC 6543 lies nearly on top of the north pole of the ecliptic between Delta and Zeta Draconis.																	
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10							
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°							

		<b>NGC 4236</b>															
		RA:	12 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 44.1 <sup>s</sup>													Con:	Draco
		Dec:	69° 27' 55"													Type:	Barred Spiral
		Size:	22.5' x 6.2'													Mag:	9.7
NGC 4236 is a barred spiral galaxy.																	
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10							
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°							

Eri

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
November thru January

AUTUMN



- Star Magnitudes**
  - 6
  - 5
  - 4
  - 3
  - 2
  - 1
  - 0
  - -1
- Open Clusters**
  - <30'
  - >30'
- Globular Clusters**
  - ⊕ <5'
  - ⊕ 5'-10'
  - ⊕ >10'
- Planetary Nebula**
  - <30"
  - 30"-60"
  - >60"
- Bright Nebula**
  - <10'
  - >10'
- Galaxies**
  - <10'
  - 10'-20'
  - 20'-30'
  - >30'

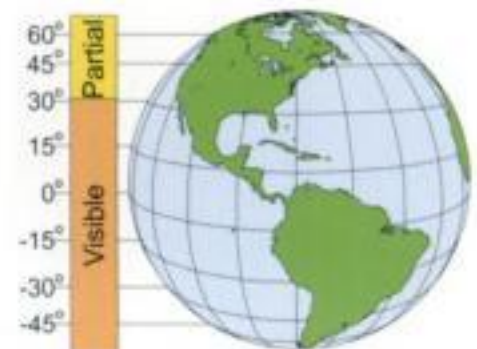
**ERIDANUS**

**Constellation Facts:**

**Eridanus; (eh-RID-uh-nuss)**

Eridanus, the River.  
 Constellation follows a southern track, rising in the southeast, and setting in the southwest.  
 Eridanus is one of the longest and faintest of the constellations. The stars extend towards the west, then track south and east, disappearing below the horizon.  
 Eridanus covers 1138 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 32° N to 89° S. Partially visible from 32° N to 90° N.



	<b>IC 2118 "Witchhead Nebula"</b>										
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 06 <sup>m</sup> 56.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Eridanus							
	Dec:	-07° 12' 51"	Type:	Nebula							
	Size:	180.0'	Mag:								
<p>IC 2118 is a large faint nebula that appears as a profile view of characterized witches.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 1300</b>										
	RA:	03 <sup>h</sup> 19 <sup>m</sup> 44.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Eridanus							
	Dec:	-19° 24' 37"	Type:	Barred Spiral							
	Size:	6.0' x 3.5'	Mag:	10.4							
<p>NGC 1300 is located near the center of the constellation. Object is one of the finest face-on barred spiral galaxies in the night sky.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 1232</b>										
	RA:	03 <sup>h</sup> 09 <sup>m</sup> 50.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Eridanus							
	Dec:	-20° 34' 36"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	8.5' x 7.5'	Mag:	9.9							
<p>NGC 1232 is located southwest of NGC 1300. Object is an Sc-type galaxy that is face-on, displaying many loose arms.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 1531</b>										
	RA:	04 <sup>h</sup> 12 <sup>m</sup> 1.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Eridanus							
	Dec:	-32° 50' 40"	Type:	Elliptical Galaxy							
	Size:	0.6' x 0.4'	Mag:	12.1							
<p>NGC 1531 is located on the eastern fringe of the constellation.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

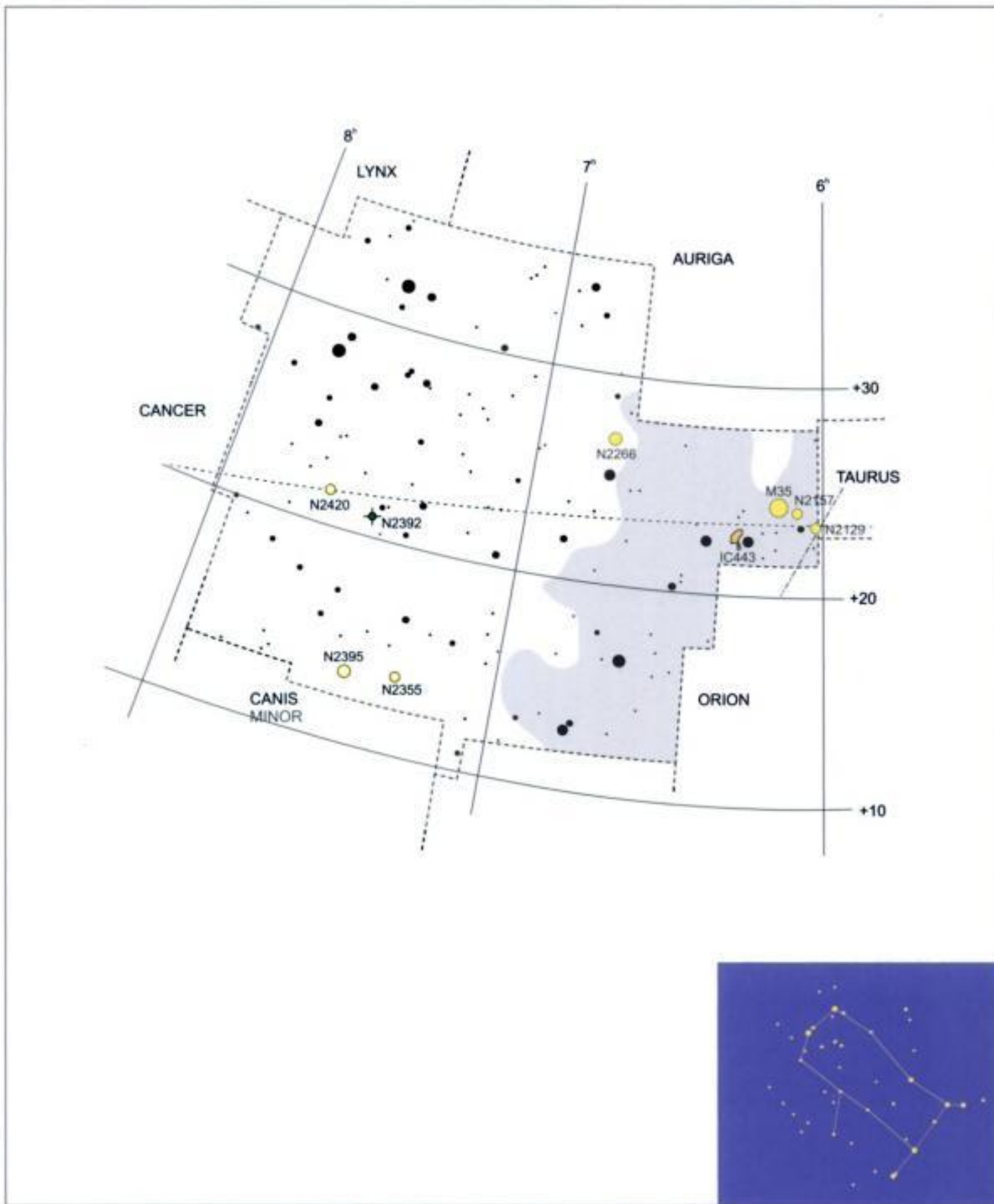


	<b>NGC 1532</b>										
	RA:	04 <sup>h</sup> 12 <sup>m</sup> 7.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Eridanus							
	Dec:	-32° 51' 40"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	4.0' x 1.3'	Mag:	11.0							
<p>NGC 1532 like NGC 1531 is found on the eastern fringes of the constellation. Object is nearly edge-on to our line of sight.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



		<b>NGC 1337</b>										
		RA:	03 <sup>h</sup> 28 <sup>m</sup> 8.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Eridanus							
		Dec:	-08° 22' 41"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
		Size:	7.0' x 1.5'	Mag:	11.7							
NGC 1337 is located in the northern part of the constellation. Object is an Sc-type edge-on spiral galaxy.												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		

		<b>NGC 1535</b>										
		RA:	04 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 14.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Eridanus							
		Dec:	-12° 43' 44"	Type:	Planetary Nebula							
		Size:	0.7'	Mag:	10.0							
NGC 1535 is a small planetary nebula.												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		



**Star Magnitudes**

- 6
- 5
- 4
- 3
- 2
- 1
- 0
- -1

**Open Clusters**

- <30'
- >30'

**Globular Clusters**

- ⊕ <5'
- ⊕ 5'-10'
- ⊕ >10'

**Planetary Nebula**

- ◆ <30"
- ◆ 30"-60"
- ◆ >60"

**Bright Nebula**

- <10'
- >10'

**Galaxies**

- <10'
- 10'-20'
- 20'-30'
- >30'

GEMINI

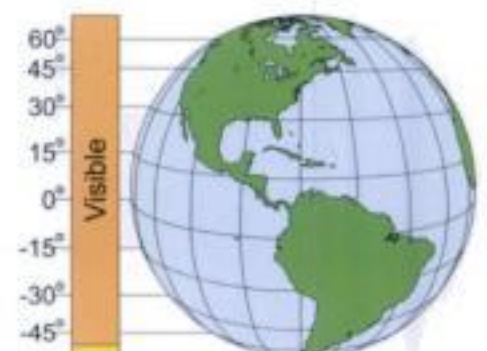
**Constellation Facts:**

**Gemini; (GEM-in-eye)**

Gemini, the Twins, rises in the northeast, transits the meridian high in the southern sky, and sets in the northwest during the evenings of late spring. The stars of Gemini are on the eastern edge of the Milky Way.

Gemini covers 514 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 55° S. Partially visible from 55° S to 80° S.



		<b>M35 (NGC 2168)</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 08 <sup>m</sup> 57.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Gemini							
		Dec: 24° 19' 58"	Type: Open Cluster							
		Size: 28.0'	Mag: 5.1							
<p>M35 is a rich open cluster of 5<sup>th</sup> magnitude. It is a group of approximately 120 stars evenly spread out across its diameter.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2158</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 07 <sup>m</sup> 33.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Gemini							
		Dec: 24° 05' 58"	Type: Open Cluster							
		Size: 5.0'	Mag: 8.6							
<p>NGC 2158 is a rich open cluster comprised of 150 stars.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2129</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 3.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Gemini							
		Dec: 23° 17' 59"	Type: Open Cluster							
		Size: 7.0'	Mag: 6.7							
<p>NGC 2129 is a rich open cluster comprised of 50 stars. Object shines at 7<sup>th</sup> magnitude due to a triangle of 8<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> magnitude stars at the center.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2392 "Eskimo Nebula"</b>								
		RA: 07 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 14.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Gemini							
		Dec: 20° 54' 53"	Type: Planetary Nebula							
		Size: 0.7'	Mag: 10.0							
<p>NGC 2392 the "Eskimo Nebula" is located midway between Kappa and Lambda Geminorum. Object is one of the youngest planetary nebulae in the sky.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2371/72</b>								
		RA: 07 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 39.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Gemini							
		Dec: 29° 28' 53"	Type: Planetary Nebula							
		Size: 0.9'	Mag: 13.0							
<p>NGC 2371/72 is an irregular planetary nebula larger than the Eskimo Nebula. Object has a double-lobed structure.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2355</b>											
		RA:	07 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 56.7 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Gemini
		Dec:	13° 46' 54"									Type:	Open Cluster
		Size:	9.0'									Mag:	10.0
NGC 2355 is a dense open cluster.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

		<b>NGC 2420</b>											
		RA:	07 <sup>h</sup> 38 <sup>m</sup> 32.8 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Gemini
		Dec:	21° 33' 52"									Type:	Open Cluster
		Size:	10.0'									Mag:	8.3
NGC 2420 is a rich open cluster comprised of 30 stars.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

		<b>IC 443</b>											
		RA:	06 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 57.0 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Gemini
		Dec:	22° 46' 58"									Type:	Emission Nebula
		Size:	50.0'									Mag:	
IC 443 displays a crescent shape with a sharply defined convex side. Object appears very filamentary.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

		<b>NGC 2266</b>											
		RA:	06 <sup>h</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 15.0 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Gemini
		Dec:	26° 57' 56"									Type:	Open Cluster
		Size:	7.0'									Mag:	10.0
NGC 2266 is a dense open cluster comprised of 35 stars.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

		<b>NGC 2339</b>											
		RA:	07 <sup>h</sup> 08 <sup>m</sup> 20.8 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Gemini
		Dec:	18° 46' 54"									Type:	Spiral Galaxy
		Size:	2.8' x 2.0'									Mag:	11.6
NGC 2339 is an Sc-type spiral galaxy found within the plane of the Milky Way. Object is found southwest of the Eskimo Nebula.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

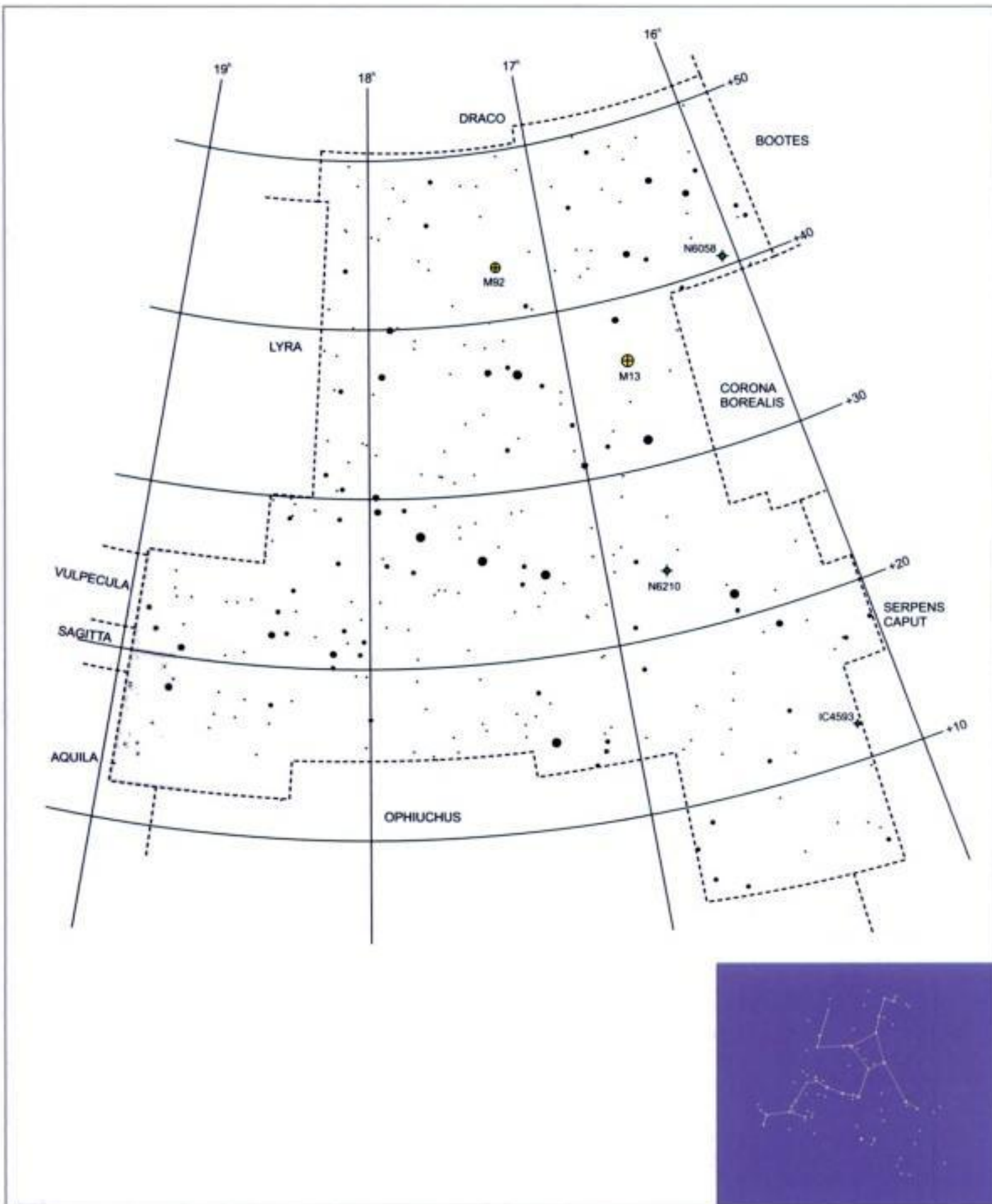


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Crosses Prime Meridian:

June thru August

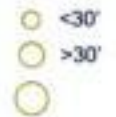
SPRING



Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



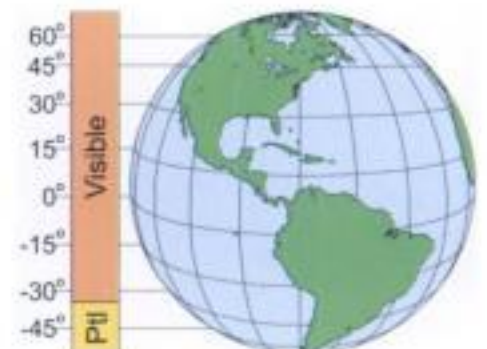
**HERCULES**

**Constellation Facts:**

**Hercules; (HER-kyou-Leez)**

Hercules, the Hero.  
 The stars of Hercules rise in the northeast, pass overhead, and set towards the northwest.  
 Central feature of the constellation is a keystone asterism, halfway between Vega and Alphecca.  
 Constellation covers 1225 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 38° S. Partially visible from 38° S to 90° S.



	<b>M13 (NGC 6205)</b>										
	RA:	16° 41' 45.8"			Con:	Hercules					
	Dec:	36° 28' 03"			Type:	Globular Cluster					
	Size:	16.6'			Mag:	5.9					
<p>M13 (NGC 6205) is a large well defined globular cluster. Object lies 2.5° south of Eta Herculis, one of the keystone stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

	<b>NGC 6207</b>										
	RA:	16° 43' 9.8"			Con:	Hercules					
	Dec:	36° 50' 03"			Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
	Size:	2.0' x 1.0'			Mag:	11.6					
<p>NGC 6207 is a small Sc-type spiral galaxy tilted 45° to our line of site. Galaxy is found 1.5° north and slightly east of M13.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

	<b>M92 (NGC 6341)</b>										
	RA:	17° 17' 9.7"			Con:	Hercules					
	Dec:	43° 08' 06"			Type:	Globular Cluster					
	Size:	11.2'			Mag:	6.5					
<p>M92 (NGC 6341) is located 10° northeast of M13. Object is nearly as large and bright as M13, but because it is more compact, it is harder to resolve into individual stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

	<b>NGC 6229</b>										
	RA:	16° 47' 3.6"			Con:	Hercules					
	Dec:	47° 32' 05"			Type:	Globular Cluster					
	Size:	4.5'			Mag:	9.4					
<p>NGC 6229 is the third globular cluster found in Hercules. Object is located 7° northwest of M92.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

	<b>NGC 6210</b>										
	RA:	16° 44' 34.1"			Con:	Hercules					
	Dec:	23° 49' 01"			Type:	Planetary Nebula					
	Size:	0.2'			Mag:	9.0					
<p>NGC 6210 is a bright planetary nebula. Object appears as a blueish disk.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

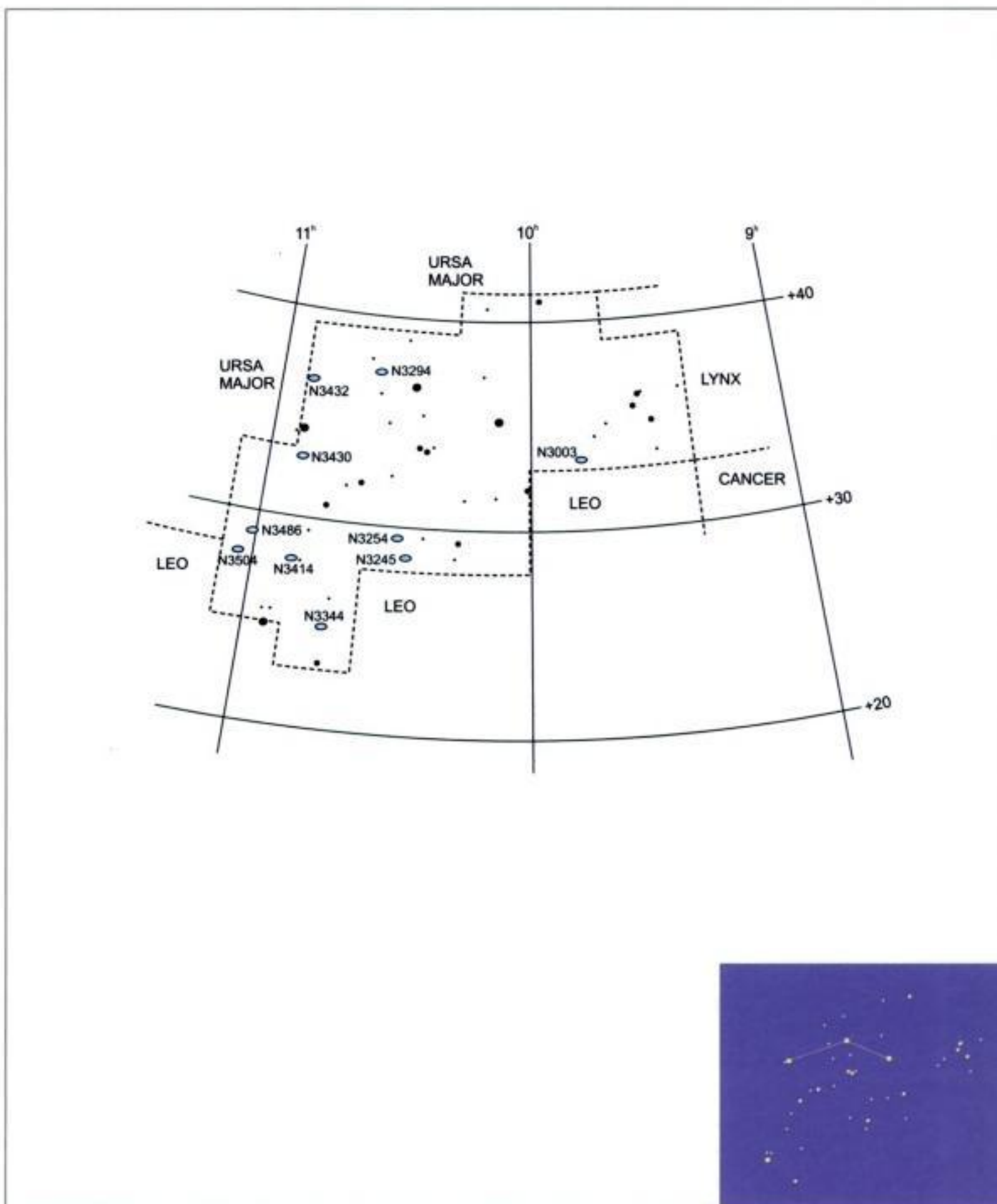
		<b>M95 (NGC 3351)</b>									
		RA:	10 <sup>h</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 2.9 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Leo					
		Dec:	11° 41' 43"		Type:	Barred Spiral					
		Size:	7.0' x 4.0'		Mag:	9.7					
<p>M95 (NGC 3351) is located 42' west of M96. Object comprises a second trio of galaxies found in Leo. M95 is a small barred spiral galaxy.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7		6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°		1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M96 (NGC 3368)</b>									
		RA:	10 <sup>h</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 50.9 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Leo					
		Dec:	11° 48' 43"		Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
		Size:	7.5' x 5.0'		Mag:	9.2					
<p>M96 (NGC 3368) is the brightest in the galactic trio.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7		6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°		1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M105 (NGC 3379)</b>									
		RA:	10 <sup>h</sup> 47 <sup>m</sup> 51.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Leo					
		Dec:	12° 34' 43"		Type:	Elliptical Galaxy					
		Size:	4.6' x 4.0'		Mag:	9.3					
<p>M105 (NGC 3379) is located roughly 48' north-northwest of M96. Object displays reasonable surface brightness, but little detail is revealed.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7		6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°		1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 3384</b>									
		RA:	10 <sup>h</sup> 48 <sup>m</sup> 21.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Leo					
		Dec:	12° 37' 43"		Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
		Size:	1.6' x 1.1'		Mag:	10.0					
<p>NGC 3384 forms a small triangle with M105 and NGC 3389 that measures approximately 8' across.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7		6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°		1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

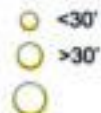
		<b>NGC 3521</b>									
		RA:	11 <sup>h</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 51.0 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Leo					
		Dec:	-00° 02' 21"		Type:	Spiral Galaxy					
		Size:	7.0' x 4.0'		Mag:	8.9					
<p>NGC 3521 is a large bright spiral galaxy found in the southern region of the constellation. Object is a tightly wound multi-arm Sb-type spiral galaxy.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7		6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°		1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



LEO MINOR

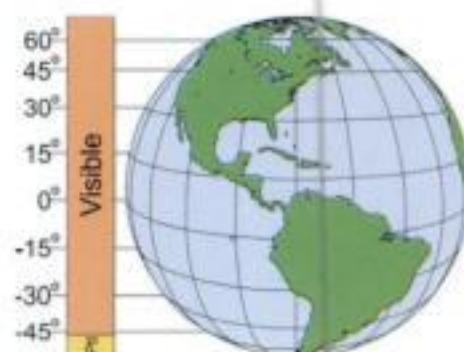
Constellation Facts:

Leo Minor; (LEE-oh-MY-nor)

Leo Minor, The Little Lion rises in the northeast, passes the meridian overhead and sets towards the northwest.

The constellation covers 232 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 48° S. Partially visible from 48° S to 90° S.



		<b>NGC 2859</b>									
		RA: 09 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 20.9 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Leo Minor								
		Dec: 34° 30' 49"	Type: Spiral Galaxy								
		Size: 4.0' x 3.5'	Mag: 10.7								
		NGC 2859 appears as a round knot with a bright core, in medium to large telescopes.									
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



		<b>NGC 3395</b>									
		RA: 10 <sup>h</sup> 49 <sup>m</sup> 51.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Leo Minor								
		Dec: 32° 58' 48"	Type: Spiral Galaxy								
		Size: 1.5' x 0.8'	Mag: 12.1								
		NGC 3395 is visible as an elongated galaxy with a visible close companion.									
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

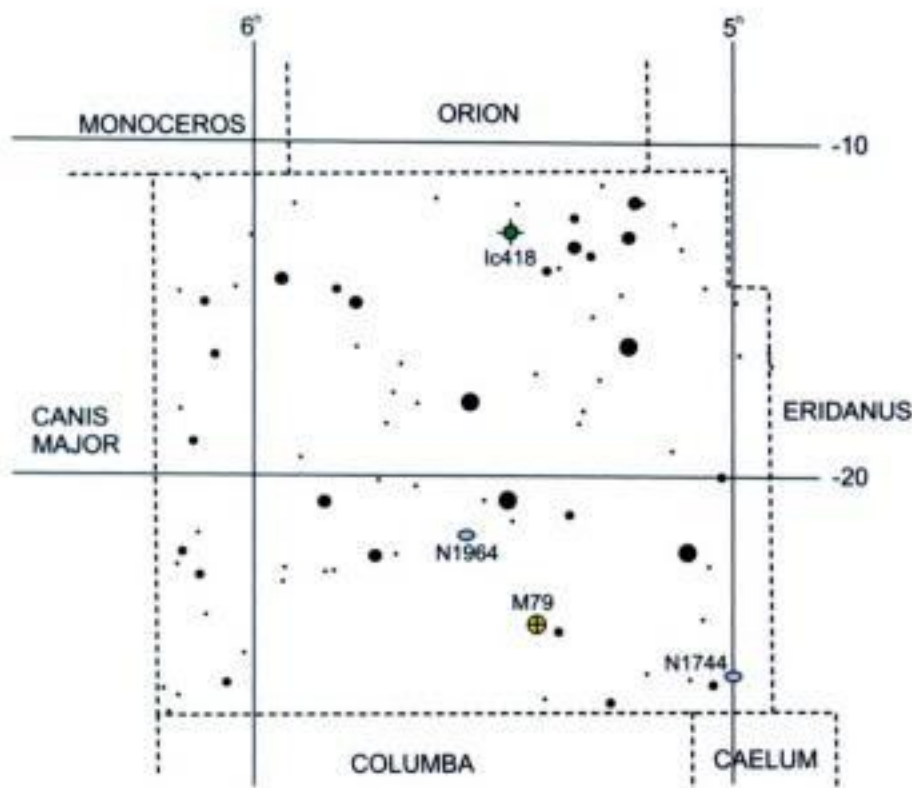


		<b>NGC 3432</b>									
		RA: 10 <sup>h</sup> 52 <sup>m</sup> 33.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Leo Minor								
		Dec: 36° 36' 48"	Type: Spiral Galaxy								
		Size: 6.5' x 1.1'	Mag: 11.3								
		NGC 3432 is a spiral galaxy orientated edge-on to our line of sight. Object appears as a fuzzy elongated knot in the eyepiece.									
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



		<b>NGC 3486</b>									
		RA: 11 <sup>h</sup> 00 <sup>m</sup> 27.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Leo Minor								
		Dec: 28° 57' 47"	Type: Spiral Galaxy								
		Size: 7.0' x 5.0'	Mag: 10.3								
		NGC 3486 is a round and non-distinct galaxy.									
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

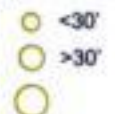




Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



**LEPUS**

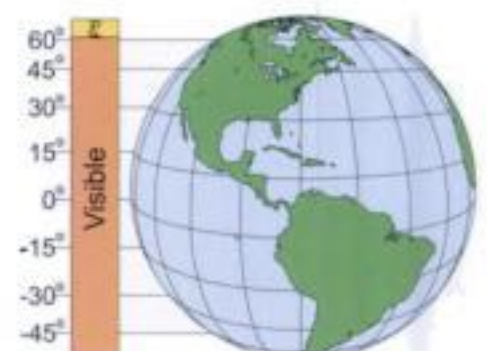


**Constellation Facts:**

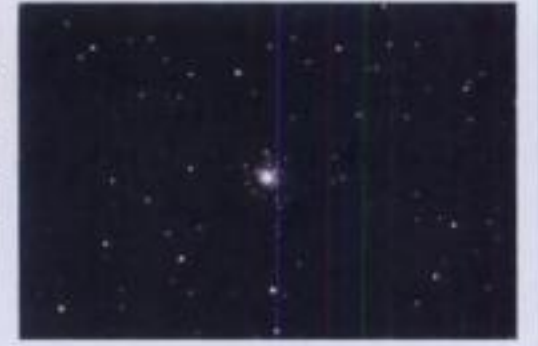
**Lepus; (LEE-pus)**

Lepus, the Hare crosses low in the sky from southeast to the southwest. The constellation occupies the section of sky just south of Orion and west of Canis Major. The constellation covers 290 square degrees.

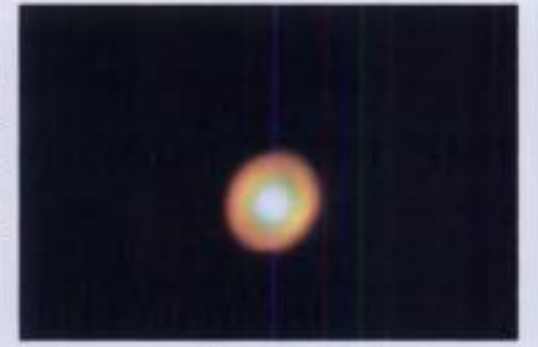
Constellation is visible from 62° N to 90° S. Partially visible from 62° N to 80° N.

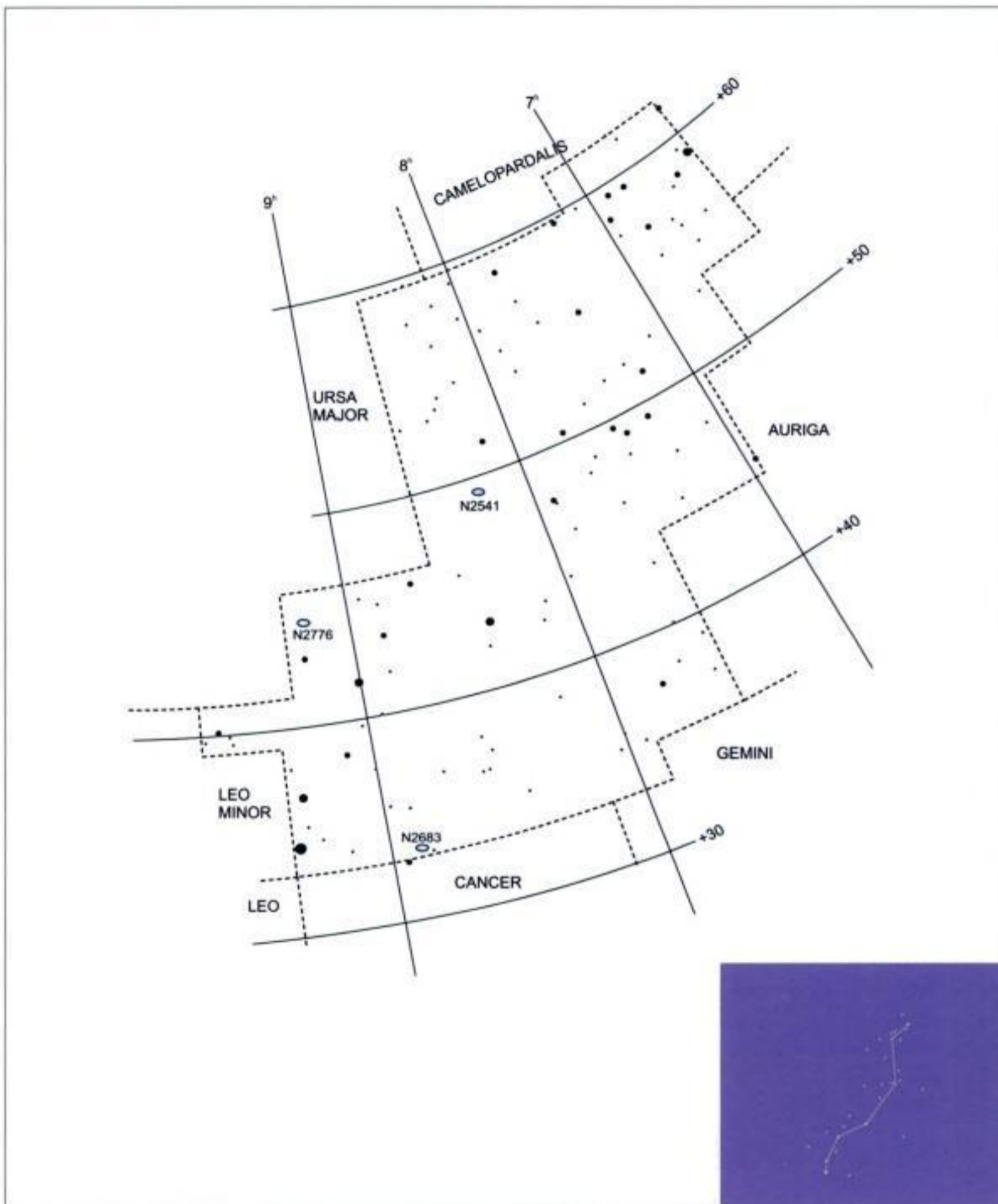


	<b>M79 (NGC 1904)</b>									
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 31.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Lepus						
	Dec:	-24° 32' 51"	Type:	Globular Cluster						
	Size:	8.7'	Mag:	8.0						
M79 (NGC 1904) is a highly resolved small globular cluster.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>IC 418</b>									
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 27 <sup>m</sup> 32.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Lepus						
	Dec:	-12° 41' 53"	Type:	Planetary Nebula						
	Size:	0.2'	Mag:	11.0						
IC 418 is a small, difficult to resolve planetary nebula. Object has been named the Spirograph nebula, after Hubble images revealed fine filament structures at its center.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°





Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



**LYNX**

**Constellation Facts:**

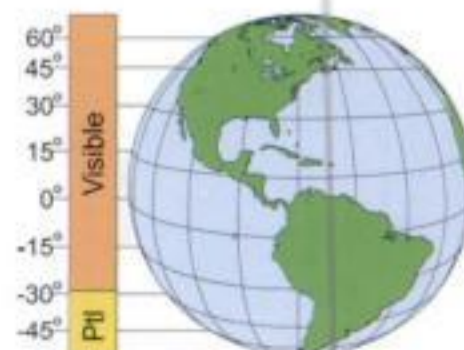
**Lynx; (links)**

Lynx, the Lynx.

The stars of Lynx rise in the northeast cross the meridian and set in the northwest.

The constellation covers 545 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 28° S. Partially visible from 28° S to 90° S.





		<b>NGC 2683</b>											
		RA:	08 <sup>h</sup> 52 <sup>m</sup> 45.0 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Lynx
		Dec:	33° 24' 48"									Type:	Spiral Galaxy
		Size:	8.0' x 1.8'									Mag:	9.7
<p>NGC 2683 is the best appearing galaxy in this region of the sky. Object is a large Sb-type spiral galaxy, found just inside the Lynx border.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

		<b>NGC 2776</b>											
		RA:	09 <sup>h</sup> 12 <sup>m</sup> 15.1 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Lynx
		Dec:	44° 56' 50"									Type:	Spiral Galaxy
		Size:	1.8' x 1.5'									Mag:	11.6
<p>NGC 2776 is a loosely wound Sc-type spiral galaxy. Object is oriented nearly face-on to our line of site.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

		<b>NGC 2782</b>											
		RA:	09 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 9.0 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Lynx
		Dec:	40° 06' 50"									Type:	Spiral Galaxy
		Size:	3.7' x 2.2'									Mag:	11.5
<p>NGC 2782 is an excellent example of an Sb-type spiral galaxy.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

		<b>NGC 2798</b>											
		RA:	09 <sup>h</sup> 17 <sup>m</sup> 27.0 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Lynx
		Dec:	41° 59' 50"									Type:	Barred Spiral
		Size:	2.5' x 0.8'									Mag:	12.3
<p>NGC 2798 is a faint barred spiral galaxy.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

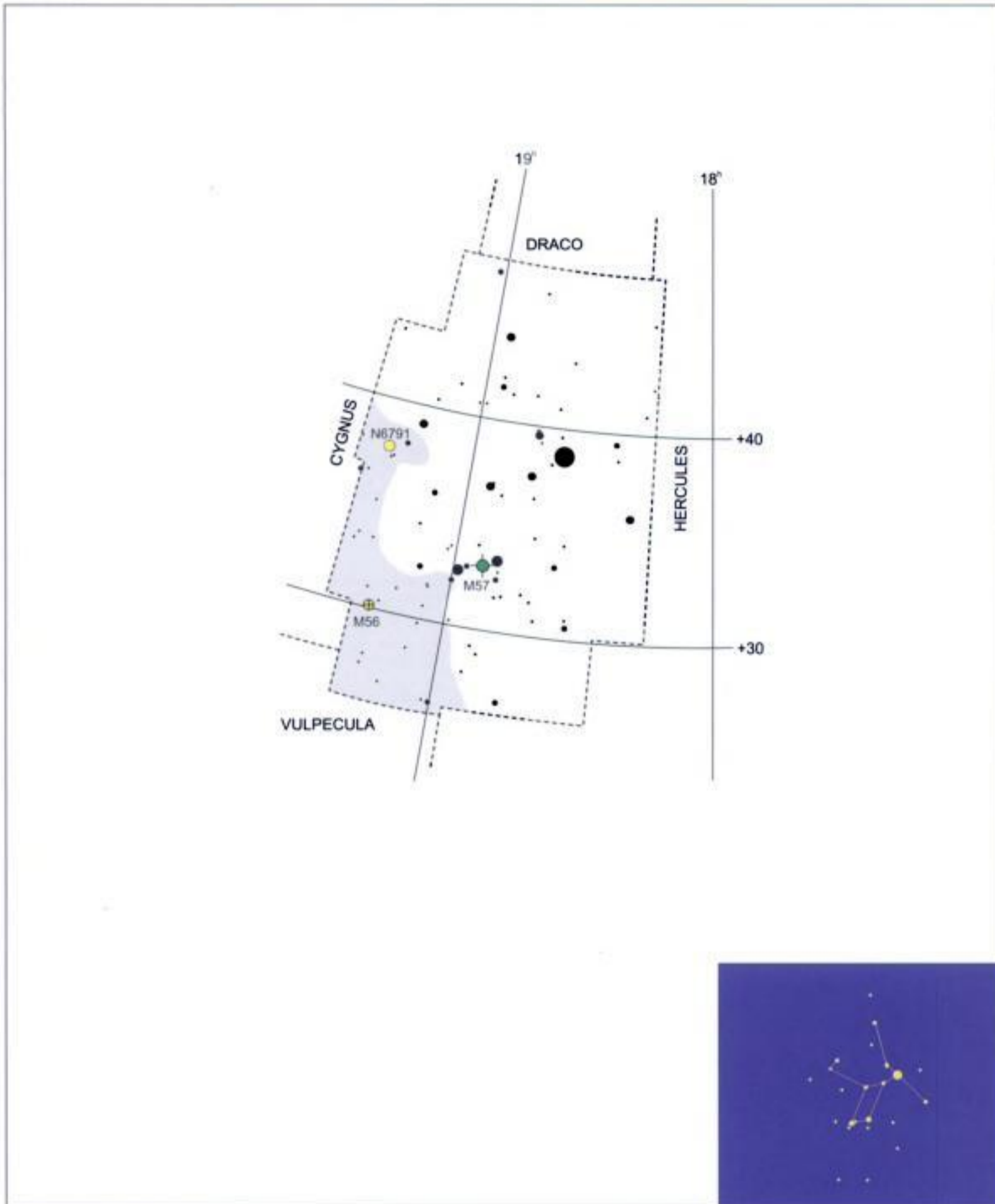
		<b>NGC 2537</b>											
		RA:	08 <sup>h</sup> 13 <sup>m</sup> 15.2 <sup>s</sup>									Con:	Lynx
		Dec:	45° 59' 51"									Type:	Spiral Galaxy
		Size:	0.5'									Mag:	11.7
<p>NGC 2537 is located in the central region of the constellation.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10			
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°			

Lyr

Crosses Prime Meridian:

July thru August

SUMMER



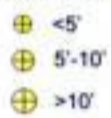
Star Magnitudes



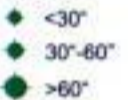
Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



LYRA

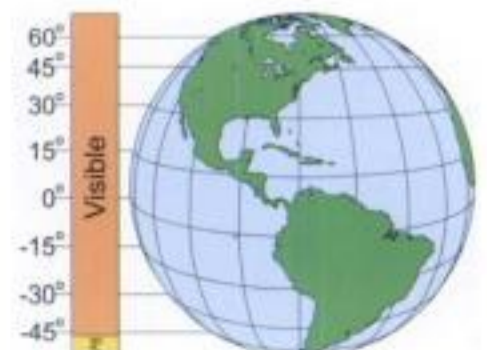
**Constellation Facts:**

**Lyra; (Lie-rah)**

Lyra, the Lyre moves across the sky from northeast to northwest, crossing the meridian overhead. The constellation is small, but contains some remarkable objects.

The constellation covers 286 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 42° S. Partially visible from 42° S to 90° S.



		<b>M57 (NGC 6720) "Ring Nebula"</b>				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>18<sup>h</sup> 53<sup>m</sup> 40.3<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Lyra</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>33° 02' 10"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Planetary Nebula</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>2.5'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>9.0</td> </tr> </table>		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 40.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Lyra	Dec:	33° 02' 10"	Type:	Planetary Nebula	Size:	2.5'	Mag:	9.0						
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 40.3 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Lyra																		
Dec:	33° 02' 10"	Type:	Planetary Nebula																						
Size:	2.5'	Mag:	9.0																						
<p>M57 (NGC 6720) is known as the Ring Nebula. Planetary has a visible central star.</p>																									
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Telescope Aperture:</td> <td>4" f/5</td> <td>4" f/9</td> <td>6" f/7</td> <td>6" f/9</td> <td>8" f/6.3</td> <td>8" f/10</td> <td>10" f/6.3</td> <td>10" f/10</td> <td>12" f/6.3</td> <td>12" f/10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FOV(35mm film):</td> <td>2.7° x 4.1°</td> <td>1.50° x 2.26°</td> <td>1.29° x 1.93°</td> <td>1.0° x 1.50°</td> <td>1.07° x 1.61°</td> <td>0.68° x 1.02°</td> <td>0.86° x 1.29°</td> <td>0.54° x 0.81°</td> <td>0.72° x 1.07°</td> <td>0.45° x 0.68°</td> </tr> </table>				Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°
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		<b>NGC 6765</b>				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>19<sup>h</sup> 11<sup>m</sup> 10.3<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Lyra</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>30° 33' 11"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Planetary Nebula</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>0.6'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>11.0</td> </tr> </table>		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 11 <sup>m</sup> 10.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Lyra	Dec:	30° 33' 11"	Type:	Planetary Nebula	Size:	0.6'	Mag:	11.0						
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 11 <sup>m</sup> 10.3 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Lyra																		
Dec:	30° 33' 11"	Type:	Planetary Nebula																						
Size:	0.6'	Mag:	11.0																						
<p>NGC 6765 is the second planetary nebula in the constellation Lyra.</p>																									
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Telescope Aperture:</td> <td>4" f/5</td> <td>4" f/9</td> <td>6" f/7</td> <td>6" f/9</td> <td>8" f/6.3</td> <td>8" f/10</td> <td>10" f/6.3</td> <td>10" f/10</td> <td>12" f/6.3</td> <td>12" f/10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FOV(35mm film):</td> <td>2.7° x 4.1°</td> <td>1.50° x 2.26°</td> <td>1.29° x 1.93°</td> <td>1.0° x 1.50°</td> <td>1.07° x 1.61°</td> <td>0.68° x 1.02°</td> <td>0.86° x 1.29°</td> <td>0.54° x 0.81°</td> <td>0.72° x 1.07°</td> <td>0.45° x 0.68°</td> </tr> </table>				Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°
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		<b>NGC 6791</b>				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>19<sup>h</sup> 20<sup>m</sup> 46.2<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Lyra</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>37° 51' 12"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Open Cluster</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>16.0'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>9.5</td> </tr> </table>		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 20 <sup>m</sup> 46.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Lyra	Dec:	37° 51' 12"	Type:	Open Cluster	Size:	16.0'	Mag:	9.5						
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 20 <sup>m</sup> 46.2 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Lyra																		
Dec:	37° 51' 12"	Type:	Open Cluster																						
Size:	16.0'	Mag:	9.5																						
<p>NGC 6791 is a rich open cluster found toward the eastern edge of the constellation. Object is comprised of some 300 stars.</p>																									
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Telescope Aperture:</td> <td>4" f/5</td> <td>4" f/9</td> <td>6" f/7</td> <td>6" f/9</td> <td>8" f/6.3</td> <td>8" f/10</td> <td>10" f/6.3</td> <td>10" f/10</td> <td>12" f/6.3</td> <td>12" f/10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FOV(35mm film):</td> <td>2.7° x 4.1°</td> <td>1.50° x 2.26°</td> <td>1.29° x 1.93°</td> <td>1.0° x 1.50°</td> <td>1.07° x 1.61°</td> <td>0.68° x 1.02°</td> <td>0.86° x 1.29°</td> <td>0.54° x 0.81°</td> <td>0.72° x 1.07°</td> <td>0.45° x 0.68°</td> </tr> </table>				Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°
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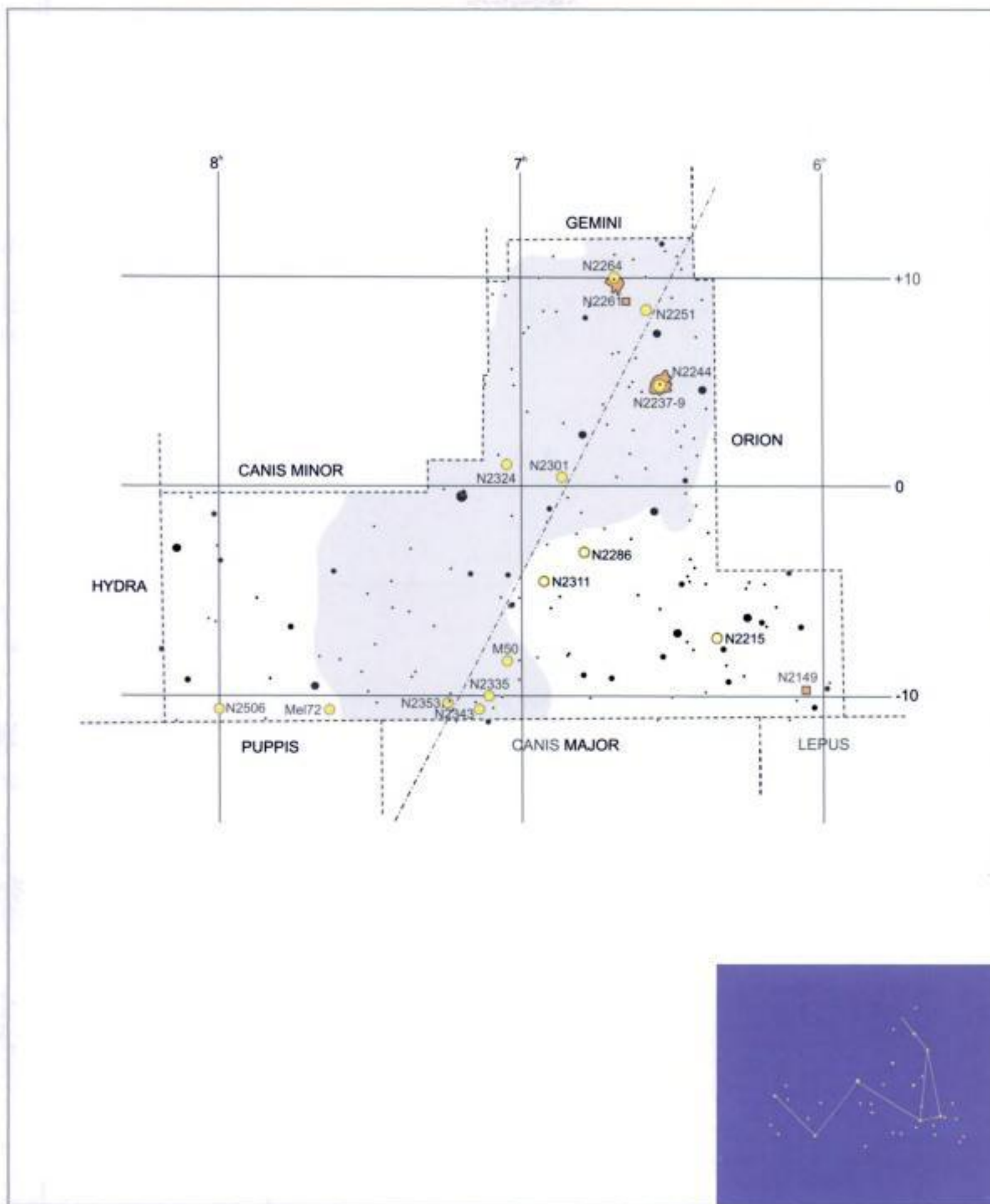
		<b>M56 (NGC 6779)</b>				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>19<sup>h</sup> 16<sup>m</sup> 40.4<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Lyra</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>30° 11' 12"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Globular Cluster</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>7.1'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>8.3</td> </tr> </table>		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 40.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Lyra	Dec:	30° 11' 12"	Type:	Globular Cluster	Size:	7.1'	Mag:	8.3						
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 40.4 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Lyra																		
Dec:	30° 11' 12"	Type:	Globular Cluster																						
Size:	7.1'	Mag:	8.3																						
<p>M56 (NGC 6779) is a highly resolved small and bright globular cluster.</p>																									
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Telescope Aperture:</td> <td>4" f/5</td> <td>4" f/9</td> <td>6" f/7</td> <td>6" f/9</td> <td>8" f/6.3</td> <td>8" f/10</td> <td>10" f/6.3</td> <td>10" f/10</td> <td>12" f/6.3</td> <td>12" f/10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FOV(35mm film):</td> <td>2.7° x 4.1°</td> <td>1.50° x 2.26°</td> <td>1.29° x 1.93°</td> <td>1.0° x 1.50°</td> <td>1.07° x 1.61°</td> <td>0.68° x 1.02°</td> <td>0.86° x 1.29°</td> <td>0.54° x 0.81°</td> <td>0.72° x 1.07°</td> <td>0.45° x 0.68°</td> </tr> </table>				Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°
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		<b>NGC 6710</b>				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>18<sup>h</sup> 50<sup>m</sup> 40.3<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Lyra</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>26° 50' 10"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Lenticular Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>1.5' x 1.0'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>12.8</td> </tr> </table>		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 40.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Lyra	Dec:	26° 50' 10"	Type:	Lenticular Galaxy	Size:	1.5' x 1.0'	Mag:	12.8						
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 50 <sup>m</sup> 40.3 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Lyra																		
Dec:	26° 50' 10"	Type:	Lenticular Galaxy																						
Size:	1.5' x 1.0'	Mag:	12.8																						
<p>NGC 6710 is a lenticular galaxy.</p>																									
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Telescope Aperture:</td> <td>4" f/5</td> <td>4" f/9</td> <td>6" f/7</td> <td>6" f/9</td> <td>8" f/6.3</td> <td>8" f/10</td> <td>10" f/6.3</td> <td>10" f/10</td> <td>12" f/6.3</td> <td>12" f/10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FOV(35mm film):</td> <td>2.7° x 4.1°</td> <td>1.50° x 2.26°</td> <td>1.29° x 1.93°</td> <td>1.0° x 1.50°</td> <td>1.07° x 1.61°</td> <td>0.68° x 1.02°</td> <td>0.86° x 1.29°</td> <td>0.54° x 0.81°</td> <td>0.72° x 1.07°</td> <td>0.45° x 0.68°</td> </tr> </table>				Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°
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Mon

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
January thru February

WINTER



**Star Magnitudes**

- 6
- 5
- 4
- 3
- 2
- 1
- 0
- -1

**Open Clusters**

- <30'
- >30'

**Globular Clusters**

- ⊕ <5'
- ⊕ 5'-10'
- ⊕ >10'

**Planetary Nebula**

- <30'
- 30'-60'
- >60'

**Bright Nebula**

- <10'
- >10'

**Galaxies**

- <10'
- 10'-20'
- 20'-30'
- >30'

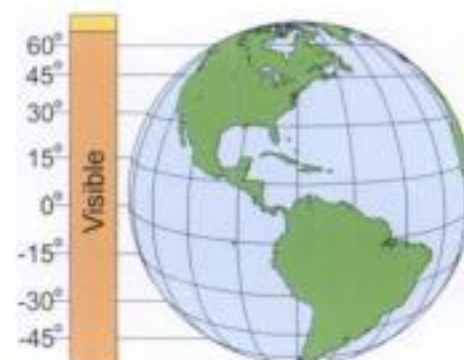
MONOCEROS

**Constellation Facts:**

**Monoceros; (muh-NOS-er-us)**

Monoceros, the Unicorn. The constellation rises at the eastern point of the horizon, crosses the meridian halfway between the horizon and the zenith, and sets directly to the west. The constellation covers 482 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 78° N to 78° S. Partially visible from 78° N to 90° N.



		<b>NGC 2244/46 "Rosette Nebula"</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 32 <sup>m</sup> 26.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Monoceros							
		Dec: 05° 06' 58"	Type: Cluster & Nebula							
		Size: 80' x 60'	Mag: 4.8							
<p>NGC 2244/46 is a grouping of 100 stars surrounded by emission nebula of hydrogen gas.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2264 "Christmas Tree Cluster"</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 41 <sup>m</sup> 8.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Monoceros							
		Dec: 09° 52' 57"	Type: Cluster & Nebula							
		Size: 60.0'	Mag: 3.9							
<p>NGC 2264 is located 5° north-northeast of the Rosette nebula. Object is a large complex of bright and dark nebulae. Cluster contains 40 stars embedded in a large complex of nebulae.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2261 "Hubble's Variable Nebula"</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 39 <sup>m</sup> 14.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Monoceros							
		Dec: 08° 43' 56"	Type: Nebula							
		Size: 2.0'	Mag: 9.4							
<p>NGC 2261 is found 2° southwest of NGC 2264. Object is a triangular shaped nebula that changes as a result of dark material orbiting R Mon.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 3745 "Cone Nebula"</b>								
		RA: 6 <sup>h</sup> 37 <sup>m</sup> 36 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Monoceros							
		Dec: 09° 52' 56"	Type: Dark Nebula							
		Size: 5.0' x 3.0'	Mag:							
<p>NGC 3745 is located 40' south of NGC 2264. Object is an opaque dark nebula.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M50 (NGC 2323)</b>								
		RA: 07 <sup>h</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 14.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Monoceros							
		Dec: -08° 20' 04"	Type: Open Cluster							
		Size: 16.0'	Mag: 5.9							
<p>M50 (NGC 2323) is a bright open cluster. Object is comprised of 80 stars.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

### IC 2177 "Seagull Nebula"

RA:	07 <sup>h</sup> 05 <sup>m</sup> 8.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Monoceros
Dec:	-10° 42' 05"	Type:	Diffuse Nebula
Size:	120.0'	Mag:	

IC 2177 is known as the Seagull Nebula, and is a large diffuse complex of nebulae.

Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

### NGC 2301

RA:	06 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 50.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Monoceros
Dec:	00° 27' 56"	Type:	Open Cluster
Size:	12.0'	Mag:	6.0

NGC 2301 is a dense open cluster, comprised of a group of 80 stars.

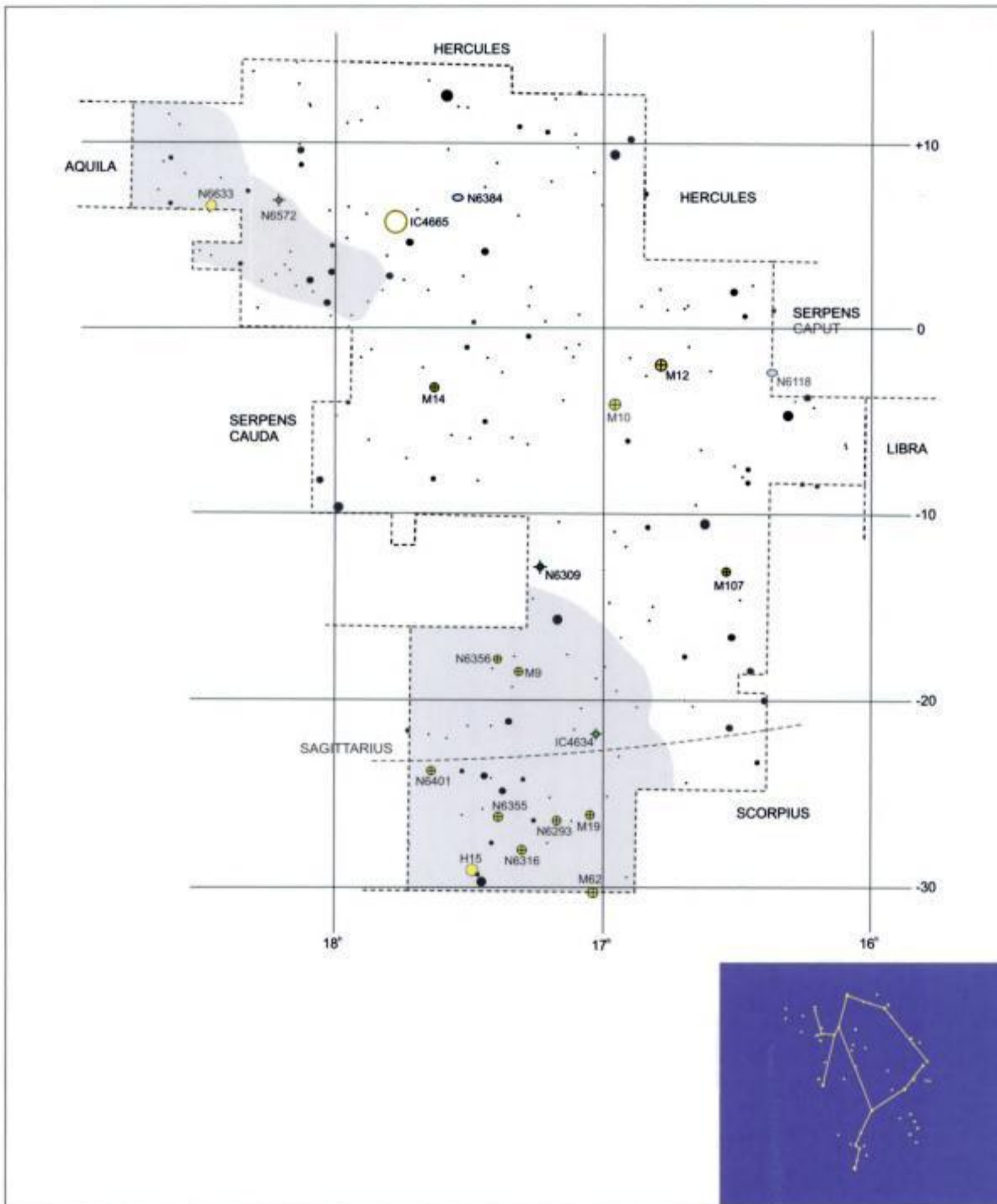
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

### NGC 2353

RA:	07 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 38.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Monoceros
Dec:	-10° 18' 06"	Type:	Open Cluster
Size:	20.0'	Mag:	7.1

NGC 2353 is a rich open cluster comprised of 30 stars.

Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



- Star Magnitudes
  - 6
  - 5
  - 4
  - 3
  - 2
  - 1
  - 0
  - -1
- Open Clusters
  - <30'
  - >30'
- Globular Clusters
  - ⊕ <5'
  - ⊕ 5'-10'
  - ⊕ >10'
- Planetary Nebula
  - <30"
  - 30"-60"
  - >60"
- Bright Nebula
  - <10'
  - >10'
- Galaxies
  - <10'
  - 10'-20'
  - 20'-30'
  - >30'

**OPIUCHUS**

**Constellation Facts:**

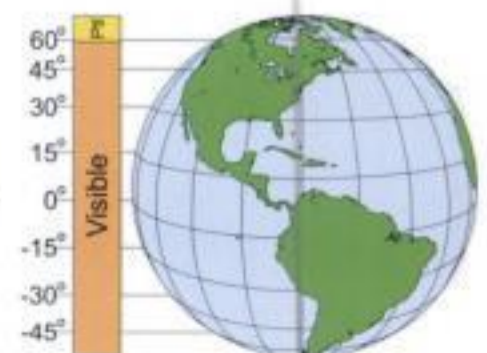
**Ophiuchus; (OFF-ih-YOU-kus)**

Ophiuchus, the Serpent-Bearer.

The stars in the constellation are centered on the celestial equator. As a result, they rise in the east and set towards the west. Ophiuchus crosses the meridian about halfway between the horizon and the zenith.

The constellation covers 948 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 59° N to 75° S. Partially visible from 59° N to 90° N.



		<b>NGC 6235</b>								
		RA:	16 <sup>h</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 29.5 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Ophiuchus				
		Dec:	-22° 11' 08"		Type:	Globular Cluster				
		Size:	5.0'		Mag:	10.2				
NGC 6235 is an unresolved and indistinct globular cluster.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M62 (NGC 6266)</b>								
		RA:	17 <sup>h</sup> 01 <sup>m</sup> 17.8 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Ophiuchus				
		Dec:	-30° 07' 08"		Type:	Globular Cluster				
		Size:	13.5'		Mag:	6.6				
M62 (NGC 6266) is a bright globular cluster. Object is found 7° southeast of Antares.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M19 (NGC 6273)</b>								
		RA:	17 <sup>h</sup> 02 <sup>m</sup> 41.7 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Ophiuchus				
		Dec:	-26° 16' 07"		Type:	Globular Cluster				
		Size:	13.5'		Mag:	7.2				
M19 (NGC 6273) is located approximately 4.5° north of M62. Object is a bright globular cluster.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 6369</b>								
		RA:	17 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 23.7 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Ophiuchus				
		Dec:	-23° 46' 03"		Type:	Planetary Nebula				
		Size:	1.1'		Mag:	13.0				
NGC 6369 is a ring-shaped planetary nebula.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

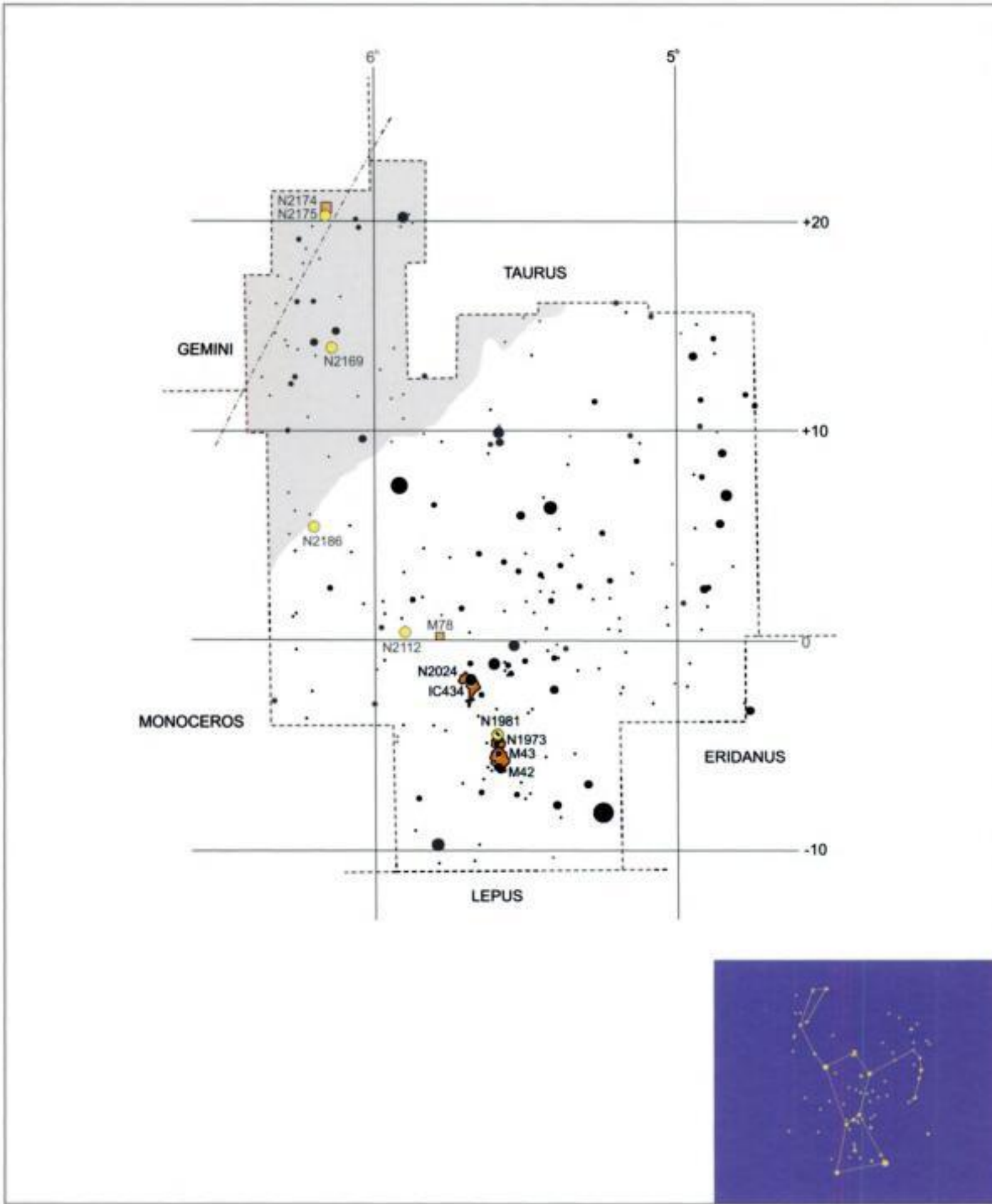
		<b>NGC 6309(Box Nebula)</b>								
		RA:	17 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 11.2 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Ophiuchus				
		Dec:	-12° 55' 03"		Type:	Planetary Nebula				
		Size:	1.1'		Mag:	11.0				
NGC 6309 the "Box Nebula" is a small planetary nebula disk.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



Ori

Crosses Prime Meridian:  
December thru January

WINTER



Star Magnitudes	
•	6
•	5
•	4
•	3
•	2
•	1
•	0
•	-1
Open Clusters	
○	<30'
○	>30'
Globular Clusters	
⊕	<5'
⊕	5'-10'
⊕	>10'
Planetary Nebula	
◆	<30"
◆	30"-60"
◆	>60"
Bright Nebula	
■	<10'
■	>10'
Galaxies	
○	<10'
○	10'-20'
○	20'-30'
○	>30'
<b>ORION</b>	

**Constellation Facts:**

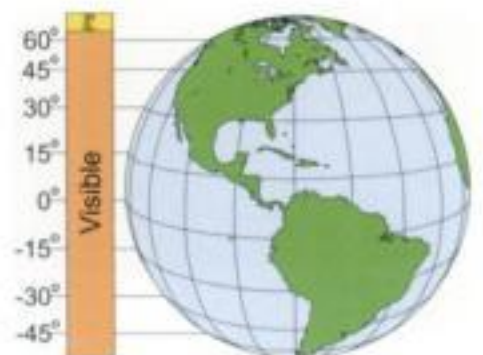
**Orion; (oh-RYE-un)**

Orion, the Hunter.

Orion is an equatorial constellation that is bisected by the celestial equator. It rises in the eastern horizon, crosses the meridian halfway between the horizon and the zenith, then sets directly to the west.

The constellation covers 594 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 79° N to 67° S. Partially visible from 79° N to 90° N.



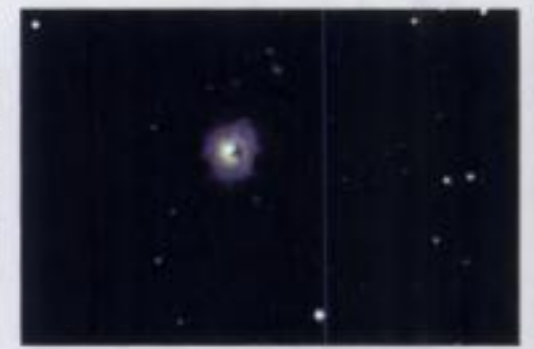
	<b>NGC 1977</b>										
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 35 <sup>m</sup> 32.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Orion							
	Dec:	-04 <sup>o</sup> 51' 55"	Type:	Cluster & Nebula							
	Size:	20.0'	Mag:	4.5							
NGC 1977 is an emission and reflection nebula associated with a loose grouping of about 12 stars.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 1975</b>										
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 35 <sup>m</sup> 26.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Orion							
	Dec:	-04 <sup>o</sup> 40' 55"	Type:	E & R Nebula							
	Size:	10.0'	Mag:	9.0							
NGC 1975 is a bright emission and reflection nebula that is part of the M42 nebular complex.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 1999</b>										
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 32.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Orion							
	Dec:	-06 <sup>o</sup> 41' 55"	Type:	Emission Nebula							
	Size:	16.0'	Mag:	9.4							
NGC 1999 is a roundish, bright emission nebula. Object displays visible dust lanes.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>IC 434</b>										
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 41 <sup>m</sup> 2.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Orion							
	Dec:	-02 <sup>o</sup> 23' 56"	Type:	Emission Nebula							
	Size:	60.0'	Mag:	7.3							
IC 434 is the emission nebula that contains the dark "Horsehead Nebula".											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>Sh2-264</b>										
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 35 <sup>m</sup> 17.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Orion							
	Dec:	09 <sup>o</sup> 56' 38"	Type:	Emission Nebula							
	Size:	300'	Mag:								
Sh2-264 is a large, faint emission nebula.											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



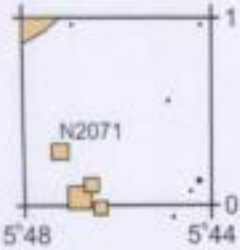


		<b>NGC 2023</b>								
		RA: 05 <sup>h</sup> 41 <sup>m</sup> 38.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Orion							
		Dec: -02° 13' 56"	Type: E & R Nebula							
		Size: 10.0'	Mag:							
		NGC 2023 is a bright emission and reflection nebula.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

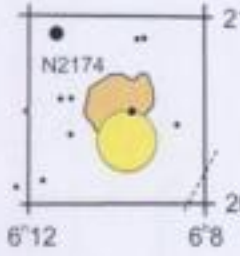

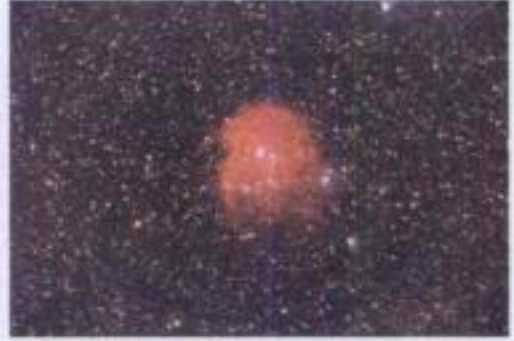
		<b>NGC 1990</b>								
		RA: 05 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 14.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Orion							
		Dec: -01° 11' 55"	Type: E & R Nebula							
		Size: 50.0'	Mag:							
		NGC 1990 is an emission and reflection nebula. Object has low surface brightness.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

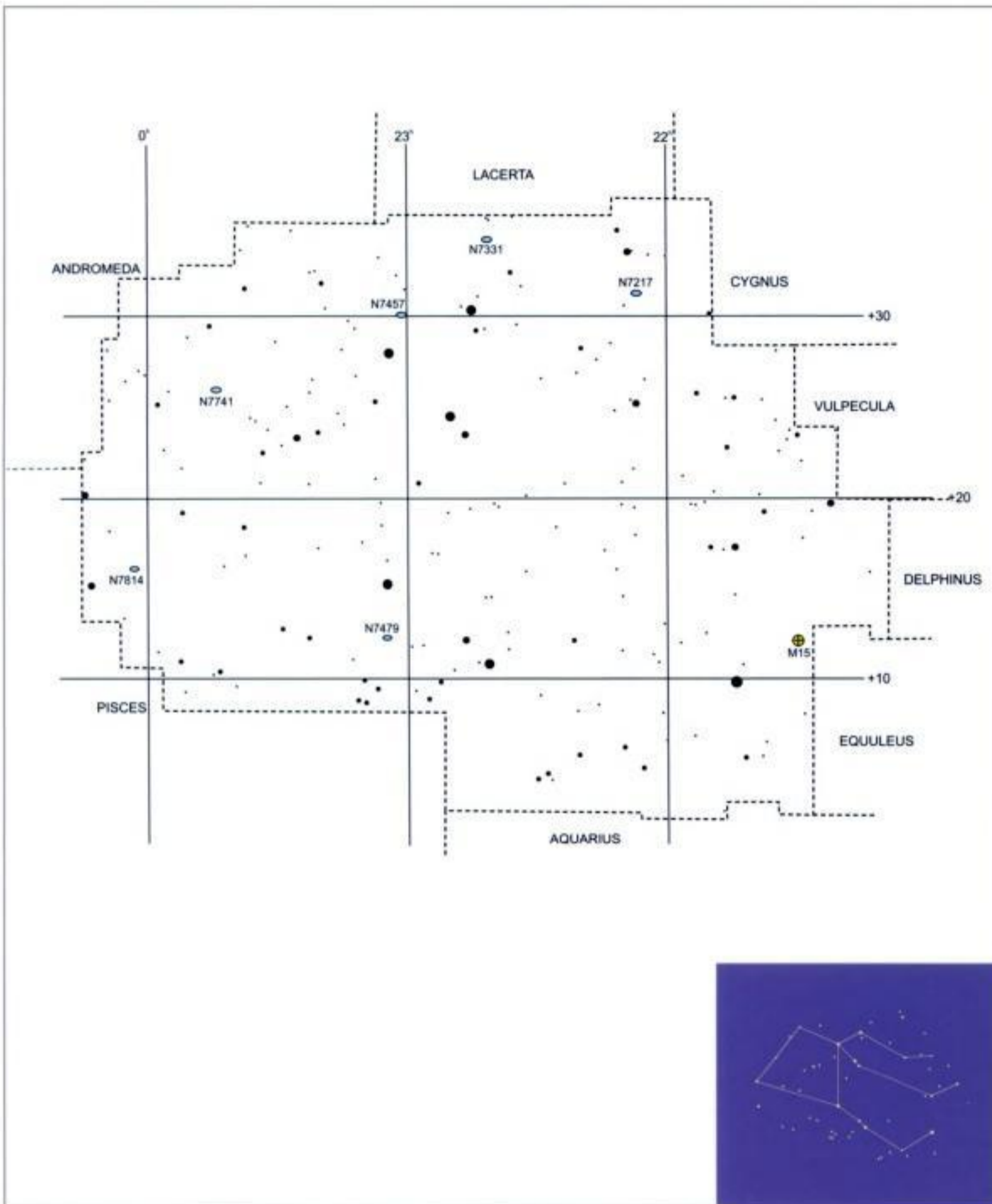
		<b>NGC 2169</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 08 <sup>m</sup> 26.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Orion							
		Dec: 13° 56' 59"	Type: Open Cluster							
		Size: 7.0'	Mag: 5.9							
		NGC 2169 is a bright, open cluster with no central concentration. Object is moderately rich in stars.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2141</b>								
		RA: 06 <sup>h</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 8.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Orion							
		Dec: 10° 26' 00"	Type: Open Cluster							
		Size: 10.0'	Mag: 9.4							
		NGC 2141 is a rich open cluster.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M42 (NGC 1976)</b>								
		RA: 05 <sup>h</sup> 35 <sup>m</sup> 26.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Orion							
		Dec: -05° 26' 55"	Type: Emission Nebula							
		Size: 66.0'	Mag: 4.0							
		M42 (NGC 1976) "the Great Orion Nebula" is a glowing cloud of ionized gas, energized by hot young stars in its central region.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 2071</b>									
		RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 47 <sup>m</sup> 14.5 <sup>s</sup>								
		Dec:	00° 18' 03"	Type:	Reflection Nebula						
		Size:	4.0'	Mag:							
		<p>NGC 2071 is located north of M78 and is a faint reflection nebula.</p>									
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

		<b>NGC 2174/75 (Monkey Head Nebula)</b>									
		RA:	06 <sup>h</sup> 09 <sup>m</sup> 45.0 <sup>s</sup>								
		Dec:	20° 29' 59"	Type:	Emission Nebula						
		Size:	40.0'	Mag:							
		<p>NGC 2174 is found in the northern regions of the constellation. Object is a faint emission nebula surrounding the open cluster NGC 2175.</p>									
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



**PEGASUS**

**Constellation Facts:**

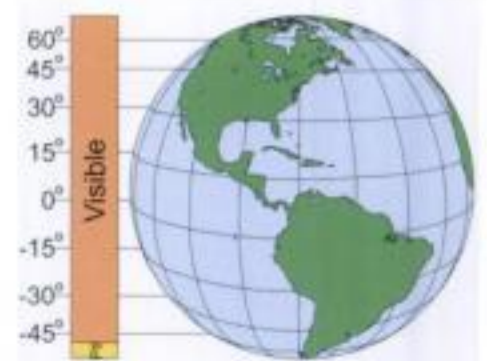
**Pegasus; (PEG-uh-suss)**

Pegasus, the Winged Horse.

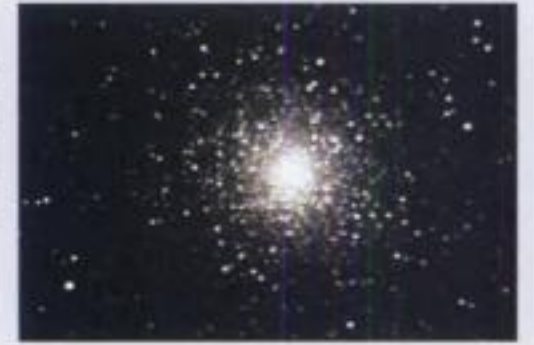
Pegasus rises in the northeastern sky, passes overhead near the zenith, and sets towards the northwest.

The constellation covers 1121 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 53° S. Partially visible from 53° S to 90° S.



	<b>M15 (NGC 7078)</b>									
	RA:	21 <sup>h</sup> 30 <sup>m</sup> 4.7 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus						
Dec:	12° 10' 21"	Type:	Globular Cluster							
Size:	12.3'	Mag:	6.4							
<p>M15 (NGC 7078) is a highly resolved globular cluster. M15 is not only an excellent example of a globular cluster, but is the only known cluster to contain a planetary nebula.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 7331</b>									
	RA:	22 <sup>h</sup> 37 <sup>m</sup> 10.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus						
Dec:	34° 25' 16"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
Size:	10.0' x 3.0'	Mag:	9.5							
<p>NGC 7331 is an Sb-type spiral galaxy that in the eyepiece appears elongated with a dusty, bright core.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 7320</b>									
	RA:	22 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 10.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus						
Dec:	33° 57' 17"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
Size:	0.4'	Mag:	12.7							
<p>NGC 7320 appears as an elongated galaxy in the eyepiece. Object is the brightest member of Stephan's Quintet.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 7317</b>									
	RA:	22 <sup>h</sup> 25 <sup>m</sup> 58.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus						
Dec:	33° 57' 17"	Type:	Elliptical Galaxy							
Size:	0.4'	Mag:	13.6							
<p>NGC 7317 is the second galaxy of Stephan's Quintet. Object is an elliptical galaxy and appears round in the eyepiece.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 7217</b>									
	RA:	22 <sup>h</sup> 07 <sup>m</sup> 58.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus						
Dec:	31° 22' 18"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
Size:	3.2' x 2.6'	Mag:	10.2							
<p>NGC 7217 appears as a round galaxy with a bright core, but is in fact an Sb-type spiral galaxy, appearing nearly face-on.</p>										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°



	<b>NGC 7332/39</b>										
	RA:	22 <sup>h</sup> 37 <sup>m</sup> 28.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus							
	Dec:	23° 48' 20"	Type:	Galaxies							
	Size:	3.5' x 1.0'/2.8' x 0.6'	Mag:	11.0/12.1							
<p>NGC 7332 is an elliptical galaxy. Found 10" south of Stephan's Quintet.          NGC 7339 is an edge-on barred spiral galaxy.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 7448</b>										
	RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 00 <sup>m</sup> 10.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus							
	Dec:	15° 59' 22"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	2.3' x 0.8'	Mag:	11.7							
<p>NGC 7448 is an Sc-type spiral galaxy, and is the brightest galaxy in its local group.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 7479</b>										
	RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 58.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus							
	Dec:	12° 19' 23"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	4.0' x 3.3'	Mag:	11.0							
<p>NGC 7479 is a large and impressive barred spiral galaxy.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

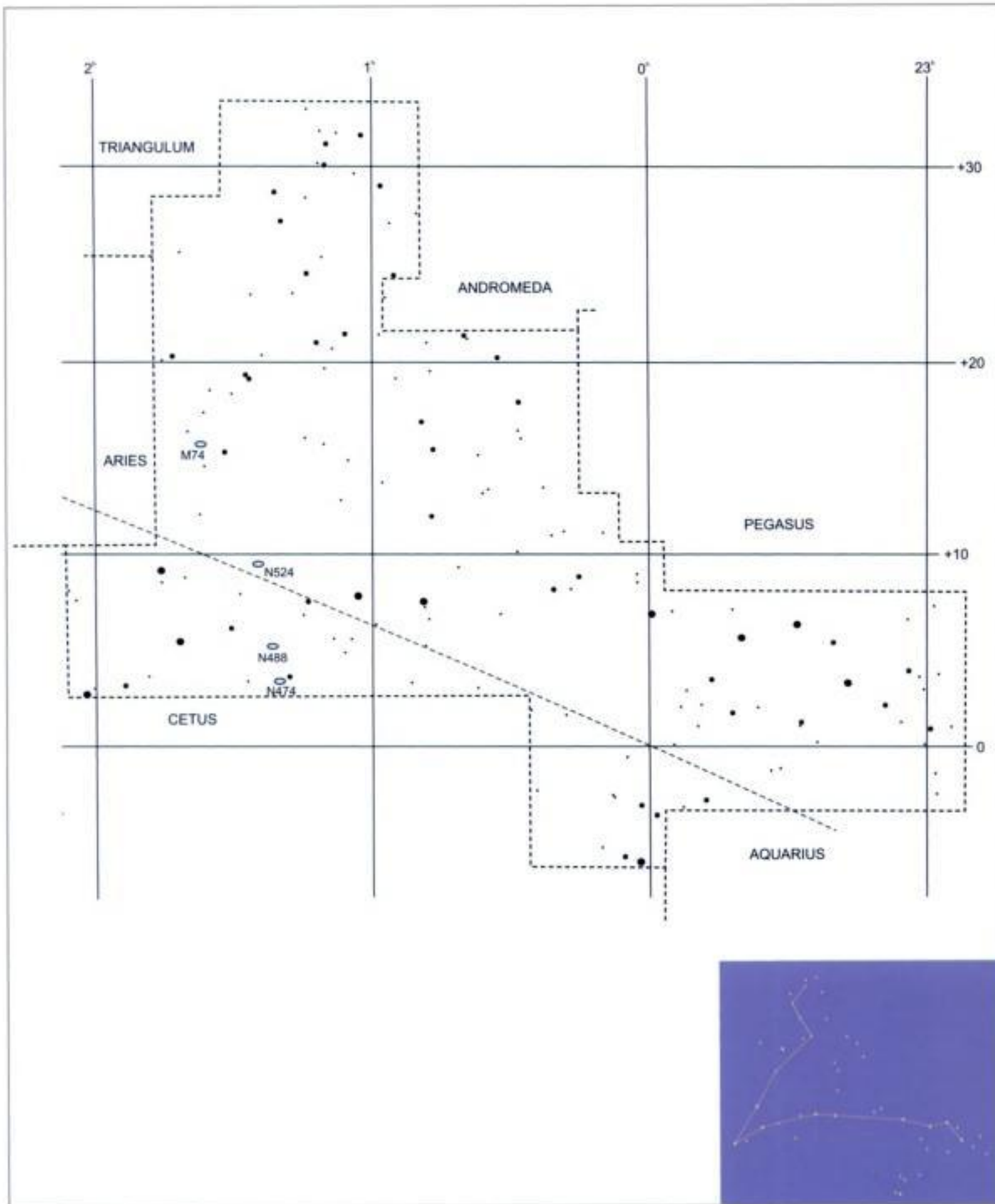


	<b>NGC 7741</b>										
	RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 58.3 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus							
	Dec:	26° 05' 19"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	3.8' x 2.9'	Mag:	11.4							
<p>NGC 7741 is a barred spiral.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 7814</b>										
	RA:	00 <sup>h</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 22.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pegasus							
	Dec:	16° 09' 21"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy							
	Size:	5.0' x 2.5'	Mag:	10.5							
<p>NGC 7814 is a bright edge-on Sb-type spiral galaxy.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	





**Star Magnitudes**

- 6
- 5
- 4
- 3
- 2
- 1
- 0
- -1

**Open Clusters**

- <30'
- >30'

**Globular Clusters**

- ⊕ <5'
- ⊕ 5'-10'
- ⊕ >10'

**Planetary Nebula**

- <30"
- 30"-60"
- >60"

**Bright Nebula**

- <10'
- >10'

**Galaxies**

- <10'
- 10'-20'
- 20'-30'
- >30'

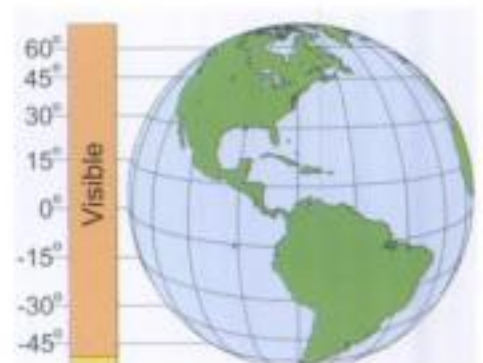
PISCES

**Constellation Facts:**

**Pisces; (PIE-sees)**

Pisces, the Fish.  
Constellation moves across the sky from east to west, crossing the meridian halfway between the horizon, and the zenith.  
The constellation covers 889 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 83° N to 56° S. Partially visible from 56° S to 90° S.



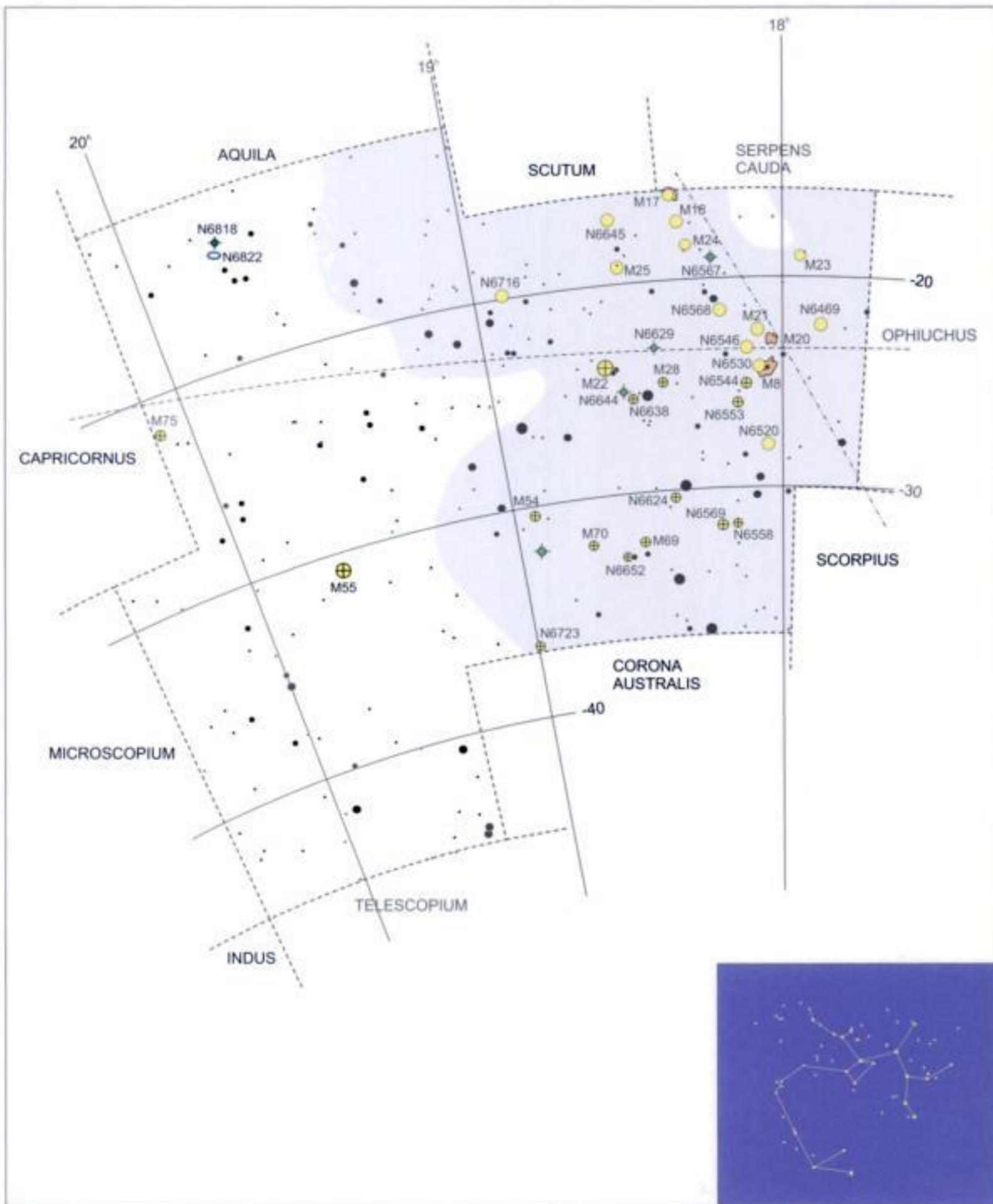


		<b>M74 (NGC 628)</b>			<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>01<sup>h</sup> 36<sup>m</sup> 45.8<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Pisces</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>15° 47' 19"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Spiral Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>11.0' x 9.0'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>9.2</td> </tr> </table>		RA:	01 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 45.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pisces	Dec:	15° 47' 19"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy	Size:	11.0' x 9.0'	Mag:	9.2		
		RA:	01 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 45.8 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Pisces														
Dec:	15° 47' 19"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy																	
Size:	11.0' x 9.0'	Mag:	9.2																	
<p>M74 (NGC 628) is a large and impressive face-on spiral galaxy.</p>																				
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10										
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°										

		<b>NGC 520</b>			<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>01<sup>h</sup> 24<sup>m</sup> 39.8<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Pisces</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>03° 48' 24"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Peculiar Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>4.0' x 2.0'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>11.2</td> </tr> </table>		RA:	01 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 39.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pisces	Dec:	03° 48' 24"	Type:	Peculiar Galaxy	Size:	4.0' x 2.0'	Mag:	11.2		
		RA:	01 <sup>h</sup> 24 <sup>m</sup> 39.8 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Pisces														
Dec:	03° 48' 24"	Type:	Peculiar Galaxy																	
Size:	4.0' x 2.0'	Mag:	11.2																	
<p>NGC 520 appears as an elongated galaxy with a bright core. Object is found 8° south of NGC 514.</p>																				
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10										
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°										

		<b>NGC 488</b>			<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>01<sup>h</sup> 21<sup>m</sup> 51.8<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Pisces</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>05° 15' 24"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Spiral Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>5.0' x 4.0'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>10.3</td> </tr> </table>		RA:	01 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 51.8 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pisces	Dec:	05° 15' 24"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy	Size:	5.0' x 4.0'	Mag:	10.3		
		RA:	01 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 51.8 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Pisces														
Dec:	05° 15' 24"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy																	
Size:	5.0' x 4.0'	Mag:	10.3																	
<p>NGC 488 appears as an elongated galaxy with a bright core. However, the object is an Sb-type spiral galaxy that is face-on to our line of sight.</p>																				
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10										
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°										

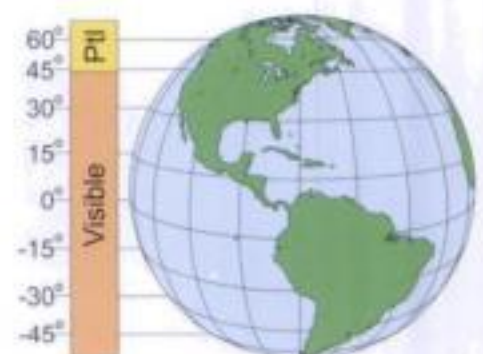
		<b>NGC 7541</b>			<table border="1"> <tr> <td>RA:</td> <td>23<sup>h</sup> 14<sup>m</sup> 46.4<sup>s</sup></td> <td>Con:</td> <td>Pisces</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec:</td> <td>04° 32' 26"</td> <td>Type:</td> <td>Spiral Galaxy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size:</td> <td>3.2' x 1.0'</td> <td>Mag:</td> <td>11.7</td> </tr> </table>		RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 46.4 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Pisces	Dec:	04° 32' 26"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy	Size:	3.2' x 1.0'	Mag:	11.7		
		RA:	23 <sup>h</sup> 14 <sup>m</sup> 46.4 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Pisces														
Dec:	04° 32' 26"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy																	
Size:	3.2' x 1.0'	Mag:	11.7																	
<p>NGC 7541 is an Sc-type spiral galaxy that appears very elongated in the eyepiece.</p>																				
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10										
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°										



**Constellation Facts:**  
**Sagittarius; (saj-ih-TAY-rih-us)**

Sagittarius, the Archer.  
 The constellation because of its southern declination appears to move southeast to southwest, never reaching far above the horizon.  
 The constellation covers 867 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 44° N to 90° S. Partially visible from 44° N to 80° N.



		<b>B-92</b>								
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 15 <sup>m</sup> 5.0 <sup>s</sup>							
		Dec:	-18° 14' 00"	Type:	Dark Nebula					
		Size:	15' x 9'	Mag:						
		Dark nebula elongated north and south. Sharply defined on its eastern edge.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>B-93</b>								
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 16 <sup>m</sup> 9.0 <sup>s</sup>							
		Dec:	-18° 04' 00"	Type:	Dark Nebula					
		Size:		Mag:						
		Sharply defined dark head, with a diffused tail that travels south.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 6822 (Barnard's Galaxy)</b>								
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 44 <sup>m</sup> 59.5 <sup>s</sup>							
		Dec:	-14° 47' 45"	Type:	Peculiar Galaxy					
		Size:	10.0'	Mag:	9.0					
		NGC 6822 also known as "Barnard's Galaxy" is located in the northeastern region of the constellation.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M8 (NGC 6523) "Lagoon Nebula"</b>								
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 53.8 <sup>s</sup>							
		Dec:	-24° 22' 58"	Type:	Emission Nebula					
		Size:	50' x 40'	Mag:	5.8					
		M8 (NGC 6523) known as the Lagoon Nebula, is a large and impressive emission nebula.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 6530</b>								
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 53.8 <sup>s</sup>							
		Dec:	-24° 19' 58"	Type:	Open Cluster					
		Size:	15.0'	Mag:	4.6					
		NGC 6530 is a rich open cluster inside the nebular complex M8.								
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 6445</b>								
		RA:	17 <sup>h</sup> 49 <sup>m</sup> 17.6 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Sagittarius			
		Dec:	-20° 01' 00"	Type: Planetary Nebula						
		Size:	0.6'	Mag: 13.0						
NGC 6445 is a small irregular planetary nebula.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>IC 1283/84</b>								
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 17 <sup>m</sup> 23.6 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Sagittarius			
		Dec:	-19° 43' 56"	Type: E & R Nebula						
		Size:	17' x 15'	Mag:						
IC 1283/84 is an emission and reflection nebula, irregularly shaped with many faint stars involved in the nebulosity.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>IC 4685</b>								
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 09 <sup>m</sup> 23.8 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Sagittarius			
		Dec:	-23° 58' 58"	Type: Reflection Nebula						
		Size:	10.0'	Mag:						
IC 4685 is a reflection nebula that is the largest member of a group of nebulae.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>IC 1275</b>								
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 5.8 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Sagittarius			
		Dec:	-23° 49' 58"	Type: Emission Nebula						
		Size:	10.0'	Mag:						
IC 1275 is defined on its northern border by B-91. Object is a small round nebula in a grouping of gas objects.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 6559</b>								
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 5.8 <sup>s</sup>			Con:	Sagittarius			
		Dec:	-24° 05' 58"	Type: Emission Nebula						
		Size:	8.0'	Mag:						
NGC 6559 is the largest nebular complex in a group of objects including IC 1275, IC 1284 and IC 1283.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

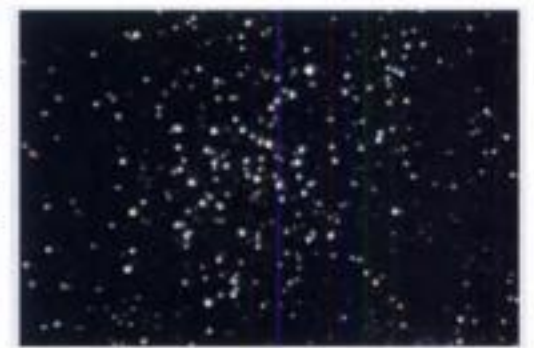
		<b>M20 (NGC 6514) "Trifid Nebula"</b>												
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 02 <sup>m</sup> 23.7 <sup>s</sup>											
		Dec:	-23° 01' 58"	Type:	E & R Nebula									
		Size:	29.0'	Mag:	6.3									
		<p>M20 (NGC 6514) known as the Trifid Nebula is located 1° northwest of M8.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				



		<b>M21 (NGC 6531)</b>												
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 41.7 <sup>s</sup>											
		Dec:	-22° 29' 58"	Type:	Open Cluster									
		Size:	13.0'	Mag:	5.9									
		<p>M21 (NGC 6531) is located less than 1° northeast of the Trifid Nebula. Object is a rich open cluster comprised of 50 stars.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				



		<b>M23 (NGC 6494)</b>												
		RA:	17 <sup>h</sup> 56 <sup>m</sup> 53.6 <sup>s</sup>											
		Dec:	-19° 00' 59"	Type:	Open Cluster									
		Size:	27.0'	Mag:	5.5									
		<p>M23 (NGC 6494) is a dense open cluster containing 120 stars.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				











		<b>M24 (NGC 6603) "Sag. Star Cloud"</b>												
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 29.5 <sup>s</sup>											
		Dec:	-18° 24' 56"	Type:	Open Cluster									
		Size:	5.0'	Mag:	11.0									
		<p>M24 (NGC 6603), known as the Sagittarius Star Cloud, is a dense open cluster found east of M23.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				

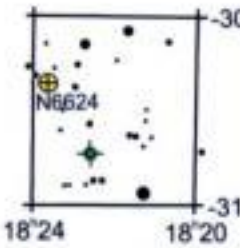





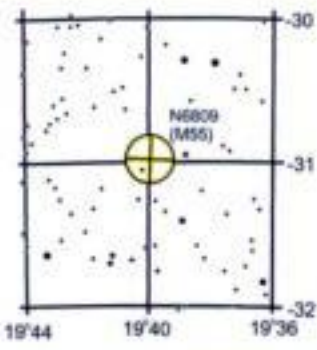



		<b>M25 (IC 4725)</b>												
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 41.6 <sup>s</sup>											
		Dec:	-19° 14' 54"	Type:	Open Cluster									
		Size:	32.0'	Mag:	4.0									
		<p>M25 (IC 4725) is a large, bright open cluster. Object is comprised of 80 stars.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10				
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°				

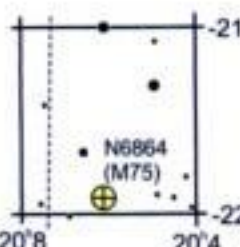





		<b>M69 (NGC 6637)</b>																			
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 30.2 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Sagittarius	Dec:	-32° 20' 55"	Type:	Globular Cluster	Size:	7.1'	Mag:	7.7	<p>M69 (NGC 6637) like M54 is located in the constellation's Teapot. Object is a globular cluster.</p>						
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10											
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°											

		<b>M70 (NGC 6681)</b>																			
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 43 <sup>m</sup> 18.2 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Sagittarius	Dec:	-32° 17' 53"	Type:	Globular Cluster	Size:	7.8'	Mag:	8.1	<p>M70 (NGC 6681) is another globular cluster located in the constellation's Teapot.</p>						
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10											
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°											

		<b>NGC 6624</b>																			
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 23 <sup>m</sup> 48.1 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Sagittarius	Dec:	-30° 21' 56"	Type:	Globular Cluster	Size:	5.9'	Mag:	8.3	<p>NGC 6624 is the fourth globular cluster located in the Teapot.</p>						
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10											
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°											

		<b>M55 (NGC 6809)</b>																			
		RA:	19 <sup>h</sup> 40 <sup>m</sup> 6.1 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Sagittarius	Dec:	-30° 57' 45"	Type:	Globular Cluster	Size:	19.0'	Mag:	7.0	<p>M55 (NGC 6809) is a highly resolved globular cluster, located east of the Teapot asterism.</p>						
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10											
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°											

		<b>M75 (NGC 6864)</b>																			
		RA:	20 <sup>h</sup> 06 <sup>m</sup> 11.7 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Sagittarius	Dec:	-21° 54' 42"	Type:	Globular Cluster	Size:	6.0'	Mag:	8.6	<p>M75 (NGC 6864) is a bright globular cluster that is difficult to resolve into individual stars.</p>						
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10											
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°											

	<b>IC 4606</b>										
	RA:	16 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 40.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Scorpius							
	Dec:	-26° 03' 09"	Type:	Reflection Nebula							
	Size:	60' x 40'	Mag:								
	IC 4606 is a large reflection nebula that surrounds Antares.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>Sh2-13</b>										
	RA:	17 <sup>h</sup> 29 <sup>m</sup> 6.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Scorpius							
	Dec:	-31° 33' 0.0"	Type:	Emission Nebula							
	Size:	40' x 35'	Mag:								
	Sh2-13 is a large emission nebula that is associated with many other nebulosities in the region. Object is part of a dense star field.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>Sh2-9</b>										
	RA:	16 <sup>h</sup> 31 <sup>m</sup> 6.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Scorpius							
	Dec:	-25° 35' 0.0"	Type:	E & R Nebula							
	Size:	60.0' x 15.0'	Mag:								
	Sh2-9 is a diffuse emission and reflection nebula.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>IC 4601</b>										
	RA:	16 <sup>h</sup> 20 <sup>m</sup> 3.9 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Scorpius							
	Dec:	-20° 02' 10"	Type:	Reflection Nebula							
	Size:	20.0' x 10.0'	Mag:								
	IC 4601 is a reflection nebula, where the nebula is most prominent around the 7 <sup>th</sup> magnitude star.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



	<b>NGC 6334 "Cat Paw Nebula"</b>										
	RA:	17 <sup>h</sup> 20 <sup>m</sup> 34.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Scorpius							
	Dec:	-35° 43' 05"	Type:	Emission Nebula							
	Size:	35.0' x 20.0'	Mag:								
	NGC 6334 known as the Cat Paw Nebula is a large emission nebula that is bisected several times by dark lanes divides object into 4 lobes.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



		<b>IC4628</b>								
		RA:	16° 57' 4.7"			Con:	Scorpius			
		Dec:	-40° 20' 07"			Type:	Emission Nebula			
		Size:	90'x60'			Mag:				
IC4628 appears elongated, and is irregular in shape.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

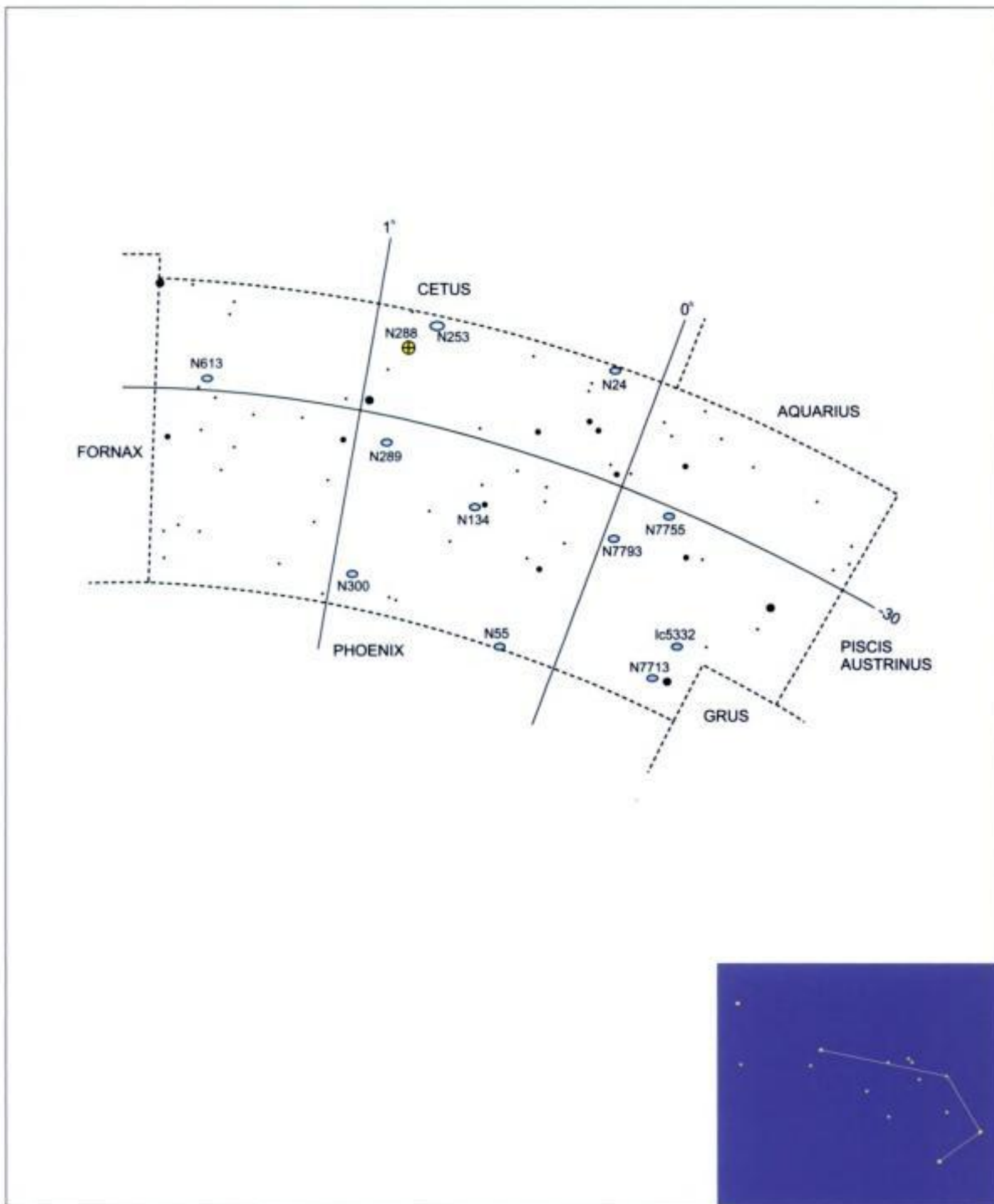
		<b>M80 (NGC6093)</b>								
		RA:	16° 17' 4.1"			Con:	Scorpius			
		Dec:	-22° 59' 10"			Type:	Globular Cluster			
		Size:	8.9'			Mag:	7.2			
M80 (NGC-6093) is a mottled globular cluster.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M7 (NGC 6475)</b>								
		RA:	17° 53' 58.6"			Con:	Scorpius			
		Dec:	-34° 49' 02"			Type:	Open Cluster			
		Size:	80.0'			Mag:	3.3			
M7 (NGC 6475) is a bright, scattered open cluster. Object contains about 130 stars.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M6 (NGC 6405) "Butterfly Cluster"</b>								
		RA:	17° 40' 10.4"			Con:	Scorpius			
		Dec:	-32° 13' 03"			Type:	Open Cluster			
		Size:	15.0'			Mag:	4.2'			
M6 (NGC 6405) known as the Butterfly Cluster, is a rich open cluster containing 132 stars and is found 3.5° northwest of M7.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>Sh2-1</b>								
		RA:	15° 58' 50.0"			Con:	Scorpius			
		Dec:	-26° 09' 0.0"			Type:	Reflection Nebula			
		Size:	90' x 10'			Mag:				
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°





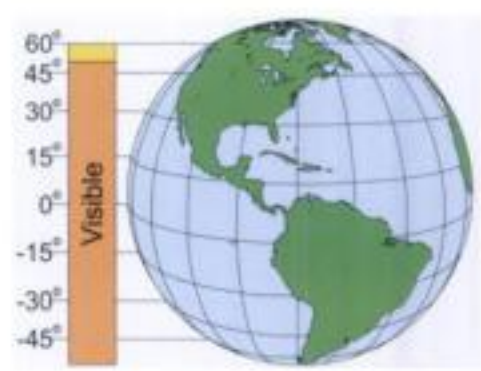
Star Magnitudes	
•	6
•	5
•	4
•	3
•	2
•	1
•	0
•	-1
Open Clusters	
○	<30'
○	>30'
Globular Clusters	
⊕	<5'
⊕	5'-10'
⊕	>10'
Planetary Nebula	
●	<30"
●	30"-60"
●	>60"
Bright Nebula	
■	<10'
■	>10'
Galaxies	
○	<10'
○	10'-20'
○	20'-30'
○	>30'

**SCULPTOR**

**Constellation Facts:**  
**Sculptor; (SKULPT-tor)**

Constellation remains very low on the horizon, rising in the southeast and setting in the southwest. The constellation covers 475 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 50° N to 90° S. Partially visible from 50° N to 60° N.

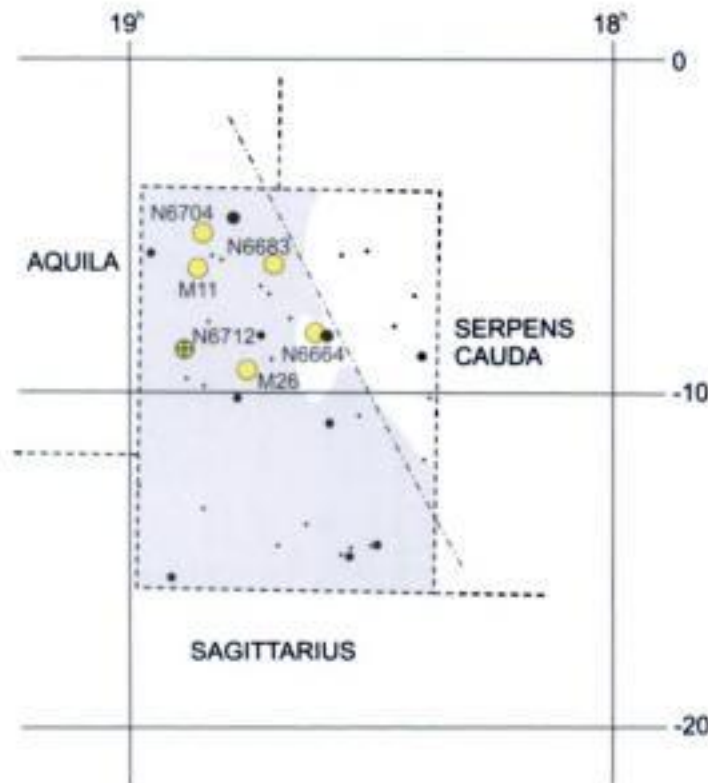


Sct

Crosses Prime Meridian:

July thru August

SUMMER



Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



SCUTUM

**Constellation Facts:**

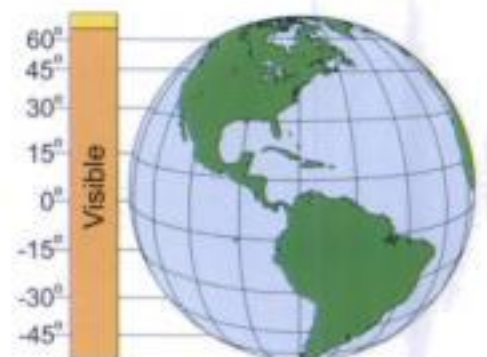
**Scutum; (SKU-tum)**

Scutum, the Shield.

Scutum is a small constellation that is located just south of the celestial equator in a rich area of the Milky Way. The stars rise close to the eastern point on the horizon, pass the meridian about halfway between the horizon and the zenith, and set towards the west.

The constellation covers 109 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 74° N to 90° S. Partially visible from 74° N to 80° N.



	<b>M11 (NGC 6705) "Wild Duck Cluster"</b>											
	RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 51 <sup>m</sup> 11.1 <sup>s</sup>										Con:
	Dec:	-06° 15' 51"	Type:	Open Cluster								
	Size:	14.0'	Mag:	5.8								
<p>M11 (NGC 6705) is a dense, rich open cluster known as the Wild Duck Cluster. Object is found on the northern edge of the Scutum Star Cloud.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		

	<b>M26 (NGC 6694)</b>											
	RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 45 <sup>m</sup> 17.3 <sup>s</sup>										Con:
	Dec:	-09° 23' 51"	Type:	Open Cluster								
	Size:	15.0'	Mag:	8.0								
<p>M26 (NGC 6694) is a rich open cluster containing 30 stars.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		

	<b>NGC 6712</b>											
	RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 53 <sup>m</sup> 11.3 <sup>s</sup>										Con:
	Dec:	-08° 41' 50"	Type:	Globular Cluster								
	Size:	7.2'	Mag:	8.2								
<p>NGC 6712 is a highly resolved globular cluster. Object is found 2" east and north of M26.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		

	<b>IC 1295</b>											
	RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 54 <sup>m</sup> 41.2 <sup>s</sup>										Con:
	Dec:	-08° 49' 50"	Type:	Planetary Nebula								
	Size:	1.4'	Mag:	15.0								
<p>IC 1295 is a small, faint planetary nebula.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		

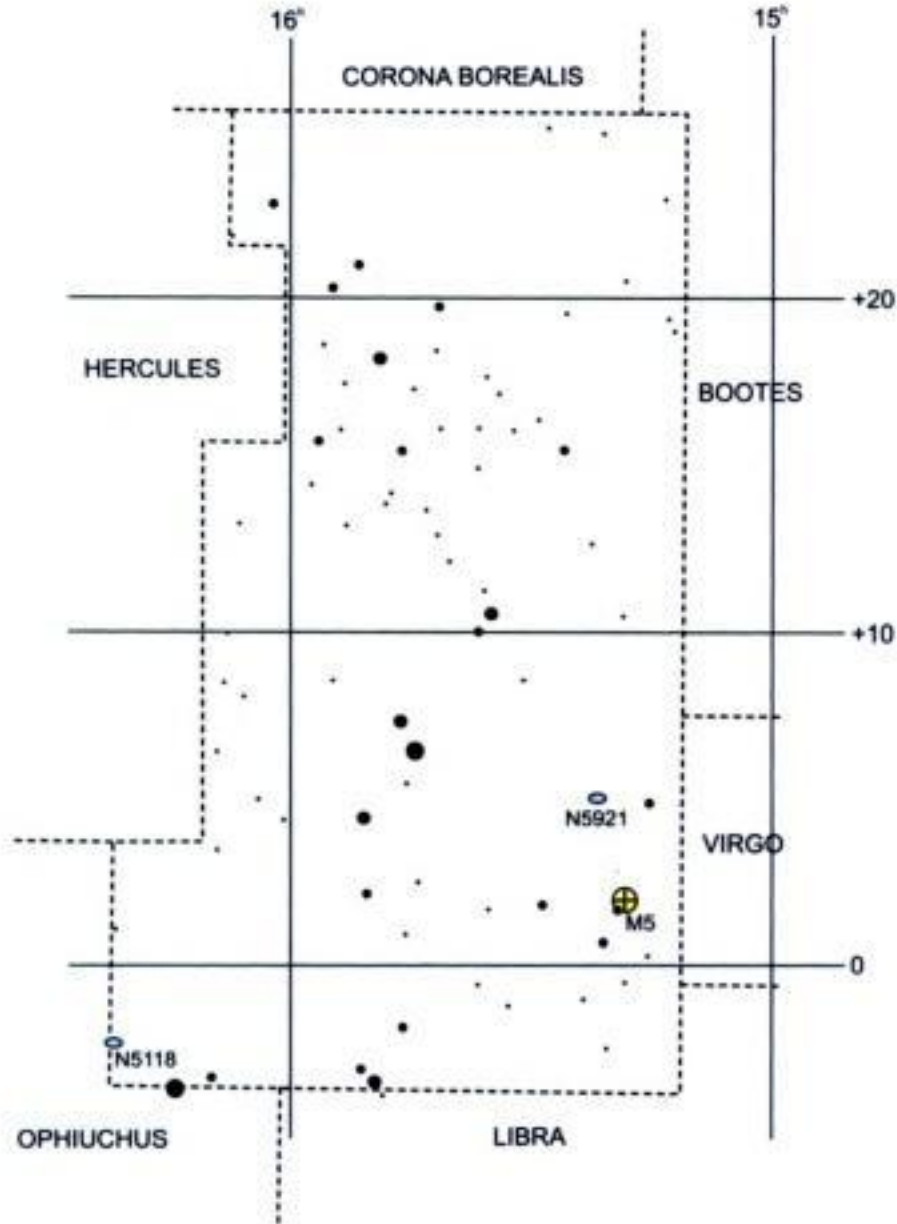
	<b>NGC 6664</b>											
	RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 36 <sup>m</sup> 47.3 <sup>s</sup>										Con:
	Dec:	-08° 12' 52"	Type:	Open Cluster								
	Size:	16.0'	Mag:	7.8								
<p>NGC 6664 is a bright, scattered open cluster. Object contains 50 stars.</p>												
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10		
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°		

Ser

Crosses Prime Meridian:

June thru August

SPRING



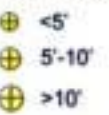
Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



SERPENS CAPUT



**Constellation Facts:**

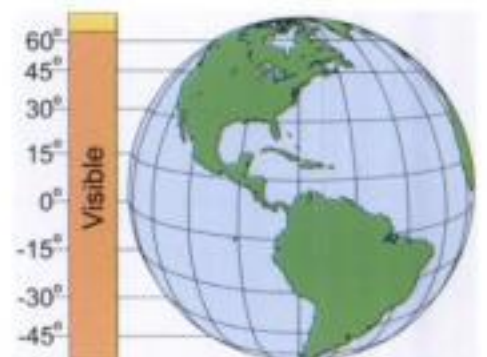
**Serpens; (SIR-pens)**

Serpens, the Serpent.

The constellation rises around the eastern point of the horizon, passes the meridian halfway between the horizon and the zenith, and sets towards the west.

The constellation covers 637 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 74° N to 64° S. Partially visible from 74° N to 90° N.

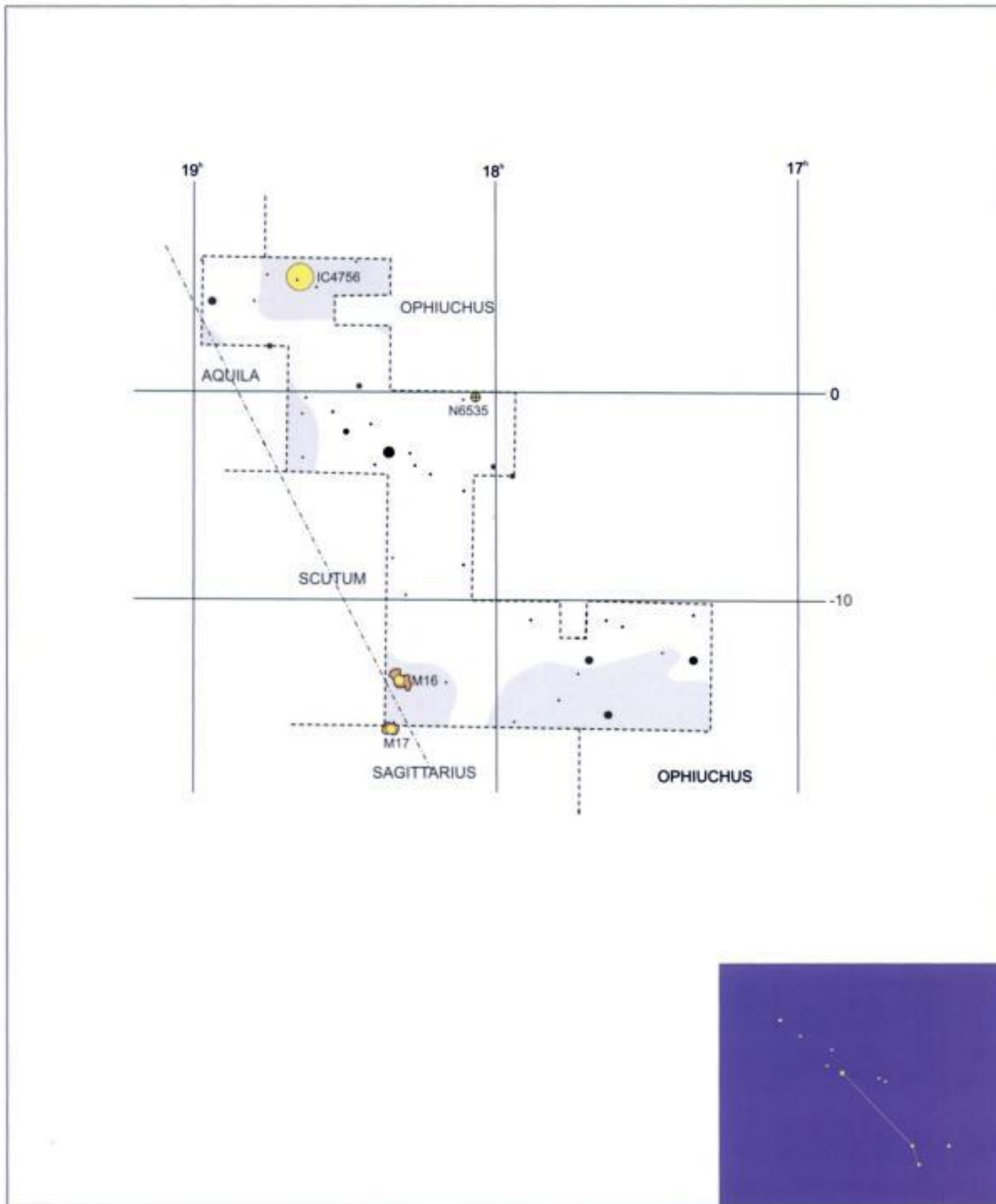


Ser

Crosses Prime Meridian:

June thru August

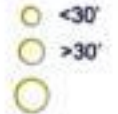
SPRING



Star Magnitudes



Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



**SERPENS CAUDA**

**Constellation Facts:**

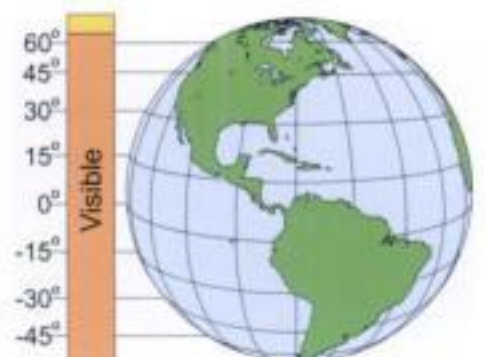
**Serpens; (SIR-pens)**

Serpens, the Serpent.

The constellation rises around the eastern point of the horizon, passes the meridian halfway between the horizon and the zenith, and sets towards the west.

The constellation covers 637 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 74° N to 64° S. Partially visible from 74° N to 90° N.



		<b>NGC 6118</b>													
		RA:	16 <sup>h</sup> 21 <sup>m</sup> 52.7 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Serpens Caput									
		Dec:	-02° 17' 06"	Type:	Spiral Galaxy										
		Size:	4.9' x 2.3'	Mag:	12.0										
		<p>NGC 6118 is an Sb-type spiral galaxy that, in the eyepiece appears very large and has low surface brightness.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					



		<b>M5 (NGC 5904)</b>													
		RA:	15 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 40.3 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Serpens Caput									
		Dec:	02° 04' 49"	Type:	Globular Cluster										
		Size:	17.4'	Mag:	5.8										
		<p>M5 (NGC 5904) is a highly resolved globular cluster.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					



		<b>M16 (NGC 6611) "Eagle Nebula"</b>													
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 53.4 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Serpens Cauda									
		Dec:	-13° 46' 55"	Type:	Nebula & Cluster										
		Size:	35.0'	Mag:	6.0										
		<p>M16 (NGC 6611) is known as the Eagle Nebula. Large emission nebula with associated open cluster.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					

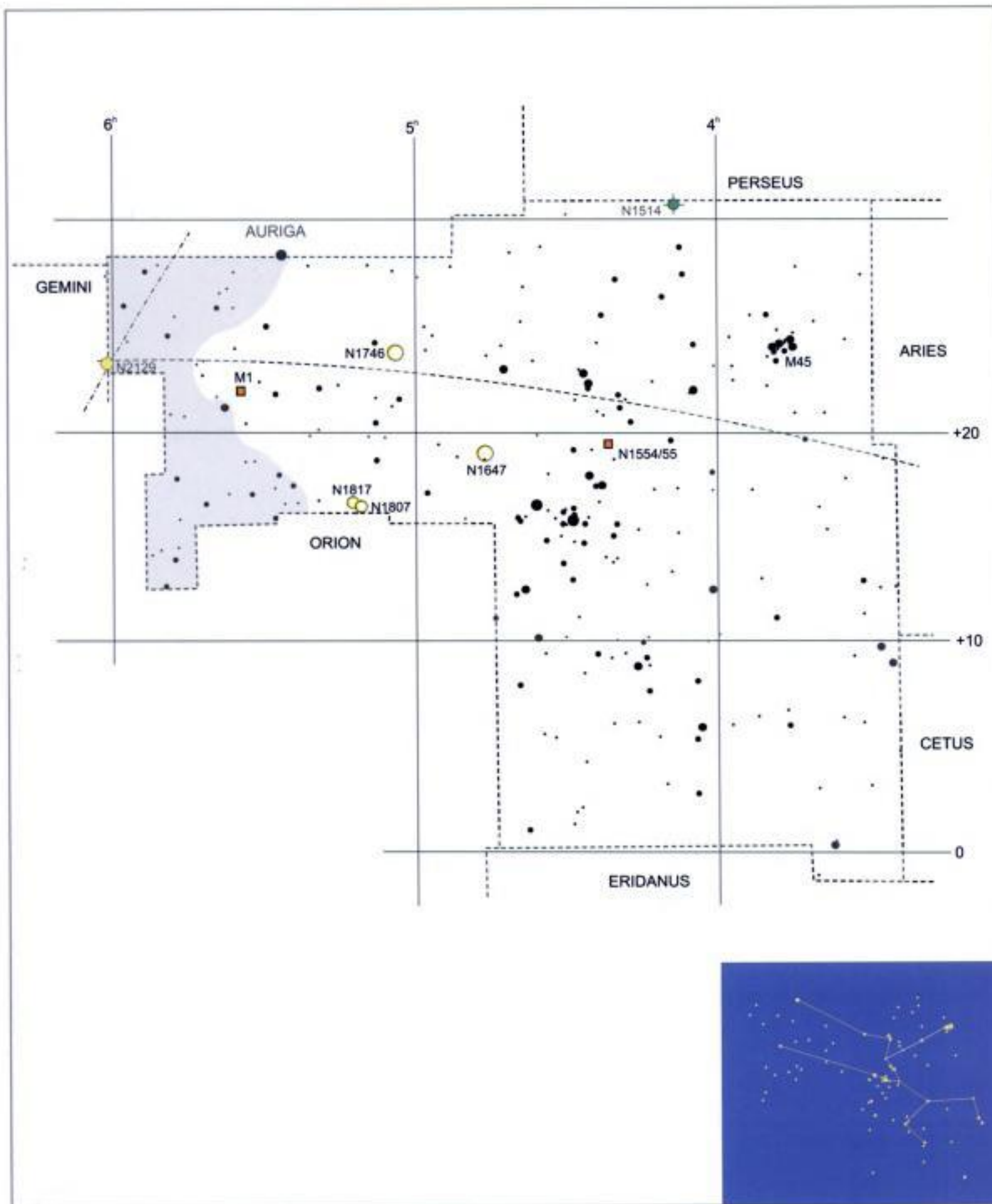


		<b>NGC 6539</b>													
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 04 <sup>m</sup> 53.2 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Serpens Cauda									
		Dec:	-07° 34' 56"	Type:	Globular Cluster										
		Size:	6.9'	Mag:	9.6										
		<p>NGC 6539 is an unresolved globular cluster.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					



		<b>NGC 6604</b>													
		RA:	18 <sup>h</sup> 18 <sup>m</sup> 11.3 <sup>s</sup>		Con:	Serpens Cauda									
		Dec:	-12° 13' 55"	Type:	Cluster & Nebula										
		Size:	60.0'	Mag:	6.5										
		<p>NGC 6604 is a large open cluster with associated nebulosity.</p>													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					





**Star Magnitudes**

- 6
- 5
- 4
- 3
- 2
- 1
- 0
- -1

**Open Clusters**

- <30'
- >30'

**Globular Clusters**

- ⊕ <5'
- ⊕ 5'-10'
- ⊕ >10'

**Planetary Nebula**

- <30"
- 30"-60"
- >60"

**Bright Nebula**

- <10'
- >10'

**Galaxies**

- <10'
- 10'-20'
- 20'-30'
- >30'

TAURUS

**Constellation Facts:**

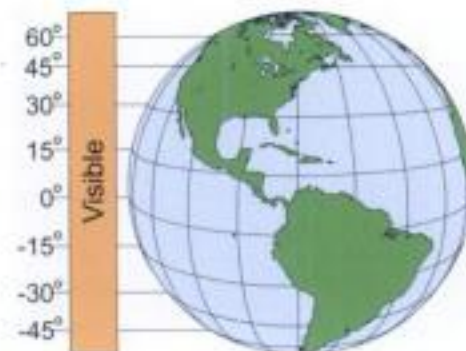
**Taurus; (TAW-rus)**

Taurus, the Bull.

This constellation rises in the northeast, crosses the meridian high in the southern sky, and sets in the northwest.

The constellation covers 797 square degrees.

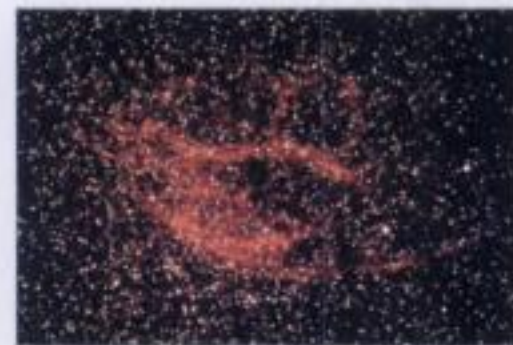
Constellation is visible from 88° N to 58° S. Partially visible from 58° S to 90° S.



<p>Map Scaled to Fit</p>	<b>IC 353</b>										
	RA:	03 <sup>h</sup> 55 <sup>m</sup> 3.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Taurus							
	Dec:	25° 29' 08"	Type:	Reflection Nebula							
	Size:	180.0'	Mag:								
<p>IC 353 is a large reflection nebula that is part of a greater nebula complex.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



<p>Map Scaled to Fit</p>	<b>Sh2-240</b>										
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 39 <sup>m</sup> 6.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Taurus							
	Dec:	28° 00' 00"	Type:	Emission Nebula							
	Size:	200' x 180'	Mag:								
<p>Sh2-240 is a super nova remnant that displays filamentary structure.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



<p>Map Scaled to Fit</p>	<b>M45 "The Pleiades"</b>										
	RA:	03 <sup>h</sup> 47 <sup>m</sup> 3.5 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Taurus							
	Dec:	24° 07' 09"	Type:	Nebula & Cluster							
	Size:	110.0'	Mag:	1.2							
<p>M45 known as the Pleiades. The brightest stars are called the "Seven Sisters". Some of the stars are surrounded by a blue reflection nebula.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



<p>Map Scaled to Fit</p>	<b>NGC 1647</b>										
	RA:	04 <sup>h</sup> 46 <sup>m</sup> 3.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Taurus							
	Dec:	19° 04' 05"	Type:	Open Cluster							
	Size:	45.0'	Mag:	6.4							
<p>NGC 1647 is a bright, scattered open cluster. Object contains about 200 stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	



<p>Map Scaled to Fit</p>	<b>NGC 1746</b>										
	RA:	05 <sup>h</sup> 03 <sup>m</sup> 39.2 <sup>s</sup>	Con:	Taurus							
	Dec:	23° 49' 03"	Type:	Open Cluster							
	Size:	42.0'	Mag:	6.0							
<p>NGC 1746 is a bright, scattered open cluster. Object contains about 20 stars.</p>											
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10	
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°	

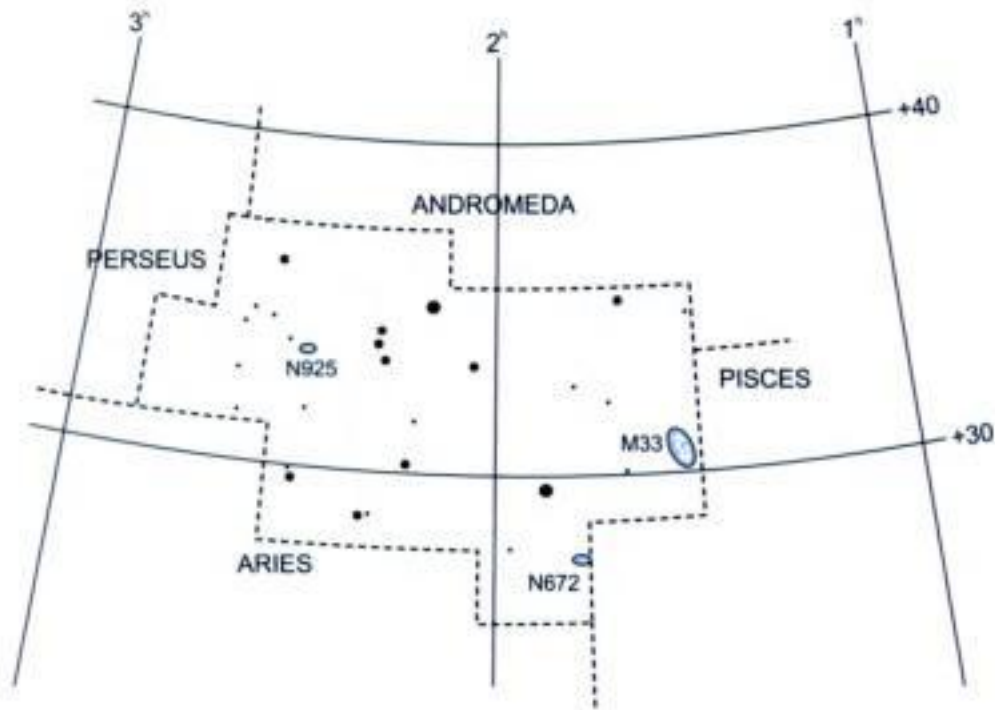




		<b>NGC 1807/17</b>													
		RA: 05 <sup>h</sup> 10 <sup>m</sup> 45.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Taurus												
		Dec: 16° 32' 04"	Type: Open Cluster												
		Size: 17.0'	Mag: 7.0'												
		NGC 1807/17 are two bright, scattered open clusters, separated by only a few degrees.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					

		<b>NGC 1514</b>													
		RA: 04 <sup>h</sup> 09 <sup>m</sup> 15.6 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Taurus												
		Dec: 30° 47' 05"	Type: Planetary Nebula												
		Size: 1.9'	Mag: 10.0'												
		NGC 1514 is a bright planetary nebula, with a central star.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					

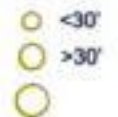
		<b>M1 (NGC 1952) "Crab Nebula"</b>													
		RA: 05 <sup>h</sup> 34 <sup>m</sup> 33.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Taurus												
		Dec: 22° 01' 01"	Type: SNR Nebula												
		Size: 6.0'	Mag: 8.4												
		M1 (NGC 1952) known as the Crab Nebula which is a super nova remnant.													
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10					
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°					



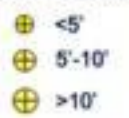
Star Magnitudes



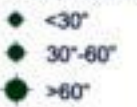
Open Clusters



Globular Clusters



Planetary Nebula



Bright Nebula



Galaxies



**TRIANGULUM**



**Constellation Facts:**

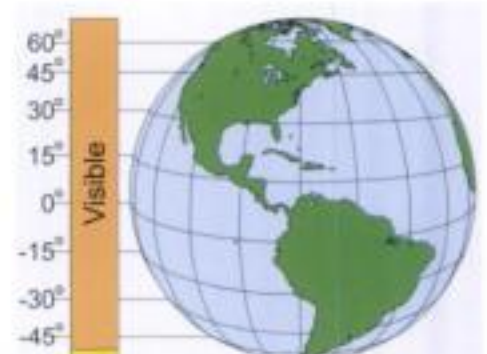
**Triangulum; (tri-AN-gue-lum)**

Triangulum, the Triangle.

This small constellation is located between Andromeda and Aries.

The constellation covers 132 square degrees.

Constellation is visible from 90° N to 52° S. Partially visible from 52° S to 90° S.



		<b>NGC 672</b>								
		RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 47 <sup>m</sup> 58.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Triangulum							
		Dec: 27° 26' 15"	Type: Barred Spiral							
		Size: 7.0' x 2.2'	Mag: 10.8							
NGC 672 is a bright barred spiral galaxy, which is the brightest galaxy in its local group.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>IC 1727</b>								
		RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 47 <sup>m</sup> 34.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Triangulum							
		Dec: 27° 20' 15"	Type: Galaxy							
		Size: 6.0' x 3.0'	Mag: 11.0							
IC 1727 is a close companion galaxy of NGC 672.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>M33 (NGC 598) "Triangulum Galaxy"</b>								
		RA: 01 <sup>h</sup> 33 <sup>m</sup> 58.1 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Triangulum							
		Dec: 30° 39' 14"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 64.0' x 35.0'	Mag: 5.7							
M33 (NGC 598) known as the Triangulum Galaxy is a large face-on spiral galaxy.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

		<b>NGC 925</b>								
		RA: 02 <sup>h</sup> 27 <sup>m</sup> 22.0 <sup>s</sup>	Con: Triangulum							
		Dec: 33° 35' 11"	Type: Spiral Galaxy							
		Size: 10.0' x 5.0'	Mag: 10.0							
NGC 925 is a large Sb-type spiral galaxy. Object is faint and is difficult to observe.										
Telescope Aperture:	4" f/5	4" f/9	6" f/7	6" f/9	8" f/6.3	8" f/10	10" f/6.3	10" f/10	12" f/6.3	12" f/10
FOV(35mm film):	2.7° x 4.1°	1.50° x 2.26°	1.29° x 1.93°	1.0° x 1.50°	1.07° x 1.61°	0.68° x 1.02°	0.86° x 1.29°	0.54° x 0.81°	0.72° x 1.07°	0.45° x 0.68°

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**Jess Gilmour** is based in Ontario, Canada, and has been observing the night sky for 25 years.

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